# The Economist,

## WEEKLY COMMERCIAL TIMES,

### Bankers' Gazette, and Railway Monitor:

A POLITICAL, LITERARY, AND GENERAL NEWSPAPER.

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## The Political Economist.

*TO ADVERTISERS.—To secure insertion, advertisements for the ECONOMIST must be forwarded to the office by 5 o'clock p.m. on Fridays.*

*The* INVESTOR'S MANUAL *is now sold separately, price 9d stamped, 8d unstamped. If taken as a* SUPPLEMENT *to the* ECONOMIST, *it remains at its former price, 6d. In addition to the information formerly given, it gives a concise summary of the Reports of the Companies for the present year as will enable Investors to judge of their position.*

### MORTGAGE DEBENTURE COMPANIES.

PARLIAMENT last session passed an Act enabling limited companies, on certain conditions, to issue Mortgage Debentures based on real security and transferable by a simple process, and it is of importance to observe what is the nature of the facilities given by the Government, and what is likely to be their effect.

The Act is a very cautious one, framed after much inquiry and discussion, and studiously guards against every sort of evil which might possibly be imagined to follow from such legislation. First, it limits the nature of the company which can take advantage of it; it must be a company lending *only* on real security; and next it defines the nature of that security: it enacts:—"5. The securities upon and in respect of which such mortgage debentures may be founded and issued shall be securities affecting property in *England* or *Wales* of the following descriptions:—

*(a.)* Lands, messuages, hereditaments, or real property, or some estate or interests therein.

*(b.)* Rates, dues, assessments, or impositions upon the owners or occupiers of lands, messuages, hereditaments, or real property, imposed by or under the authority of any Act of Parliament, public or private, Royal Charter, Commission of Sewers or Drainage, or other sufficient legal authority.

*(c.)* Charges upon or affecting lands, messuages, hereditaments, or real property executed, made, given, or issued under the authority of any Act of Parliament, public or private.

But, from the securities described in paragraph *(a.)* shall be excepted securities upon mines or mineral property, quarries, brickfields, and factories, mills, and other buildings or works for manufacturing purposes, and also securities upon leasehold estates, determinable upon a life or lives, and not renewable or held for a term of which, at the date of the security, less than fifty years shall be unexpired, or which are subject to any rent beyond a nominal rent or a ground rent."

Next, these securities are to be deposited with the office of land registry, established under Lord Westbury's Act, not that there is of necessity to be any such investigation and warranty of title as that Act prescribes and affords to lands legitimately subject to it, but only that it may be certain that the mortgages have really been executed which are made the basis of the issue debentures. The Registrar is not to certify the goodness of the securities deposited with him, but only their existence. Next, such securities are to be valued by a competent person, so that their value and their existence, though not their legal validity, are to be ascertained by compulsory investigation.

"Upon these securities," the Act proceeds, "so from time to time registered, the company may found and issue its mortgage debentures, but so that the aggregate principal sum secured by all the mortgage debentures shall never exceed at any one time the then total amount (to be ascertained in the manner hereinafter provided) of the registered securities of the company, and also shall never exceed ten times the amount for the time being uncalled of its subscribed share capital." All such registered securities are to be charged with the payment of these mortgages, and so long as they remain in the hands of the Registrar cannot be used for any other purpose, or be made the basis of any conflicting securities.

"28. The mortgage debentures shall be for the payment of principal sums at a fixed time, to be named therein, not less than six months nor exceeding ten years from the date, with interest thereon in the meantime, at such rate as may be agreed, payable half-yearly or otherwise; and no mortgage debenture shall be issued for a less principal sum than fifty pounds.

"29. The mortgage debentures shall be numbered consecutively, begining with number one, and every mortgage debenture shall be distinguished by its appropriate number; and notwithstanding the cancellation, loss, or destruction of a mortgage debenture, no other mortgage debenture shall bear the number of that so cancelled, lost, or destroyed.

"30. There shall be endorsed upon every mortgage debenture issued under the provisions of this Act,—

*(a.)* The amount of the nominal capital of the company issuing the same.

*(b.)* The number and amount of the shares into which such capital is divided.

*(c.)* The number of shares issued and the amount paid up in money upon each share so issued.

*(d.)* The amount of the registered securities of the company as declared by the last quarterly return.

*(e.)* The registered office of the company.

Provided that any inaccuracies or omissions in such indorsements shall not affect or invalidate the debenture."

These debentures are transferable by endorsement in the following form:—

"FORM (E.)

FORM OF TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE DEBENTURE.

"I *A.B.* of in consideration of *l* *(state true consideration)* hereby transfer to *C.D.* of his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, the within Mortgage Debenture. (Signed) *A.B.*"

And the company is before it begins business to deposit full returns of its nature in the Registry Office, and while it continues in business, to furnish quarterly accounts of all it does.

We own that we have great doubts as the expediency of all these provisions and especially of the deposit of the securities with the Registrar under Lord Westbury's Act. We fear that this registry will give an impression that the title of the lands registered is as good and indefeasible as that of the titles with which Lord Westbury's Act is properly concerned. Holders of debentures will fancy that the securities deposited have a peculiar Parliamentary title, whereas they have no such title at all, and may be waste paper if the legal advisers of the company have made an error. We see no necessity for this apparatus of formalities. After all these formalities, the security for the goodness of such debentures is the competence and good faith of the managers of the company, and if they must be trusted in the end they might as well be trusted in the beginning, and not have been burdened with expensive rules which do not detect incompetence and would not prevent ill faith.

What, then, are the advantages which such a company offers, first to borrowers, and then to lenders? It will help the borrower by finding him a secure lender, who will not ask for his money. A common mortgagee may descend upon the mortgagor with a brief notice, and require his money to be paid when such notice has expired. But a debenture company will certainly not of itself disturb or move securities once deposited at the office; it pays a *fee* for every such removal, and it is guarded with formal expedients to protect the debenture holders, and therefore it is the plain interest of the company to let mortgagors alone as long as they wish to be let alone and pay their interest regularly. On the other hand, there is an unnecessary publicity in dealing with a public company and the registry of securities, which is open to all the world, which will certainly deter a large class of mortgagors from having anything to do with a lender who, so to speak, cannot *help* telling what money he has lent them and where their deeds are.

Next as to lenders. These companies offer to a capitalist a very simple, and if the company be well managed, a very good form of security without the least trouble. No lawyer is wanted. The lender has only to go to the office of the company and take the debenture. He need not wait through the tedious interval now occupied by the lawyers in finding a security to invest his principal, and he will get his interest to the day by a coupon, instead of receiving it at somewhat irregular intervals almost always, and sometimes by legal process, from the mortgagor. *But*, in the nature of things, it will be long before the public look at the ordinary mortgage on specific lands and the mortgage debenture on deposited securities as investments of the same stability. First, their lawyers will say that they are not so good, and most people believe their lawyers, and at any rate have a wholesome dread of investing their money in absolute contradiction to their advice. Secondly. Most people will prefer lending their money on visible acres known to them, and upon a title investigated by a lawyer who lives close to them and whom they know well, to lending it upon unknown acres, changing from day to day, and a title investigated by a "company," a varying compound of heterogeneous individuals whom the lender does not know, and whose competence and good faith he has at least to take on hearsay. When the company is good the notion is indeed erroneous. The company *guarantees* the title it investigates, and the lawyer does not. The company lose money by error, and the lawyer at most only loses repute, and very likely not that. When the position and good name of a company is really established, its endorsement will make a mortgage debenture a better security than a mortgage, but till it is established a very large part of the public will imagine, rightly or wrongly, the actual mortgage to be by far the better of the two.

How, then, is the company to make its money? We own we should not like to undertake to make it. The managers of such an undertaking will, if they succeed, be useful both to borrowers and to lenders; they will be a public benefit, for they will lessen the expense of distributing capital; they will transmit it more neatly than now from the hands of the lender who does not want to keep it to those of the borrower who much wishes to receive it. But will these managers make money? Can they gain a high dividend for their shareholders and for themselves? It is evident that they can only have the difference between the interest at which they lend and the interest at which they borrow, *plus* a brokerage kept down by competition. It is not likely that now, at least, borrowers will pay more to a company than they pay to individuals, or that lenders will ask less. On its mortgages the company will only get the common rate of mortgages, and on its debentures it cannot look to pay much less than that rate. Where, then, are its profits to come from?

## THE PRESENT CRISIS IN AMERICA.

### THE CONTRAST BETWEEN PARLIAMENTARY AND PRESIDENTIAL GOVERNMENTS.

THE American Revolution has given, on very many subjects, a striking lesson to mankind; but on no subject has it thrown greater light than on the comparative structure of what may be called the competing administrative systems of the world. By the American system the Executive is appointed by the people themselves, and, as national elections cannot take place daily, necessarily appointed for a fixed time: by the English system the substantial Executive—the Cabinet and the Prime Minister—are appointed by the Parliament, and, subject to an appeal to the people, are removable at their pleasure. Between these two the world has to judge, and, till lately, there was a strong opinion in very many minds that the American system was in many respects to be preferred. It was particularly regarded as the most popular system; it was thought to give to the nation a degree of influence in the national affairs, which no other constitution ever gave, and no people but the American had been able to bear. It is interesting to examine how far this antecedent judgment is corroborated or refuted by the events of the present crisis, which so immeasurably exceeds in magnitude all which went before it, and is one of the marking eras by which the characteristics of many years to come are determined.

Suppose that we had a rebellion in Ireland,—suppose that we conquered Ireland,—suppose that after the conquest we had to introduce into Ireland some important improvements,—that we had to pass a new Municipal Reform Act,—What would be the constitutional action? What influence would the people have on it? What care would be taken that such influence should be good? We should have a series of debates in Parliament. The Anti-Irish party—the Pro-Irish party—the party for democratic municipalities—the party for anti-democratic municipalities, would all be heard, each of them would have their special advocate in the discussion; each would state its case as well as it could state it. The head of the Executive would have the initiative in the discussion. He would have on his responsibility, and at the peril of ejectment, to propose a satisfactory measure; but he would have no coercive power, no power of anticipating and thereby superseding Parliamentary action,—no power of fixing in one way when Parliament was not sitting, that which Parliament would fix in another way when Parliament began to sit. The Minister would have the best motive to prove his measure to be good, for his place would be lost if it were not good; the Opposition would have the best motive to prove the measure to be bad, for it might gain office if it could prove that it was bad. The nation would assist at the discussion. A public opinion, a real judgment of the educated public, would be generated by the impact of argument, and the play of mind upon mind,—and that public opinion would be nearly and effectually absolute. Parliament would almost indisputably share it; and if it did not share it, it would almost indisputably obey it.

But in America the Executive has not only the initiative of discussion, but the monopoly of action. Congress is not sitting, and no one asks that it shall sit. People ask what Mr Johnson will do? He is a man whom no one expected would ever have any power; whom no one nominated to supreme power; who was appointed by accident, if we may ever use that word in this world. Yet he does what he likes. He has no Parliament to control him,—no one to contend against him. And what he does at a great crisis like this cannot be undone. The first action of the Federal Government in such

a work as the reconstruction of the South must have indefinite and enduring effects. A single false step in a matter so delicate may require years to neutralise its effects. But Mr Johnson can begin, and begin without control.

There are, indeed, certain wide limits beyond which public opinion would not permit Mr Johnson to go. He has been described in Europe as equally absolute with the Czar. But this is an error. There is a sort of magic in all *real* popular institutions (and the American Constitution is indisputably real) which gives a permeating efficacy to public opinion, which no direct institution affects and no exact law warrants. *We* cannot assign the limits to Mr Johnson's authority, yet *he* well knows that there is a marked line—a people-made boundary—beyond which he could not go. But then the public opinion which so acts, and is thus imperative, has not been effectually instructed. It has heard no debate; it has heard no discussion. Our ancestors had a saying that the House of Commons was the "Grand Inquest of the nation,"—the great board of inquiry by which facts might be elicited, and by which judgment could be guided. But the Americans have at this crisis no such "inquest,"—no such argument-making and fact-eliciting assembly. They are a very busy and a very scattered people, and they have to form a decision, a notion, a fancy, as the case may be, without the help of skilled debate, and without any apparatus of sure data. Such an opinion must suffer from three defects. It cannot be exact. On a large subject, involving many details, and requiring much study, the unassisted impression of a sparse nation cannot be a real image of minute truth. It cannot, even when correct, be more than a spasmodic and vague guess, suggested by rude analogies, and supported by loose reasonings, if by any. Secondly, such an opinion cannot be ready. Over a great continent, such as the Americans possess, intellectual processes can be propagated but slowly. In a Parliamentary nation just close to the focus of debate there is a sensitive apparatus of trained minds. A political capital is a set of persons taking part more or less in political argument themselves, conversant in a greater degree than the rest of the people with political facts, more susceptible than the rest to the precise effect of political proof. They are the nearest bystanders on whom the steady light of full discussion sheds its first and great influence. But the Americans are assisted by no such guiding capital. No one there looks up to Washington, as England looks to London. In a Parliamentary nation a well-discussed opinion regularly radiates in all directions from the centre to the circumference; in a Presidential nation that opinion springs up tardily in all quarters, and is feebly transmitted to the centre of Government, in various tones, from the very circumference and from all points within the circle. Lastly, such an opinion cannot be, and is not, firm. On a hundred cases, on all complicated cases, when not strengthened by violent diffused prejudice, it feels its own weakness. It knows that it was not generated by effectual argument; that it rests upon no solid foundation of duly attested fact; that it has not been tried in the face of the people by the strife of eager advocates,—some anxious to prove that it is wrong,—others anxious to prove that it is right. Accordingly, it yields to Executive action in a manner of which in England we have little idea. It is guided,—almost necessarily guided,—by the Executive, for the Executive has considered at least such great questions as are now pending in all their detail,—whereas no one else has considered them at all.

Although, therefore, it is not at all true that Mr Johnson is emancipated from the restraints of popular opinion, it is true that the opinion to which he is subject is weak, slow, inexact, when compared with the opinion to which the magistrate of an intelligent and great people ought to be subject, and to which a Parliamentary Premier is subject. So far, therefore, from the American form of government being in any true sense more popular than the English, it is in every true sense less popular, for it gives to the people less means of forming a good judgment upon their national affairs, and less means also of obtruding that judgment on their rulers after it has been formed.

## THE FRENCH FLEET AND THE FRENCH ALLIANCE.

The reciprocal courtesies interchanged between the ironclad fleets of the two greatest nations in Europe, the visits of the Achilles to Cherbourg and of the Solferino to Portsmouth in all amity and confidence, and the display of mutual respect and cordiality between former foes and rivals thus offered to the world, do not appear to have been viewed in *all* quarters with perfectly unalloyed satisfaction. There have been some doubters and some grumblers, even among ourselves, at this great picture of peace and promise. We hear from time to time a sort of *sotto-voce* growl, that there is too much ostentation in all this; that, not England, but England's magnificent ally, has a motive for the manifestation; that he is using us for his own purposes, and that his purposes are not ours; that, in short, he stands in a somewhat perplexing and critical position at the present moment, and needs us and therefore allures us; that, in the subtle and far-sighted game he is for ever playing, the friendship of Great Britain is his trump card, and he is anxious to show both to Europe and America that he holds that card in his hand.

Well! supposing this were so; supposing there were some truth in these whispered insinuations, or supposing they were all true,—still we can see no reason why we should hold back or feel one degree less gratification at the spectacle we have before us. We have not the slightest objection to be useful, nor the faintest fear of being made tools of. We do not fancy ourselves to be so weak or our rulers to be so pliable and dull of apprehension, as to be in danger of being led where we do not wish to go, or committed to projects which we disapprove, or used for purposes alien to our own principles and policy. There is no reason upon earth why we should not avow to the world the full value we set upon the French alliance, the gratification we feel at every fresh increase to the cordiality of that alliance, or the earnest desire we entertain for such a continuance and augmentation of intimate intercourse between all classes as shall in time ripen what is now a friendly understanding between the two Governments into a settled union between the two nations. We have of late learned to respect the French Emperor, and he has long esteemed and valued us. We know that in many respects he is far in advance, as to political wisdom, both of his subjects in general, and of what it is the habit to call the Liberal Party among them. He may be as selfish in his aims as he is undoubtedly sagacious in his mode of working towards them and carrying them out: of course he is, for all monarchs are selfish, either for themselves or their country, or for both; nor can it be imputed to them as any great unrighteousness that they are so. But what does all this signify, unless we are blind dupes or feeble instruments?—and neither Lord Palmerston nor Lord Russell are exactly the men to be as potter's clay in Imperial hands.

The plain truth is that a cordial alliance with France is an unmixed blessing, not only to her but to England and to the world, so long as we do not purchase or retain it by any base or unworthy compliances, or suffer it to lead us into any unwise or pernicious enterprises, or to entangle us in any embarrassing or fettering engagements,—and of none of these things do we apprehend that there is much risk. Of late, indeed, if we have erred at all, we have erred on the side of being too much on our guard, too unaccommodating, too recalcitrant. We made no secret at the time of our opinion that in the original Mexican enterprise the Emperor was more consistent, logical, and judicious than ourselves. In the case of the proposed Congress we were probably wise in our decision, but we might have been more considerate and cordial in our mode of announcing that decision. In the case of Poland we were unquestionably right in what we did, but very wrong in what we said. In all these instances we gave proof enough that we were ready, if not actually to risk the French alliance, at least to incur a great diminution of its cordiality, rather than be dragged one inch out of our way or induced to move faster or further than we liked. These fears, therefore, may safely be dismissed from our minds, and these dismissed it is not easy to overestimate the value of the Alliance with France. It has (so to speak) a *reverberating* as well as a direct value. It acts on France herself by inclining her to consider the wishes and opinions of Great Britain; by accustoming her to look at our political and economical creed with greater coolness and with greater favour; by enabling our views on many subjects to percolate the French mind; by habituating her to pursue good objects in common with us, as in curbing the ambition of Russia and establishing the nationality of Italy; and slowly though surely in instilling into the minds of her politicians the belief that England does and can occasionally entertain disinterested purposes, and employ open and honourable means for their accomplishment. It has another inestimable gain: it controls, half unconsciously

but very effectually, the inadmissible ambitions and desires of France herself; she knows that England will neither join her nor approve her in unjust or oppressive enterprises; that any act of spoliation or aggression will risk the friendship of this country, and either lead to open enmity or sow rooted and perilous mistrust; and except for greatly coveted objects, and under very great temptations, she would not be willing to encounter either danger. Lastly, the alliance between the two countries, when cordial and active, is the greatest security which the smaller States of Europe can have against the iniquities of more powerful neighbours; no great national crime or oppression can be perpetrated if England and France join in saying "No;" the scandalous sin of last year—the partition of the Danish territory—would have been nipped in the bud, nay, would not even have been dreamed of, had not a coolness at that time existed between the two great nations of the West,—a coolness for which this country was far the least to blame. Unhappily, we had wounded the susceptibilities of the Emperor, though most unwillingly, by feeling ourselves obliged to thwart or disappoint him in the matter of Mexico, of Poland, of the European Congress, and of interference in the American conflict; and he resented the opposition in a manner and to a degree that so wise and powerful a Sovereign should not have done.

There is yet another reason why we should set great store upon the French alliance at this particular conjuncture, and should be willing to show openly that we do so. Upon the cordiality of that alliance, upon the confidence felt by the Emperor of the French that he may rely upon our friendship so long as he pursues beneficent and noble aims and respects the rights of nations, depends in a considerable measure the future fate of both Italy and Mexico. The Emperor has done much for both countries—far more than we have done; and both are now in very critical positions; their rising and struggling destinies are surrounded with difficulties and beset by foes; and any breach between the only two nations in the world that really wish them well—or, it would be more correct to say, the only two Governments (for it is notorious that it is Napoleon and not France that alone has at heart the welfare of either Italy or Mexico)—would be about the greatest calamity and peril that could arise to cloud their clearing horizon and to menace their still infant strength.

We should cling to the French alliance, and show that we do so, for another reason still. It never was so safe, nor we believe so sincere, as under the present Emperor. He understands us better, he values us more, he likes and respects us more truly, than any Ruler France has had for the last hundred years. He comprehends the importance of our friendship more thoroughly, he has more objects and sentiments in common with us, than either the Legitimists, the Orleanists, or the Republicans. Louis Philippe, indeed, was always anxious to be on good terms with England, because he was above all things a lover of peace; but we all know how willingly his principal ministers would have quarrelled with us if he had suffered them; and we have had many indications of late years that it is chiefly, if not solely, to the personal feelings and convictions of Louis Napoleon himself, and to those commercial and material interests which he has done incomparably more than any other French monarch to create and foster, that we owe the amity which has now reigned so long between the two countries, and which we would fain hope may never again be interrupted.

## THE AUSTRO-PRUSSIAN CONVENTION.

The great lesson which the Austro-Prussian convention concerning Schleswig-Holstein, concluded at Gastein on the 14th of August, should teach us, is the enormous folly of hoping by the force of popular enthusiasm to overrule and control the action of a great military executive. When all Germany was ablaze with the fire of a crusade against Denmark in the early part of 1864, the German idealists were too glad to get hold of any practical means of wresting the Duchies from the Danes to find much fault with Prussia and Austria for offering themselves as the hands by which that feat could be accomplished. In the absence of all other efficient instruments at least, the Prussian and Austrian armies were not so much amiss, and were accepted with every sign of popular applause. It is true that both Prussia and Austria, at different times, had intimated unequivocally that what they found fault with in Denmark was not so much her hostility to German interests in Schleswig, as her hostility to despotic interests at Copenhagen. Just before the war Count Bismark said plainly that for his part he thought Denmark and Prussia would never understand each other so long as Denmark remained democratic and set so bad an example to the neighbouring States of Germany. Austria had intimated much the same view at the time of the treaty concerning the Danish succession in 1852. There can be no doubt at all that when the intoxicated patriotic party in 1864 cheered on Prussia and Austria to the unequal contest with their little foe, they were wielding powerful instruments which were exclusively adapted to be turned against themselves,—a Prussian sword which was doomed to enter their own breasts, and an Austrian bow which at the critical moment would be sure to break in their hands. Even those who have most resolutely ignored this up to the present time, admit it now. After a year of common administration, Prussia and Austria have at length agreed to divide the spoil, and we begin to see how far the popular idea which demanded three things for Schleswig-Holstein,—unity, freedom, and the dynasty of the Duke of Augustenburg,—is to be gratified. Under Denmark, Schleswig and Holstein were at least under one sceptre; if not as free as they wished to be, they were at least freer than almost any other German State; though they had not their favourite Sovereign—the Duke of Augustenburg—to rule over them, they had another German Prince quite as German in his ideas and quite as anxious to secure for the German part of his dominions the justice which it was said the Danes denied.

But how are they now to be disposed of? They are not even to be under the same sceptre, still less under the same Parliament. Schleswig is to be under the North German power,—Holstein, for the present, under the South German power. They are to be definitively separated by a maritime canal under the protection of Prussia. Even Holstein is to be rent in two, for its great harbour Kiel is to be garrisoned by Prussia and not by Austria. The border fortress of Rendsburg is to be garrisoned by Prussian and Austrian troops in alternate years. Lauenburg, at the southern extremity of Holstein, is to be wholly Prussian. Finally, the duty of defending both Duchies from attack is to be Prussia's, and for that purpose, whenever occasion arises, their resources are to be put at the disposal of that power. In other words the Duchies are not to have their "immemorial unity" for any purpose of peace or freedom at all; they are to have no common administration, no common parliament, no common dynasty; but they are to have the privilege of being mulcted by one and the same power in case of attack, in order that there may be no divided plans. The constitutional arguments of the German professors, the popular aspirations of the German people, are alike to be set at naught. Schleswig will be utterly estranged from Holstein; neither Schleswig nor Holstein will have even a pretence of freedom; the dangerous "democratic" principles encouraged at Copenhagen will be carefully eradicated; Schleswig will be thoroughly Prussianised, or rather we should say Bismarkised, and every principle for which the war was so enthusiastically preached in Germany will be trampled under foot. But the end of the wily Prussian minister will be gained. He will have made use of a great popular enthusiasm to increase his own power and ruin the hopes of the people;—using it to terrify Europe against interference by showing her that the military organisations of Prussia and Austria was certain to be backed by hundreds of thousands of volunteers, he also rightly estimated the people's helplessness directly they should be opposed to the Executive instead of supporting it. The moment for interference past, he turns round and laughs at the power on which he relied;—in answer to the cry for German unity, holds out the prospect of a single military despotism in the North of Germany, and in answer to the constitutional arguments reminds the German logicians that constitutional arguments are only good to drown the opposition of constitutional States, and are thrown away upon a Bismark administration.

The lesson is a remarkable one, if the Germans have ears to hear it. It shows that Germany must take to pieces and remake her political instruments before she again presumes to attempt a great national end. The Liberals of Prussia have been strenuous, but not nearly strenuous enough, to beat Count Bismark, and liberalise the administration of the army, before they attempted to use it for any great national purpose. Until you have informed a powerful military organisation with popular

feeling, it will always be much more dangerous to the people who use it than to their enemies. Count Bismark has strengthened his position against the German people by pretending to prosecute the German idea. He has extended the territory, strengthened the army, enhanced the military *prestige* of Prussia, and clipped the wings of the only democratic neighbour whose freedom shamed his administration. And it is certain that organised powers essentially reactionary at heart will always continue to prove far too strong for any popular movement they pretend to head, for while popular enthusiasms are fluent and variable, operating only spasmodically, and even then needing some fixed channel in which to run, the organisations of reactionary States are always ready, have all the resources of unlimited patience at their command, can wait, as Prussia has waited, till the ebb of popular feeling begins, and then can do anything, however cynical, in firm reliance on the helplessness of a mere disorganised sentiment. Indeedt, at such moments as the present in Germany, the power which sets popular feeling most completely at defiance has greatly the advantage over the one which is attempting to compromise with the popular cause. Prussia is now so much stronger than Austria, not only because she is strong in finance, and almost unembarrassed by the jealousies of rival races, but still more because Prussia for the time sets the people at defiance, and Austria is feebly attempting to win their support. If Austria could afford to adopt heartily the cause of freedom in Schleswig-Holstein, she might no doubt be even stronger than Prussia. But what would it involve? It would involve adopting the same course in Venetia, in Hungary, in all the various elements of the Austrian Empire, and this would mean, as her present rulers think, disintegration. Consequently she can only go in for freedom and self-government so far as may not commit her own policy in interior affairs, which is a very little way indeed. Hence Austria has neither the strength of an undivided purpose nor of a popular support. She aims at the latter just enough to enfeeble the former, and to throw the ascendancy into the hands of her rival. The Prussian policy is strong: the Austrian hesitating and ambiguous, neither catching the wind of popular favour, nor showing the unity and tenacity of a well-defined diplomatic plot. No wonder that the former prevails, and that we see Austria unable to take up either the *rôle* of despotism or the *rôle* of freedom, drawing out of the dispute as well as she can, and admitting that it is almost better worth her while to abandon her share of the prey, than either to devour it herself, or to protect it against her great German rival.

If any one had predicted when the war-fever first broke out in Germany that this would be the end; that, after much fighting and much eloquence, every point claimed by the German enthusiasts would be utterly lost,—union, freedom, dynasty,—and *so* lost that both the Duchies may well be vainly sighing after the very condition of things which was formerly the subject of their vehement reprobation, how angrily should we have had it asserted that the result was impossible! The popular party, eager to conquer the Duchies, forgot that the only powers they could use were powers that could easily conquer them indeed, but would not keep them for the benefit of the popular party. And so it has earned for itself the mortification of having given the impulse to a movement which has redounded to the credit of despotism, and rendered its own prospects worse than ever. Denmark has been robbed at the suggestion of the German people. But the plunder has gone to the credit of absolutism, and the German people are in a worse condition than before.

## THE RECENT RAILWAY DIVIDENDS.

Although the business of our Railway Companies, as indicated by the traffic returns, seems for some time past to have been large and rapidly increasing, the dividends recently declared exhibit no corresponding improvement. The accounts of the ten great Railway Companies referred to hereafter, show that in each case, the Bristol and Exeter alone excepted, the gross income derived from the traffic of the first half of the present year very largely exceeded that of the corresponding six months of 1864, while the dividends, in every instance but one, are either the same or lower than twelve months back. The London and North-Western, with an addition of two hundred and twenty thousand pounds to the income of the half-year, pays a 6 per cent. dividend instead of 5¾; but the dividends of the Brighton, the South-Western, the Bristol and Exeter, the Great Northern, and the North-Eastern (Berwick) are all the same as twelve months back; and the Midland, Lancashire and Yorkshire, Great Eastern, and Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire dividends are all lower.

The figures hereafter supplied will explain with tolerable accuracy the causes of this check to the even course of comparative prosperity which for some years past has belonged to railway finance; and it will be seen from them that the large addition to the income has been swallowed up as a rule by increased expenses, and additional priority payments to mortgagees and other preferred proprietors. Moreover, the dividends even now paid are, in some instances, somewhat overstrained, or earned with less ease than before, thus tending to the apprehension that existing rates may possibly be lower, or be still further reduced. The engagements, too, of many of these Companies for the construction of new works under recent Acts of Parliament involves in prospect an expenditure of capital on a more extensive scale than of late years, and here also may be another element of temporary depreciation. We will, however, deal only with facts as they exist, and not anticipate evil which may never come to pass.

| | Capital Employed. | | Half-year's gross Income. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 30, 1864. | June 30, 1865. | June 30, 1864. | June 30, 1865. |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| London, Brighton, &c. | 12,094,099 | 13,462,092 | 466,301 | 496,458 |
| London and South-Western | 13,584,815 | 14,583,765 | 672,908 | 698,666 |
| London and North-Western | 38,700,421 | 41,003,224 | 2,710,497 | 2,930,945 |
| Midland | 23,725,807 | 25,234,283 | 1,188,885 | 1,229,988 |
| Lancashire and Yorkshire | 20,092,800 | 20,744,552 | 989,313 | 1,016,522 |
| Great Eastern | 22,076,094 | 23,420,03[illegible] | 778,791 | 805,342 |
| Manchester, Sheffield, &c. | 10,450,842 | 10,956,027 | 379,518 | 474,888 |
| North-Eastern | 31,373,978 | 32,141,721 | 1,485,642 | 1,557,674 |
| Bristol and Exeter | 4,168,722 | 4,158,530 | 175,874 | 175,329 |
| Great Northern | 13,144,236 | 14,362,607 | 842,214 | 923,985 |
| | 189,411,814 | 200,066,831 | 9,690,133 | 10,309,797 |

During the year these ten great Railway Companies have thus increased their capital upwards of ten millions and a half, according to the accounts rendered; but, in fact, the increase in the capital employed to earn the past half-year's revenue has been considerably more than ten millions and a half. By way of explanation, we will cite one case in point. The Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire Company seems, according to the accounts officially rendered, to have increased its capital during the year from something under 10½ millions to nearly 11 millions, while the gross revenue has risen from 379,518*l* to 474,888*l*; but the capital employed in earning this large addition to the gross income is not represented by the official figures. In the interval, the Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire, under powers of an Act of Parliament passed in the session of 1864, has leased for 999 years the South Yorkshire Railway, with a capital of about a million and a half. The revenue of the South Yorkshire is the chief cause of apparent increase in the gross income of the Manchester, Sheffield, and Lincolnshire during the last half-year; but the million and a half of capital which the South Yorkshire cost is not included in the Manchester, Sheffield and Lincolnshire accounts. This is, perhaps, an extreme case, but it is not singular, and suffices for proof that there is nothing absolutely conclusive as to progress in a contrast at different periods of the capital and revenue of railways as officially stated.

Taking, therefore, these figures for as much as they are worth, the capital employed by the ten Railway Companies has risen during the past financial year from 189,411,814*l* to 200,066,831*l*, or 10,655,017*l*, which is equal to rather over 5 per cent., or one-twentieth part.

In the same interval of time the half-year's gross revenue, ended June 30, 1865, exceeds that of the corresponding six months of 1864 by the sum of 619,664*l*, or nearly 6½ per cent.

With the view of arriving at a more conclusive result, it will be necessary to go a little deeper into the accounts of these Companies, and we accordingly select the following figures:—

| | Half-year's Working Expenses, or Cost of Conducting the Railway. | | Half-year's Charges against Revenue, after Working Expenses, paid to Mortgagees and others in Priority of Dividend. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | June 30, 1864. | June 30, 1865. | June 30, 1864. | June 30, 1865. |
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| London, Brighton, &c. | 220,273 | 244,179 | 134,221 | 127,200 |
| London and South-Western | 343,701 | 357,907 | 154,004 | 168,983 |
| London and North-Western | 1,225,315 | 1,305,160 | 740,420 | 784,000 |
| Midland | 520,259 | 562,484 | 287,774 | 307,984 |
| Lancashire and Yorkshire | 429,373 | 457,731 | 212,054 | 225,958 |
| Great Eastern | 392,970 | 413,080 | 330,186 | 348,813 |
| Manchester, Sheffield, &c. | 171,168 | 220,097 | 158,682 | 234,791 |
| North-Eastern | 673,017 | 709,694 | 406,163 | 414,718 |
| Bristol and Exeter | 80,236 | 85,740 | 49,101 | 46,906 |
| Great Northern | 441,543 | 479,404 | 266,254 | 283,769 |
| | 4,497,836 | 4,835,476 | 2,738,859 | 2,953,122 |

The cost of working these ten railways has thus increased from 4,497,836*l* to 4,835,476*l*, or 7½ per cent., while, as we have before shown, the gross income rose 6½ per cent. These figures, no doubt, convey a fair comparative result, but it is quite a question whether in the former or latter half-year the revenue was relieved to a greater degree by charges to capital. Take for instance the figures of the Brighton Company. The working expenditure of the half-year rises from 220,273*l* in 1864, to 244,179*l* in 1865, which appears a natural rate of increase; but at the same time the preference charges decline from 134,221*l* to 127,200*l*, which seems almost incomprehensible, were it not that for the half-year, ended 30th June, 1864, the charge to capital for interest on works in progress was 21,792*l*, and on 30th June, 1865, 50,221*l*. There is no means whatever of checking the accuracy of these figures, but it is clear that if this interest charge to capital had been much less than 50,000*l* at the 30th June last, the 5 per cent. dividend could not have been supported, and under these circumstances the accuracy of the revenue expenditure, as officially stated, is more or less open to question. This, too, is perhaps an extreme case, but the doubt attaches to other Companies as well as to the Brighton.

The preference charges of the half-year have risen from 2,738,859*l* at 30th June, 1864, to 2,953,122*l* at 30th June, 1865, or nearly 8 per cent. As a test of increasing liability, this addition to the preference charges is more accurate than the increase of capital employed, because, as we have before shown, much of the new capital is not included in the official accounts, while the whole of the preference charges are generally to be found in the revenue accounts. Still it is only a question of comparative accuracy when charges are made to the capital account for interest on unproductive works to the amount of 50,000*l* in one half-year, as in the case of the Brighton Company, and this addition of 8 per cent. to the preference charges is probably less than the truth.

| | Half-year's Residue for Dividend after Priority Charges on Revenue. June 30, 1864. | June 30, 1865. | | Half-year's Dividends paid Rates per Cent. per Annum. June 30, 1864. | June 30, 1865. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ | | | |
| London, Brighton, &c. | 111,807 | 125,079 | | 5 | 5 |
| London and South-Western | 175,503 | 171,776 | | 4½ | 4½ |
| London and North-Western | 744,962 | 841,785 | | 5¾ | 6 |
| Midland | 380,872 | 359,520 | | 7 | 6½ |
| Lancashire and Yorkshire | 347,886 | 332,833 | | 5¾ | 5½ |
| Great Eastern | 55,635 | 43,449 | | 1½ | 1 |
| Manchester, Sheffield, &c. | 49,667 | 20,000 | | 2¾ | 1 |
| North-Eastern | 406,532 | 433,262 | Berwick | 5½ | 5½ |
| | | | York | 4¾ | 5 |
| | | | Leeds | 3½ | 3½ |
| | | | Carlisle | 7 | 7½ |
| | | | Darlington | 8 | 8½ |
| Bristol and Exeter | 46,537 | 42,683 | | 4½ | 4½ |
| Great Northern | 134,417 | 150,812 | | 5½ | 5½ |
| | 2,453,518 | 2,521,199 | | | |

Supposing these ten Railway Companies to be merged into one, the following would be the result:—

| | Half-year ended June 30, 1864. | | Half-year ended June 30, 1865. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | | £ |
| Capital Employed | 189,411,814 | ..... | 200,066,831 |
| Half-years' gross income | 9,690,133 | ..... | 10,309,797 |
| Half-years' expenses | 4,497,836 | ..... | 4,835,476 |
| Net profit | 5,192,297 | ..... | 5,474,321 |
| Other charges against revenue in priority of dividend | 2,738,859 | ..... | 2,953,122 |
| Profit for dividend | 2,453,438 | ..... | 2,521,199 |

To summarise the result, the figures stand as follows:—

| | £ | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Increase in capital employed | 10,655,017 | or | 5 | per cent. |
| Increase in gross income | 619,664 | — | 6½ | — |
| Increase in expenses | 337,640 | — | 7½ | — |
| Increase in net profit | 282,024 | — | 5½ | — |
| Increase in preference charges | 214,263 | — | 8 | — |
| Increase in profit for dividend | 67,681 | — | 2¾ | — |

Of the final facts there is no doubt whatever that out of an increase in the gross revenue of 619,664*l*, the original shareholders receive in the shape of dividend only 67,681*l*, the difference between the two having been absorbed in increased working expenses and preference charges; and that to these facts directly the stationary or declining dividends are attributable, whatever the indirect causes which may have induced them.

## BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS.

The Board of Trade returns for July, and the seven months ending July 30, have been published this week. As regards our export trade in British and Irish produce for the last month, the figures are favourable, and show an increase as compared with each of the preceding months of the year. For the seven months ending July 30 in each of the last three years the figures are as under:—

| | £ |
|---|---|
| 1863 | 75,683,037 |
| 1864 | 92,441,950 |
| 1865 | 88,242,048 |

showing a decrease of about 4,200,000*l* in the present year's trade as compared with 1864, but an increase of nearly 13,000,000*l* as compared with 1863.

Our imports for the first six months of the present year exhibit a falling off to the value of 23,000,000*l* from the corresponding months last year, and of about 6,000,000*l* from the same period in 1863. The following are the figures:—

| | £ |
|---|---|
| 1863 | 81,208,938 |
| 1864 | 98,610,176 |
| 1865 | 75,508,842 |

but they have increased from 6,398,922*l*, the total for the month of January, current year, to 15,453,909*l*, the total for June.

The annexed return shows the increase and decrease in the real value of the principal articles imported in the first six months of 1865, compared with the same period of 1864:—

| Articles. | 1864. £ | 1865. £ | Increase. £ | Decrease. £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coffee, raw | 1,385,063 | 1,546,062 | 160,999 | ... |
| Wheat | 4,811,312 | 3,281,547 | ... | 1,529,765 |
| Barley | 811,553 | 1,233,715 | 422,162 | ... |
| Oats | 578,173 | 1,031,323 | 453,150 | ... |
| Peas | 146,026 | 86,342 | ... | 59,684 |
| Beans | 172,571 | 171,844 | ... | 727 |
| Indian corn or maize | 347,039 | 618,736 | 271,697 | ... |
| Wheatmeal and flour | 1,817,130 | 986,257 | ... | 830,873 |
| Cotton, raw | 37,858,292 | 20,478,572 | ... | 17,379,720 |
| Cotton manufactures not made up | 438,078 | 363,896 | ... | 74,182 |
| Flax | 2,574,730 | 1,339,634 | ... | 1,235,096 |
| Fruit—Currants | 83,848 | 145,466 | 61,618 | ... |
| Raisins | 22,299 | 42,215 | 19,936 | ... |
| Guano | 530,733 | 1,194,327 | 663,594 | ... |
| Hemp | 626,358 | 381,903 | ... | 244,455 |
| Jute | 1,514,728 | 363,490 | ... | 1,151,238 |
| Hides | 317,091 | 316,644 | ... | 447 |
| Metals—Copper | 1,039,928 | 1,061,620 | 21,692 | ... |
| Provisions | 4,062,207 | 4,072,957 | 10,750 | ... |
| Rice | 340,231 | 209,755 | ... | 130,476 |
| Seeds—Flax and linseed | 1,689,156 | 1,428,024 | ... | 261,132 |
| Silk—Raw | 2,495,340 | 3,314,074 | 818,734 | ... |
| Thrown | 33,456 | 23,567 | ... | 9,889 |
| Breadstuffs | 2,182,841 | 2,154,078 | ... | 28,763 |
| Silk or satin ribbons | 599,386 | 840,761 | 241,375 | ... |
| Velvet or plush | 149,316 | 170,987 | 21,671 | ... |
| Spirits—Rum | 259,257 | 278,265 | 19,008 | ... |
| Brandy | 1,036,942 | 447,960 | ... | 588,982 |
| Sugar—Unrefined | 6,226,940 | 4,500,550 | ... | 1,726,390 |
| Refined & sugar candy | 808,428 | 465,704 | ... | 342,724 |
| Tallow | 496,505 | 516,501 | 19,996 | ... |
| Tea | 4,937,661 | 4,745,783 | ... | 191,878 |
| Timber—Deals, battens, &c. | 1,386,263 | 1,113,396 | ... | 272,867 |
| Not sawn or split | 1,111,061 | 1,250,949 | 139,888 | ... |
| Tobacco—Unstemmed | 640,659 | 724,269 | 83,610 | ... |
| Wine | 2,800,068 | 1,880,596 | ... | 919,472 |
| Wool | 5,360,228 | 6,274,381 | 914,153 | ... |
| Woollen manufactures | 640,406 | 670,151 | 29,743 | ... |

The following table shows the increase and decrease of the most important articles of export in the first seven months of the present year, compared with the corresponding period in 1864:—

| Articles. | 1864. £ | 1865. £ | Increase. £ | Decrease. £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alkali | 530,518 | 602,682 | 72,164 | ... |
| Apparel, &c. | 1,335,548 | 1,385,713 | 50,165 | ... |
| Arms (small fire) | 153,541 | 207,538 | 43,997 | ... |
| Beer and ale | 1,051,094 | 1,362,214 | 311,120 | ... |
| Coals, &c. | 2,295,377 | 2,468,651 | 173,274 | ... |
| Cotton yarn | 5,576,035 | 5,012,047 | ... | 563,988 |
| Manufactures—Piece goods | 25,275,977 | 24,437,480 | ... | 838,447 |
| Thread | 454,855 | 367,927 | ... | 86,928 |
| Earthenware and porcelain | 796,462 | 799,053 | 2,591 | ... |
| Haberdashery and millinery | 2,822,994 | 2,581,186 | ... | 241,808 |
| Hardware and cutlery | 2,302,177 | 3,371,611 | 1,069,434 | ... |
| Leather, wrought, boots and shoes | 799,426 | 864,703 | 65,277 | ... |
| Linen yarn | 1,782,555 | 1,290,109 | ... | 492,446 |
| Linen manufactures — Piece goods | 4,401,460 | 4,406,516 | 5,056 | ... |
| Thread | 290,975 | 326,369 | 35,394 | ... |
| Machinery—Steam engines | 881,614 | 1,130,591 | 248,977 | ... |
| Other sorts | 1,602,268 | 1,822,902 | 220,634 | ... |
| Metals—Iron—pig & puddled | 861,752 | 830,418 | ... | 31,334 |
| Bar, &c. | 1,634,462 | 1,145,992 | ... | 488,470 |
| Railroad | 2,080,819 | 1,828,175 | ... | 152,644 |
| Castings | 379,929 | 410,849 | 31,099 | ... |
| Hoop, sheet, &c. | 1,046,793 | 800,215 | ... | 246,578 |
| Wrought | 1,294,031 | 1,368,577 | 74,546 | ... |
| Steel, unwrought | 590,065 | 482,122 | ... | 107,943 |
| Copper, wrought | 1,401,290 | 1,430,293 | 29,003 | ... |
| Lead, pig | 449,765 | 278,689 | ... | 171,076 |
| Tin plates | 870,295 | 816,405 | ... | 53,890 |
| Oil, seed | 658,499 | 785,079 | 126,580 | ... |
| Silk Manufactures | 886,656 | 777,127 | ... | 108,529 |
| Woollen and worsted yarn | 3,206,846 | 2,924,233 | ... | 282,613 |
| Manufactures—Cloths, &c. | 2,594,982 | 2,126,336 | ... | 468,646 |
| Carpets and druggets | 531,322 | 372,846 | ... | 158,476 |
| Worsted stuffs & waistcoatings | 6,530,382 | 6,528,975 | ... | 1,407 |

The re-exports of the principal articles of foreign and colonial produce in the first seven months were as under:—

| | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Coffee ... lbs | 33,895,578 | 41,292,924 | 48,508,608 |
| Cotton ... cwts | 1,223,842 | 1,341,342 | 1,460,470 |
| Quicksilver ... lbs | 733,811 | 1,646,588 | 657,892 |
| Rice ... cwts | 879,243 | 1,008,857 | 992,415 |
| Pepper ... lbs | 5,898,244 | 6,962,103 | 6,988,264 |
| Tea | 12,157,765 | 16,926,469 | 18,318,799 |
| Tobacco, unstemmed | 4,582,954 | 7,723,165 | 7,972,765 |

The following are the totals of wine imported and entered for home consumption respectively in the seven months ended July 31, 1864 and 1865 :—

| | Imported. 1864. gals | Imported. 1865. gals | Entered for Home Consumption. 1864. gals | Entered for Home Consumption. 1865. gals |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Red wine | 3,620,812 | 3,843,588 | 2,807,633 | 2,913,467 |
| White wine | 6,095,205 | 4,378,333 | 3,864,582 | 3,842,236 |
| Total of wine | 9,716,017 | 8,221,921 | 6,672,215 | 6,755,703 |

ENTERED for HOME CONSUMPTION at EACH CLASS of DUTY.

| Red Wine. | 1864. gals | 1865. gals |
|---|---|---|
| Under 26 degrees | 723,683 | 859,769 |
| — 42 — | 1,955,593 | 1,933,814 |
| 42 degrees and upwards | 8,901 | 7,656 |
| In bottles: under 42 deg. | 139,457 | 112,228 |
| Total | 2,807,633 | 2,913,467 |
| **White Wine.** | | |
| Under 26 degrees | 170,760 | 138,211 |
| — 42 — | 3,176,286 | 3,148,945 |
| 42 degrees and upwards | 12,724 | 22,187 |
| In bottles: under 42 deg. | 504,812 | 532,893 |
| Total | 3,864,582 | 3,842,236 |

The following is an account of the quantities of certain principal articles of imported merchandise (subject to duties of Customs) remaining in the bonded warehouses of the United Kingdom on the 31st July, 1865, compared with the quantities in warehouses on the 31st July, 1864.

| | 1864. | 1865. |
|---|---|---|
| Cocoa ....lbs | 4,934,529 | 5,934,445 |
| Coffee | 24,918,340 | 26,499,736 |
| Fruit—Currants....cwts | 252,462 | 242,447 |
| Raisins | 44,383 | 18,618 |
| Spices—Pepper ....lbs | 5,970,915 | 11,429,872 |
| Spirits—Rum ....proof gallons | 8,532,102 | 7,417,690 |
| Brandy | 5,056,358 | 4,885,686 |
| Sugar—Refined and candy ....cwts | 226,154 | 165,157 |
| Unrefined—Equal to white clayed | 88,016 | 45,068 |
| Not equal to white clayed but equal brown clayed | 1,109,565 | 978,504 |
| Not equal to brown clayed | 1,675,897 | 2,447,314 |
| Total unrefined | 2,865,072 | 3,470,886 |
| Sugar—Molasses | 154,870 | 148,090 |
| Tea ....lbs | 106,486,432 | 101,092,945 |
| Tobacco—Unmanufactured | 52,533,807 | 70,126,946 |
| Manufactured and Snuff | 2,788,924 | 3,664,573 |
| Wine—From British Possessions...gals | 77,469 | 123,920 |
| Holland | 160,395 | 170,049 |
| France | 1,220,019 | 1,269,020 |
| Portugal and Madeira | 4,164,715 | 4,325,145 |
| Spain and the Canaries | 7,386,939 | 7,152,711 |
| Italy—Naples and Sicily | 244,683 | 243,812 |
| Other countries | 488,972 | 511,895 |
| Mixed in bond | 689,172 | 697,830 |
| Total of wine | 14,492,364 | 14,494,382 |

## PUBLIC DEBT OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

An Account of the State of the Public Debt of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Charge thereupon, at the 31st March, 1865.

DEBT.

| | Capitals. £ s d | Capitals transferred to and standing in the Names of the Commissioners. £ s d | Capitals Unredeemed. £ s d |
|---|---|---|---|
| **GREAT BRITAIN.** | | | |
| New Annuities, at 2½ per cent. | 3,960,354 18 0 | 19,653 12 4 | 3,940,701 5 8 |
| Exchequer Bonds, created per 16 Vict. c. 23, at 2½ per cent. | 418,300 0 0 | ... | 418,300 0 0 |
| Debt due to the Bank of England, at £3 per cent. | 11,015,100 0 0 | ... | 11,015,100 0 0 |
| Consolidated Annuities, do. | 398,819,837 6 2 | 1,617,444 14 9 | 397,202,092 11 5 |
| Reduced Annuities, do. | 109,848,981 5 11 | 1,920,262 19 4 | 107,928,598 6 7 |
| New Annuities, do. | 196,497,391 2 5 | 856,379 7 11 | 195,641,011 14 6 |
| Savings' Banks Annuities charged on the Consolidated Fund, per 26 Vict. c. 25 | 24,000,000 0 0 | ... | 24,000,000 0 0 |
| Total, at £3 per cent. | 735,180,889 14 6 | 4,394,087 2 0 | 730,786,801 12 6 |
| New Annuities, at 3½ per cent. | 240,746 6 4 | ... | 240,746 6 4 |
| — at 5 — | 432,249 14 4 | 624 15 0 | 431,624 19 4 |
| Total, Great Britain | 740,232,540 13 2 | 4,414,365 9 4 | 735,818,175 3 10 |
| **IRELAND.** | | | |
| New Annuities, at 2½ per cent. | 3,080 0 0 | ... | 3,080 0 0 |
| Consolidated Annuities, at 3 per cent. | 6,264,165 18 6 | 1,964 12 3 | 6,262,201 6 3 |
| Reduced Annuities, at 3 per cent. | 117,900 19 6 | 0 13 4 | 117,900 6 2 |
| New Annuities, at 3 per cent. | 30,952,146 17 7 | 17,477 0 6 | 30,934,669 17 1 |
| Debt due to the Bank of Ireland at *3½ per cent. | 2,630,769 4 8 | ... | 2,630,769 4 8 |
| New Annuities, at 5 per cent. | 1,500 0 0 | ... | 1,500 0 0 |
| Total, Ireland | 39,969,563 0 3 | 19,442 6 1 | 39,950,120 14 2 |
| Total, United Kingdom, at 31st March, 1865 | 780,202,103 13 5 | 4,433,807 15 5 | 775,768,295 18 0 |

* Interest reduced to 3 per cent. from 6th April, 1865.

CHARGE.

| | In Great Britain. £ s d | In Ireland. £ s d | Total Annual Charge of Unredeemed Debt. £ s d |
|---|---|---|---|
| (Due to the public creditor.) | | | |
| Annual Interest of Unredeemed Debt | 22,082,586 9 6¾ | 1,205,095 2 10½ | |
| Annuities per 4 Geo. 4, c. 22, expiring 5 April, 1867 | 585,740 0 0 | ... | |
| Annuities per 18 Vict., c. 18, 23 & 24 Vict., c. 100, 25 & 26 Vict., c. 78, 26 & 27 Vict., c. 80, and 26 Vict., c. 14 & 25, expiring 5 April, 1885 | 680,341 7 3 | ... | |
| Red Sea Telegraph Company's Annuity, per 25 & 26 Vict., c. 39, expiring 4 August, 1908 | 36,000 0 0 | ... | |
| Annuities for a limited term of years, per 59 Geo. 3, c. 94, 10 Geo. 4, c. 24, and 3 Will. 4, c. 14, expire at various periods, viz.:— | | | |
| Granted up to 31 March, 1865, £1,752,165 15s 6d | | | |
| Deduct expired and unclaimed up to ditto, £1,678,578 18s 6d | 73,586 17 0 | ... | |
| (Payable at the National Debt Office.) | | | |
| Life Annuities, per 48 Geo. 3, c. 142, 10 Geo. 4, c. 24, 3 Will. 4, c. 14, and 16 & 17 Vict., c. 45; viz.:— | | | |
| Granted up to 31 March, 1865, £3,290,681 11s | | | |
| Deduct expired and unclaimed up to ditto, £2,306,740 18s 4d | 983,940 12 8 | ... | |
| Tontine and other Life Annuities per various Acts— | | | |
| English | 12,418 12 5 | ... | |
| Irish | 12,952 5 4 | 9,251 4 0 | |
| | 24,447,566 4 2¾ | 1,214,346 6 10½ | |
| Management | 211,804 13 5 | ... | |
| Total Annual Charge, exclusive of £133,033 10s 2d, on capitals standing in the names of the Commissioners on account of donations and bequests and of unclaimed stock and dividends | 24,659,370 17 7¾ | 1,214,346 6 10½ | 25,873,717 4 6¼ |

ABSTRACT.

| | Capitals. £ s d | Capitals transferred to and standing in the Names of the Commissioners. £ s d | Capitals Unredeemed. £ s d |
|---|---|---|---|
| Great Britain | 740,282,540 13 2 | 4,414,365 9 4 | 735,818,175 3 10 |
| Ireland | 39,969,563 0 3 | 19,442 6 1 | 39,950,120 14 2 |
| Total, United Kingdom, on 31st March, 1865 | 780,202,103 13 5 | †4,433,807 15 5 | 775,768,295 18 0 |
| At 31st March, 1864 | 781,712,401 1 1 | 4,288,176 2 4 | 777,429,224 18 9 |

| | £ s d |
|---|---|
| † On account of Donations and Bequests | 914,019 1 9 |
| On account of stock unclaimed 10 years and upwards | 522,413 15 6 |
| On account of unclaimed dividends | 2,997,374 18 2 |
| | 4,433,807 15 5 |

Terms of Years' Annuities Unclaimed ..... £105 1 0

ANNUAL CHARGE OF UNREDEEMED DEBT.

| | Due to the Public Creditor. £ s d | Management. £ s d | Total. £ s d |
|---|---|---|---|
| Great Britain | 24,447,566 4 2¾ | 211,804 13 5 | 24,659,370 17 7¾ |
| Ireland | 1,214,246 6 10½ | ... | 1,214,346 6 10½ |
| Total, United Kingdom, on 31st March, 1865 | 25,661,912 11 1¼ | 211,804 13 5 | 25,873,717 4 6¼ |
| At 31st March, 1864 | 25,693,473 5 6¼ | 211,855 13 11 | 25,905,328 19 5¼ |

DEFERRED ANNUITIES outstanding 31st March, 1864.

| | £ s d |
|---|---|
| Deferred Life Annuities, per 10 Geo. 4, c. 24, 3 Will. 4, c. 14, and 16 and 17 Vict. c. 45 | 15,678 2 6 |
| Deferred Annuities for Terms of years, per ditto | 540 6 0 |
| | 16,238 8 6 |

The Act 10 Geo. 4, c. 27, which came into operation at the 5th July, 1829, enacts that the sum thenceforth annually applicable to the reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom, shall be the sum which shall appear to be the amount of the whole actual Annual Surplus Revenue beyond the Expenditure of the said United Kingdom; and the following sums have been accordingly received by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, including sums on account of Donations and Bequests, viz. :—

| Applicable in the Quarters ended | On account of— The Sinking Fund. £ s d | Donations and Bequests. £ s d |
|---|---|---|
| 30 June, 1864 | 655,658 3 5 | 5,145 12 11 |
| 30 Sept., 1864 | *595,076 2 9 | 7,709 0 0 |
| 31 Dec., 1864 | 612,470 10 5 | 6,117 2 9 |
| 31 March, 1865 | 646,892 15 5 | 7,409 0 0 |
| | 2,510,097 12 0 | 27,080 15 8 |

* £6,096 14s 7d of this amount issued under the Act 16 Vict. c. 23.

A. Y. SPEARMAN Comptroller General.

## PUBLIC FUNDED DEBT.

**An Account of Sums paid in the Year ended 31st March, 1865, in respect of the Public Funded Debt; with the future Annual Charge of the said Debt as it stood on the 31st March, 1865.**

| Nature and Description of Debt. | | Payments in the Year ended March 31, 1865. | Future Annual Charge. |
|---|---|---|---|
| **INTEREST AND MANAGEMENT.** | £ s d | £ s d | £ s d |
| GREAT BRITAIN:— | | | |
| £3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities | 11,828,435 12 10 | ... | 11,814,586 2 4 |
| £3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities | 3,305,251 1 4 | ... | 3,295,465 16 9 |
| New £3 per Cent. Annuities | 5,920,165 19 10 | ... | 5,894,921 14 8 |
| New £3 10s per Cent. Annuities | 8,426 2 4 | ... | 8,426 2 4 |
| New £5 per Cent. Annuities | 21,612 9 8 | ... | 21,612 9 8 |
| New £2 10s per Cent. Annuities | 99,127 2 8 | ... | 99,008 17 5 |
| Sinking Fund, 2½ per Cent. Annuities | 6,906 14 7 | ... | 6,906 14 7 |
| Exchequer Bonds of 1853, 16 Vict. c. 23 | 10,980 7 6 | ... | 10,457 10 0 |
| Savings Banks Annuity, 26 Vict. c. 25 | 720,000 0 0 | ... | 720,000 0 0 |
| | | 21,920,905 10 9 | |
| IRELAND:— | | | |
| £3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities | 176,459 17 6 | ... | 187,924 19 6 |
| £3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities | 3,704 2 2 | ... | 3,537 0 7 |
| New £3 per Cent. Annuities | 925,177 3 10 | ... | 928,564 8 1 |
| New £5 per Cent. Annuities | 75 0 0 | ... | 75 0 0 |
| New £2 10s per Cent. Annuities | 77 0 0 | ... | 77 0 0 |
| | | 1,105,493 3 6 | |
| | | 23,026,398 14 3 | 22,991,563 15 11 |
| Deduct,—Interest of Stock purchased on account of Donations and Bequests, applied to the purchase of additional Stock | | 26,730 15 8 | 27,600 0 0 |
| | | 22,999,667 18 7 | 22,963,963 15 11 |
| Interest of the Government Debt to the Bank of England. | | | |
| 1st. Original Capital:— | £ s d | | |
| 1694—Act 5 & 6 Will. & Mary, c. 20 ..... 1,200,000 | | | |
| 1708—Act 7 Anne, c. 7 400,000 | | | |
| 1742—Act 15 Geo. 2, c. 13 ..... 1,600,000 | | | |
| | 3,200,000 0 0 | | |
| 2nd. Capital purchased of the South Sea Company. | | | |
| 1721—Act 8 Geo. 1, c. 21, Residue of Capital of £4,000,000 purchased of the South Sea Company | 3,328,300 0 0 | | |
| 3rd. Other advances to Government. | | | |
| 1716—Act 3 Geo. 1, c. 8, Balance of £2,000,000 of Exchequer Bills cancelled | 500,000 0 0 | | |
| 1727—1 Geo. 2, c. 8, Advance to Government | 1,750,000 0 0 | | |
| 1728—2 Geo. 2, c. 8, Advance to Government | 1,250,000 0 0 | | |
| 1746—19 Geo. 2, c. 6, Exchequer Bills delivered up to be cancelled | 986,800 0 0 | | |
| Total, bearing Interest at £3 per Cent. per Annum | 11,015,100 0 0 | 330,453 0 0 | 330,453 0 0 |
| Interest of the Government Debt to the Bank of Ireland. | £ s d | | |
| 1783—Act 21 & 22 Geo. 3, c. 16 (Irish Currency, £600,000) | 553,846 3 1 | | |
| 1797—Act 37 Geo. 3, c. 50 (Irish Currency, £500,000) | 461,538 9 3 | | |
| 1808—Act 48 Geo. 3, c. 183 (Irish Currency, £1,250,000) | 1,153,846 3 1 | | |
| 1821—Act 2 Geo. 4, c 72 (Irish Currency, £500,000) | 461,538 9 3 | | |
| Total, bearing Interest at £3 5s per cent. per annum, per Act 3 & 4 Vict. c 75, and Treasury Warrant, dated February 1, 1859 | *2,630,769 4 8 | 85,500 0 0 | 78,923 1 6 |
| Management of Funded Debt in Great Britain; Net Charge for one year, ended 5th April, 1864, on the Capitals of the Unredeemed Debt, as it stood on the 5th April, 1863, including Annuities for Terms of Years, valued at 10 years' purchase, to make the nominal Capital, as directed by Act 24 V. c. 3 | | 200,219 1 4 | 196,451 3 1 |
| Management of Funded Debt in Ireland | | ... | ... |
| Management (by the Bank of England) of the Unfunded Debt in Exchequer Bills, one Year to 30th November, 1864, per Acts 25 V. c. 3 | | 1,189 1 7 | 881 19 2 |
| Expenses incurred by the Bank of England under the Stock Certificate Act, 1863 (26 V. c. 28, s. 9) | | 2,504 0 5 | ... |
| | | 23,619,524 1 11 | 23,576,672 19 8 |

* From 6th April, 1865, the interest payable on this capital will be at the reduced rate of £3 per cent. per annum (per Act 28 V. c. 16).

| Nature and Description of Debt. | | Payments in the Year ended March 31, 1865. | Future Annual Charge. |
|---|---|---|---|
| **TERMINABLE ANNUITIES.** | | £ s d | £ s d |
| Life Annuities, per Acts 10 G. 4, c. 24, 3 W. 4, c. 14, and 16 & 17 V. c 45 | £973,112 1 7 | | |
| Irish Life Annuities, under various Acts | 22,356 5 8 | | |
| Exchequer Annuities, ditto | 12,052 0 1 | | |
| | | 1,007,420 7 5 | 1,018,562 14 5 |
| TERMINABLE ANNUITIES—(Continued). Brought forward | | 1,007,420 7 5 | 1,018,562 14 5 |
| Annuities for terms of years, viz.:— | | | |
| Per Acts 10 G. 4, c. 24, 3 W. 4, c. 14, and 16 & 17 V. c. 45 | £75,689 17 3 | | |
| Per Acts 18 V. c. 18, 23 & 24 V. c. 109, 25 & 26 V. c. 78, and 26 & 27 V. c. 80, expiring 5 April, 1885 | 310,671 10 0 | | |
| Per Act 26 V. c. 14, and 26 V. c. 25 (Savings Banks), expiring 5 April, 1885 | 325,000 7 2 | | |
| Per Act 25 & 26 V. c. 99, expiring 4 August, 1908 (Red Sea and India Telegraph Co.) | 36,000 0 0 | | |
| | | 747,361 14 5 | 789,928 4 3 |
| Naval and Military Pension Annuity, per Act 4 G. 4, c. 22, expiring 5 April, 1867 | | 585,740 0 0 | 585,740 0 0 |
| | | 2,340,522 1 10 | 2,394,230 18 8 |

UNCLAIMED DIVIDENDS.—Nil.

**An Account explanatory of the Sums paid for Management of the Public Funded Debt in Great Britain, in the Year ended 31st March, 1865.**

| | | £ s d |
|---|---|---|
| Unredeemed Capital in Great Britain, as it stood on the 5th April, 1863:— | | |
| New Annuities, at £2½ per Cent. | | 2,949,667 11 4 |
| Consolidated Annuities, £3 per Cent. | | 400,233,539 17 2 |
| Reduced Annuities, — | | 114,197,354 19 5 |
| New Annuities, — | | 213,101,880 2 6 |
| New £3½ per Cent. Annuities | | 240,746 6 4 |
| New £5 per Cent. Annuities | | 430,603 15 11 |
| Annuities for terms of years ... } computed at 10 years' purchase | | 748,144 15 9 |
| Annuities expiring in 1885 ..... } computed at 10 years' purchase | | 2,531,859 0 0 |
| Red Sea Telegraph Annuities... } computed at 10 years' purchase | | 360,000 0 0 |
| | | 734,793,787 7 8 |
| Charge for Management on the above Capital for the year to 5th April, 1864:— | | |
| On £800,000,000 at the rate of £300 per million | £180,000 0 0 | |
| On £134,793,787 7s 8d at the rate of £150 per million | 20,219 1 4 | |
| | | 200,219 1 4 |
| Management of Exchequer Bills by the Bank of England, for one Year to 30th November, 1864, per Act 25 V. c. 3:— | | |
| On £11,800,000, at the rate of £100 per million | | 1,180 1 7 |
| Amount paid to the Bank of England | | 201,399 2 11 |
| Expenses of the National Debt Office (per Account No. 46) ... | | 15,440 0 0 |
| | | 216,839 2 11 |

NOTE.—The charge for management of the Debt by the Bank of England is now paid to the Bank in gross, as directed by the Act 24 Vict. c. 3, and at the reduced rates therein authorised; and the deductions formerly made from the gross charge are paid to the account of the Exchequer under the Heads of Stamps and Miscellaneous Revenue, in accordance with the 4th section of the said Act.

# Agriculture.

## TWO SIDES OF THE SHIELD.

### A LANDLORD ON RURAL COTTAGES.

When a subject of importance, with which people believe themselves to be thoroughly acquainted, is presented to them in a new aspect, from a point of view to which they are strangers or have hitherto ignored, they are very apt to feel surprised, and, perchance, angry. They ask have we not known all about this matter during our whole lives? Are we not greatly interested in it? We have never taken any such view; indeed, we have taken a contrary view of the subject. Surely, any one who can assert such views must have "a very imperfect knowledge of his subject," and is making an "accusation as foolish as it is untrue." Now, the English landowner is, perhaps, as much as any one in the position of the people we have referred to. He is deeply, very deeply, interested in landed property. He believes that he knows more about its management than any one else, and he resents with ready and passionate vituperation all who dare to impugn his actual system of management, or to suggest the existence of evils as incidental to that system. We are not surprised at this. We feel no offence when an irritable landowner, such as our correspondent "M.P.," whose letter appeared in the number of the 5th of August, objects to our comments on "Landlords and Labourers," which appeared in these columns on the 22nd of July. It is the old story of the two knights looking each at his own side of the shield. "M.P." regards the topics of which we then treated—the way in which labourers' cottages are dealt with by English landowners—exclusively from an English landowner's point of view; we having regard to the matter in hand—the Union Chargeability Act—endeavoured to present that view of the subject, which other Englishmen, not being landowners, are very generally compelled by the facts of the case to take. The article to which our correspondent objected consisted, in great part, of passages from addresses made (chiefly by landowners) at various agricultural meetings to illustrate the injurious effects produced by the law of parochial settlement in restricting the freedom and interfering with the comfort and decency of the agricultural working population. And these passages were selected in aid and corroboration of the more recent evidence of like purport, which had been adduced by Mr Villiers in the House of Commons when support-

ing his Union Chargeability Act, confessedly one of the most valuable measures of the past session.

Now, the questions involved in this discussion are far too important to be set aside by any such platitudes as those propounded by our correspondent. It is mere twaddle to say that "the possibility of the labourer falling into pauperism, and so becoming chargeable, is precisely that which it is the object of every landowner, as of every other employer, so far as he can, to prevent; and as a matter of fact, large numbers of aged and even infirm persons are found working upon nearly every estate in the country, whose places might be profitably supplied by the able-bodied," for such statements are wholly beside the question. Indeed those statements evince considerable inaccuracy as regards the facts of the case, for the landowner is not an "employer" of labourers in a commercial or economical sense. It is the tenant-farmer who is the "employer" of the agricultural labourer, and it is the tenant who suffers in his commercial interests when, by the system of management on the estate, of which his farm forms part, labourers are driven out of the parish for a dwelling place, or crowded into insufficient hovels within it. The landowner, it is true, may employ labourers on his demesnes, his pleasure grounds, and his game preserves, but they are merely unproductive labourers, for whom, too, he will continue to find sufficient cottage accommodation.

But what we allege, what the supporters of the Union Chargeability Act asserted and supported by evidence, and what the public at large with all the data before them believe to be the facts, are, that landowners generally are anxious to prevent the existence of any cottages on their estates, or even in their parishes, which are not completely under their own control; that, as the rule, they seek to lessen the number of cottages on their properties, and thereby necessarily to drive away the working people required by their tenants for the cultivation of their farms to a distance; and that the motives frequently avowed, and still more frequently gathered from the observation of acts, for such a course of conduct are, the desire to prevent burthens on the poor rates, and the fear of having too large a population in and about a game-preserved estate. It is hoped, by those who proposed and who approve of the Union Chargeability Act, that the operation of the new law will be to diminish the first of those motives. For removal of the second, we can only trust to the attainment by landowners of a truer sense of their own interests and a higher view of the moral obligations imposed upon them by their position in this country. It is to press upon them sounder views of their interests and their duties, that we often tell them truths they are not perhaps much accustomed to hear, not from any want of sympathy with them or their pursuits. We shall ever denounce the effeminate *battue*, and all the evils it brings on the farmers and farm-labourers; but we regard with interest and approval all such true and manly field sports as are consistent with the economical interests and self-respect of landlords, tenants, and labourers.

One word on the cost of cottage building. Our correspondent, "M.P.," says "cottage building is not in fact remunerative, but when labourers are able or willing to pay for their cottages, good cottages will be built." That may be true enough as a general proposition, and where land is to be had in small quantities. Indeed, under such conditions, where the ordinary law of supply and demand can operate, there is really no difficulty about the supply of cottages. There the labourer gets such accommodation as his means can purchase; but it is in parishes or districts more or less close, where that bugbear of the landowner,—the speculative cottage builder,—can get no footing, that the evil is most rife. From the state of the landed property and the incidental circumstances, the law of supply and demand is inoperative as regards cottages in such districts, and some other influence must be evoked to afford to the agricultural working people the accommodation required for their physical and moral well-being.

# Foreign Correspondence

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Friday.

The *Moniteur* has published the following return of the Bank of France, made up to the 31st inst. The return for the previous week is added:—

DEBTOR

| | Aug. 31, 1865. f | c | | Aug. 24, 1865. f | c |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Capital of the bank | 182,500,000 | 0 | ..... | 182,500,000 | 0 |
| Profits, in addition to capital | 7,044,776 | 2 | ..... | 7,044,776 | 2 |
| Reserve of the bank and branches | 22,105,750 | 14 | ..... | 22,105,750 | 14 |
| New reserve | 4,000,000 | 0 | ..... | 4,000,000 | 0 |
| Notes in circulation and at the branches | 916,501,325 | 0 | ..... | 879,828,825 | 0 |
| Drafts drawn by the bank on the branches of the bank payable in Paris or in the provinces | 9,564,394 | 57 | ..... | 8,176,980 | 35 |
| Treasury account | 156,906,534 | 80 | ..... | 156,287,381 | 18 |
| Accounts current at Paris | 163,885,138 | 75 | ..... | 158,163,408 | 90 |
| Ditto in the provinces | 28,446,712 | 0 | ..... | 31,425,105 | 0 |
| Dividends payable | 1,742,456 | 75 | ..... | 1,834,422 | 75 |
| Various discounts | 4,397,707 | 56 | ..... | 4,014,849 | 69 |
| Re-discounts | 1,427,622 | 17 | ..... | 1,427,623 | 17 |
| Surplus of receipts not distributed | ... | | ..... | 752,993 | 36 |
| Sundries | 10,147,196 | 51 | ..... | 9,739,913 | 96 |
| | 1,508,669,615 | 27 | ..... | 1,467,302,029 | 52 |

CREDITOR.

| | f | c | | f | c |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cash and bullion | 498,958,020 | 67 | ..... | 500,449,290 | 81 |
| Commercial bills overdue | 572,442 | 23 | ..... | 228,275 | 84 |
| Ditto discounted in Paris | 332,560,620 | 76 | ..... | 292,392,830 | 91 |
| Ditto in the branches | 205,111,833 | 0 | ..... | 229,353,418 | 0 |
| Advances on bullion in Paris | 53,115,273 | 25 | ..... | 53,366,073 | 25 |
| Ditto in the provinces | 11,902,000 | 0 | ..... | 11,939,500 | 0 |
| Ditto on public securities in Paris | 14,675,700 | 0 | ..... | 14,760,400 | 0 |
| Ditto in the provinces | 10,226,000 | 0 | ..... | 10,588,800 | 0 |
| Ditto on obligations and railway shares | 30,820,600 | 0 | ..... | 30,559,200 | 0 |
| Ditto in the provinces | 21,078,680 | 0 | ..... | 21,539,680 | 0 |
| Ditto on securities in the Credit Foncier in Paris | 658,600 | 0 | ..... | 664,400 | 0 |
| Ditto in the provinces | 498,150 | 0 | ..... | 523,050 | 0 |
| Ditto to the State | 60,000,000 | 0 | ..... | 60,000,000 | 0 |
| Government stock reserve | 12,980,750 | 14 | ..... | 12,980,750 | 14 |
| Ditto other securities | 36,557,487 | 91 | ..... | 36,557,487 | 91 |
| Securities held | 100,000,000 | 0 | ..... | 100,000,000 | 0 |
| Hotel and property of the bank and branches | 8,426,191 | 0 | ..... | 8,426,191 | 0 |
| Expenses of management | 1,059,273 | 49 | ..... | 905,307 | 53 |
| Sundries | 9,447,892 | 82 | ..... | 12,104,874 | 33 |
| | 1,508,669,615 | 27 | ..... | 1,467,302,029 | 25 |

The Bank return is more satisfactory this week in a commercial point of view—that in which it is chiefly regarded here. The discounts compared with those of last week show an increase of 45,926,000f, the deposits one of 2,744,000f, the circulation of notes of 36,673,000f; whilst the coin and bullion have declined 1,471,000f.

A strange event occurred on the Bourse on Monday, and it has created considerable sensation. Ten or twelve brokers received telegraphic dispatches purporting to come from stock brokers at Lyons, directing them to sell that day quantities, more or less considerable, of Credit Mobilier shares and of *rente*. The reception of so many orders all alike, and at the same time, created suspicion, and inquiries having been instituted it was ascertained that the dispatches were forgeries. The number of Mobilier shares ordered to be sold was about 5,000, and the amount of *rente* about 500,000f (revenue, not capital). The object of the sender of the telegrams was evidently to create a heavy fall not only in Mobilier and *rente*, but in other securities. The affair seems to show that some special precautions must be taken with respect to the transmission of orders by telegraph in Bourse operations.

The Bourse has been animated, and prices, after undergoing fluctuations, stand to-day on the whole higher than they were last week; in certain securities the advance has even been considerable. Today there has been much demand for the first Mexican loan, and it has been done for cash at 1¾ above the quotation of yesterday, and for time at ⅜ths more. The cause of this demand has not been explained. The following are the week's quotations:—

| | Aug. 24. f | c | | Aug. 31. f | c |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Four-and-a-Half | 98 | 0 | ..... | 98 | 0 |
| Fours | ... | | ..... | ... | |
| Threes | 68 | 32½ | ..... | 68 | 90 |
| Thirty years' bonds | 452 | 50 | ..... | 452 | 50 |
| Bank of France | 3600 | 0 | ..... | 3590 | 0 |
| Credit Foncier | 1265 | 0 | ..... | 1340 | 0 |
| Credit Mobilier | 797 | 50 | ..... | 823 | 75 |
| Societe Generale | 597 | 50 | ..... | 617 | 50 |
| Comptoir d'Escompte | 925 | 0 | ..... | 935 | 0 |
| Credit Industriel | 710 | 0 | ..... | 710 | 0 |
| Compagnie Immobiliere | 512 | 50 | ..... | 520 | 0 |
| Transatlantiques Francais | 525 | 0 | ..... | 535 | 0 |
| Messageries Imperiales | 797 | 50 | ..... | 800 | 0 |
| Italian Loan | 65 | 60 | ..... | 66 | 5 |
| Mexican Loan | ... | | ..... | 49 | |
| Ditto of 1865 | 331 | 25 | ..... | 330 | 0 |
| Northern Railway | 1090 | 0 | ..... | 1090 | 0 |
| Orleans | 857 | 50 | ..... | 855 | 0 |
| Eastern | 530 | 0 | ..... | 532 | 50 |
| Mediterranean | 875 | 0 | ..... | 872 | 50 |
| Western | 551 | 25 | ..... | 548 | 75 |
| Southern | 568 | 75 | ..... | 570 | 0 |
| Austrian | 411 | 25 | ..... | 412 | 50 |
| South Austrian Lombard | 488 | 75 | ..... | 475 | 0 |
| Saragossa | 317 | 50 | ..... | 328 | 75 |
| North of Spain | 222 | 50 | ..... | 220 | 0 |

The Council General of departments have held, or are holding, their annual sessions, but the only one that has presented any interest in an economic point of view is that of the Herault, over which, as in preceding years, M. Michael Chevalier presided. The hon. senator, in a speech which, like all his discourses and writings was brilliant, announced the approaching abolition of tonnage dues, and congratulated his hearers on it, not only as a new customs reform of general importance, but as likely to be particularly advantageous to them by attracting a greater number of ships to their ports of Cette and Agde to seek for their productions. He did not, however, predict with equal confidence the adoption of other reforms relative to shipping (one of which is the suppression of differential duties an foreign flags in imports from bonding warehouses) proposed by the Government to the Corps Legislatif in the same bill as that concerning the tonnage dues. But he made the important declaration that "the application of the principle of commercial liberty to maritime industry cannot fail to be closely followed, by the very force of things, by a liberal revision of the Customs tariffs, which constitute only a provisional *regime*." He added that it is probable that before long "cast iron, iron, and machines will be completely freed from Customs duties." The Bill referred to stipulates that such things for building or repairing of ships may be imported free; but M. Michael Cheva-

lier's declaration indicates, it will be seen, a much more general measure. The hon. senator afterwards treated of cheap local railways and other matters. On the former, he gave some very sound advice, and took care to remind his hearers that such railways must be paid for out of their own pockets. The Council afterwards, under the guidance of M. Michael Chevalier, passed resolutions calling for the extension of Customs reforms, and particularly for the repeal of tonnage and differential duties on ships; also for a reduction of the duties on wines, and the levying of them *ad va orem*

An imperial decree settles various matters of detail for the execution of a treaty concluded some time ago between France and Switzerland for the transmission of money by Post-office orders. It is astonishing that a similar treaty was not entered into between England and France long since, considering how vast is the number of Englishmen residing in France, and of Frenchmen in England, and how numerous are the daily remittances from one country to the other. A large portion, perhaps the majority, of these people are of the poorer class, who send and receive small sums, and to whom consequently Post-office orders would be a great convenience. In Paris, such people as a rule do not like going to bankers, and indeed many bankers would not take the trouble of remitting for them; and so they apply to money-changers, who charge them extortionately. I have known as much as 5 francs (4 shillings) exacted for a remittance to London of 8*l*. There would, of course, be no practical difficulty in establishing a system of Post-office orders between England and France, and one would certainly add to the postal revenue of both countries.

A convention between France and Wurtemburg for the protection of literary and artistic property, concluded the 24th April, has been promulgated to-day.

The Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between France and Holland has been promulgated, and, as is known, is to come into force on the 1st September. It establishes for Dutch merchandise imported into France the tariffs and facilities contained in the treaties with Great Britain, Belgium, the Zollverein, Switzerland, Italy, and Sweden and Norway; and it subjects French goods taken into Holland to the general tariff now in force in that country. As regards chemical productions, salt, alcohols, and some other articles, however, excise and octroi duties are to be added in each country to the import duties; but on French wines in Holland the charges of all kinds are to be fixed at 28 florins the hectolitre for the first year, beginning the 1st January next, 26 florins for the second, 24 the third, 20 afterwards. (Twelve florins make 1*l* sterling, and the French hectolitre is rather more than 22 gallons). The engagement is taken by both countries not to prohibit or tax the export of coal, to protect the trade marks of their respective subjects, to allow commercial travellers and the admission of patterns and samples of goods equivalent advantages, to give the usual aid and assistance to consuls, and to extend to shipping in the direct trade the treatment of the most favoured nation. But the chief importance of the convention was in the fact that Holland, for the first time, has consented to relax the rigorous commercial system established in her East Indian possessions. She undertakes that numerous French productions, among them silk and woollen tissues, ready-made clothes and articles of dress, all sorts of paper, hardware, soap, wines, alcohols, pottery, porcelain, and chemical productions, shall from the 1st January next be admitted into those possessions under the tariff dated 3rd July last, which reduces differential duties on foreign imports; and that French ships arriving there or leaving, whether with or without cargoes, shall not pay any duties on their hulls, or be subject to any other formalities than Dutch ships. In return, France consents that Dutch vessels coming from the Dutch East Indies, whether with or without cargoes, shall be treated in France like French; that in French colonies they shall enjoy the same advantages as those of the most favoured nation; and in Algeria, when they go direct from Holland, a reduction of 50 per cent. in the tonnage dues shall be accorded to them. The treaty is to be in force for twelve years. The expectation is that it will considerably increase the trade between France and Holland, and that it will open to France in the Dutch East Indies vast markets in which she has hitherto done little. There is certainly great room for improvement in the commerce of the two countries,—the value of the importations from Holland into France for consumption having been in 1863 (the latest date for which there are returns) only 31,365,897f; and the exports to Holland from France of French productions only 31,375,763f; whilst, as regards the Dutch East Indies, the imports into France for consumption were not more than 9,510,587f; and the exports of French productions, 933,947f.

A return relative to the railways of France for the first six months of the present year, compared with the corresponding period of last, has been issued by the Ministry of Public Works. It shows that the total length worked on the 30th June last was 13,257 kilometres (8,454 miles), and that it was 907 more than on the same date of 1864. The 13,257 kilometres were divided into 7,782 of the old network—that is the original main lines and their annexes, and certain petty concessions; and 5,475 of the new network—that is the prolongations and embranchments on which the Government guarantees interest. The total receipts for the six months of this year were 258,601,928f; of last year, 244,126,675f—increase, 14,475,253f, of which 8,462,735f were for railways of the former category, and 6,012,518f for those of the latter. Taking into account that the length opened on the 30th June in each year was not in operation during the *whole* of the six months ending on that day, it appears that the average receipts per kilometre on the old lines, in the first six months of 1865, were 26,626f, which were 338f more than in the same period of 1864; but that on the new network they were only 9,582f, which were 397f less. The following is a detail of the kilometric receipts of the different times, in the two half-years, with a calculation of the increase or decrease per cent.:—

| Names of Railways. | Receipts per kilometre. First six months of 1865. francs. | Receipts per kilometre. First six months of 1864. francs. | Receipts per cent. per kilometre. Increase. francs. | Receipts per cent. per kilometre. Decrease. francs. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| OLD NETWORK. | | | | |
| Northern | 33,335 | 31,235 | 6.72 | ... |
| Eastern | 24 977 | 23,684 | 5.46 | ... |
| Western | 27,582 | 26,687 | 3.35 | ... |
| Orleans | 19,943 | 20,694 | ... | 3.63 |
| Paris, Lyons, Mediterranean | 34,095 | 34,563 | ... | 1.35 |
| Southern | 19,116 | 18,550 | 3.05 | ... |
| Victor Emmanuel (section du Rhone) | 6,926 | 7,105 | ... | 2.52 |
| Ceinture (round Paris) | 69,127 | 61,963 | 12.65 | ... |
| Epinac to Velars | 8,305 | ... | ... | ... |
| Graissessac to Beziers | 7,504 | 7,805 | ... | 3.09 |
| Bessege to Alais | 29,733 | 29,815 | ... | 0.26 |
| Anzin to Somain | 15,560 | 12,745 | 22.09 | ... |
| Carmaux to Albi | 6,966 | 6,353 | 9.65 | ... |
| La Croix-Rousse to Stathonay | 9,837 | 10,586 | ... | 7.08 |
| NEW NETWORK. | | | | |
| Northern | 9,918 | 9,242 | 7.31 | ... |
| Eastern | 11,576 | 11,486 | 0.78 | ... |
| Western | 6,312 | 6,247 | 1.04 | ... |
| Orleans | 7,653 | 8,012 | ... | 4.48 |
| Paris, Lyons, Mediterranean | 13,394 | 14,960 | ... | 10.47 |
| Southern | 4,255 | 3,805 | 11.83 | ... |

On the whole, the receipts, per kilometre, in the first half of this year, compared with that of last year, are 2.43 per cent. less.

In consequence of attempts having recently been made to damage the Saragossa to Alicant Railway in public estimation, by representing its financial situation and prospects in an extremely unfavourable light, the directors have adopted the, for France, somewhat unusual course in such matters of publishing a reply in the form of a pamphlet. The reply has the merit of being very brief, very clear, and very moderate; and it leaves the impression on the reader, that it speaks the truth and nothing but the truth. It shows that the capital disbursed by the company for the construction of the 1,430 kilometres of railway conceded to it is, in round figures, 328,000,000f, and that there is nothing more to spend on that score. This sum is represented by shares amounting to 120,000,000f, and by bonds of 208,000,000f. To pay both 6 per cent. interest, and to provide each with a sinking fund, an annual revenue of 20,554,000f is necessary. That revenue will be acquired, with gross receipts of 25,250f per kilometre, and working expenses of 43 per cent. Is it unreasonable to expect such receipts? asks the pamphlet. And the answer is—In nowise; for in 1864 the lines produced 21,000f, though they were not completed. The pamphlet observes that complete lines were always more productive than those which are only partially at work; and it states that the railways of the Company go through the richest provinces of Spain, and place Seville, Cordova, Granada, Xeres, and the five great ports—Valencia, Alicant, Malaga, Carthagena, and Cadiz—in communication with the capital and with the North; and that besides the Company's lines will communicate with those of Portugal. It says, moreover, that when the railways shall be fully in operation, nothing will be easier than to reduce the working expenses below the 43 per cent. above-mentioned; and that besides, the Company will soon be able to get coal from the basin of Belmetz on terms which will enable it to affect an economy of nearly 2,000,000f per annum. It is admitted that in the first six months of the present year the receipts were less than those of 1864; but that was owing, it is said, to an inundation which for twenty-one weeks interrupted traffic on the line of Valencia. The pamphlet answers in a manner equally satisfactory some petty objections to certain details in the financial management of the company, and especially the setting aside of the profits of the lines worked as a reserve—a measure by the way which will secure 6 per cent. to the shares this year, and will leave a balance over.

Letters from Honfleur announce that Messrs Dubourg, Goulley, and Co., of that town, sugar refiners, are about to cease business in consequence of their profits having fallen so low as to make it not worth their while to continue. Their establishment was of great importance, the amount of customs duties it paid annually being about 1,000,000f (40,000*l*).

Subjoined is the market report:—

FLOUR.—At *Paris*, certain qualities of flour for consumption are lower, and yesterday the quotation was 47f to 51f 50c the sack of 157 kilogs. The tendency of six marks is downwards. Yesterday, disposable, and September, were offered at 50f 75c, but were taken at 50f 50c, and afterwards there were only buyers at 50f 25c. Type Paris the 101 kilogs was 30f 75c.

WHEAT.—In the provincial markets there is great indecision, many of them having fallen on Saturday and Monday, but having risen on Tuesday and yesterday. The indecision is owing to the uncertainty which exists with regard to the harvest, not only in France, but in other countries. At *Paris*, however, yesterday, sales could only be effected at

quotations below those of last week. New white was 28f to 28f 50c the sack of 120 kilogs; new red, 27f 50c.

COTTON.—The sales at *Havre*, in the week ending Friday, were 4,764 bales, and the arrivals 2,514. The stock was estimated at 36,600 bales. The closing quotations 2f lower for United States, 5f lower for Brazil and Madras. Low New Orleans was consequently 235f the 50 kilogs; good ordinary qualities in Broach, 160f; Tinnevelly, 150f; Madras, 165f; China, 145f; Jumel, 215f. On the first two days of this week calm prevailed, but yesterday the demand was active. Tinnevelly was 150f to 155f; Madras, for delivery from England, 155f; and for delivery in September, 152f 50c; China, 140f and 145f; Japan, 155f.

COFFEE.—At *Havre*, in the week ending Friday, 800 sacks Port-au-Prince, 83f to 83f 50c the 50 kilogs; 340 Jacmel, 80f 30c; 160 Cape, 85f; 680 Rio, 75f to 83f; 951 ditto, for delivery, 78f 50c to 82f 50c; 86 Rio washed, disposable, 105f; 95 for delivery, 93f; 80 Bahia washed, for delivery, 89f 50c; 1,095 Porto Cabello, non-grages, 91f 50c to 92f 50c; 305 Malabar, for delivery, 92f 50c. The arrivals exceeded 2,000 sacks. This week, Hayti, 79f 50c to 83f; Jeremie, for delivery, 80f; Jamaica, 83f; Rio, 73f and 77f 50c: Hayti Cape, 84f. At *Bordeaux*, last week, 800 sacks Mangalore, at prices kept secret; 990, at 115f 25c; 8,340 Costa Rica, at prices not stated; 300 Mysore, 118f; 1,495 Winard, 122f; 89 ditto plantation, 131f 75c; 781 Mysore, for delivery, 118f; 65 La Guayra, non-grage, 95f; 175 ditto, 91f 50c; 650 Rio washed and not washed, 90f and 105f; and by auction 2,389 Maracaibo, 70f to 82f 50c. This week, Rio not washed, 80f and 94f. At *Marseilles* and *Nantes*, this week, no sales.

SUGAR.—Business was not active at *Havre* in the week ending Friday, though holders made concessions. 660 casks French West India, disposable or in the port, 47f 50c the 50 kilogs, bonne quatrieme, duty paid; 30 Havana, 30f 50c, No. 12; 100 of the numbers 15, 16, 17 on the basis of 32f for No. 12. The arrivals exceeded 4,800 casks and 500 sacks. This week, Havana, 39f in bond; French West India, bonne quatrieme, 47f. At *Nantes*, last week, a small quantity of Guadaloupe usine was sold at 47f, bonne quatrieme; and some on sample, 58f. Nothing done in other sorts. Nominal quotations: Reunion, 51f, bonne quatrieme; Mauritius, 51f 75c; Havana, No. 12, 32f. This week, Reunion, bonne quatrieme, 50f 25c; French West India, 46f 50c, bonne quatrieme, and 46f. At *Bordeaux*, last week, 297 casks French West India, 47f; 160 at 46f 50f bonne quatrieme; and some usine, 57f and 57f 50c. This week, French West India, 46f 50c; usine, 53f to 56f 25c, and at different prices. At *Marseilles*, last week, 270 casks French West India, 27f 50c, bonne quatrieme of Havre; 376 casks and 570 sacks Bahia, by English ship in the port, 24f 50c, No. 10; 10,450 casks Porto Rico, by English ship, at prices not stated. By auction, 9,358 bales Mauritius, damaged, by Italian ship, 27f to 27f 75c; and 2,901 casks Havana, by Spanish ship, Nos. 9 to 18, at 24f to 35f. This week, French West India, 27f 50c, bonne quatrieme of Havre; and by auction Mauritius, by English ship, 24f 25c to 27f 75c, Nos. 9½ to 14½.

INDIGO.—The only sales at *Havre*, in the week ending Friday, were 10 chests Bengal new at 55c above the estimates. The arrivals were only 6 serons. No sales this week. At *Bordeaux*, this week, some Bengal and Kurpah at prices not stated.

HIDES.—At *Havre*, in the week ending Friday, 1,450 La Plata dry, 72f to 95f the 50 kilogs; 9,400 ditto salted ox, 51f 75c to 56f; cow, 40f to 45f 50c; 4,450 Rio Grande salted ox, 55f 50c; cow, 40f to 43f 50c; 700 Rio Janeiro salted ox, 50f to 51f; cow, 40f; 750 Pernambuco salted, 47f; 300 Valparaiso drysalted ox, 76f; cow, 66f; 544 salted ox, 51f 75c. By auction, a quantity of Monte Video sound, salted, at 57f 25c to 55f 25c; some dry ox, 72f; and cow, 68f to 66f 50c: some Buenos Ayres salted, 53f and 47f; Rio Janeiro salted. 38f cow to 49f 25c ox. The arrivals were about 5,500. This week, New Orleans salted, 39f; Monte Video dry ox, 85f and 90f; cow, 71f 25c; salted ox, 55f 50c and 59f; salted horse, for delivery, 43f 50c; Rio Grande salted ox, 55f 50c; Buenos Ayres salted cow, 43f 50c; Valparaiso dry, 72f; Nassau salted, 39f.

WOOL.—At *Havre*, in the week ending Friday, 220 bales La Plata unwashed, 1f 65c to 2f 47½c the kilog; 4 bales Monte Video washed, 2f 20c; 83 bales Chili unwashed, 2f 20c; 5 bales Buenos Ayres lambskin unwashed, 1f 20c. The arrivals were 79 bales. This week, Buenos Ayres unwashed 2f 10c and 1f 60c, 200f to 235f the 100 kilogs, and at prices kept secret. Monte Video unwashed, 2f and 2f 30c.

TALLOW.—The demand for La Plata was active at *Havre*, in the week ending Friday, and prices rose: 599 casks disposable, 52f to 53f the 50 kilogs; 2,275 for delivery, 52f to 52f 50c. In other sorts 8 casks New York, 53f. No arrivals. This week, La Plata for delivery, 52f 50c to 53f 50c; New Orleans, 51f. At *Paris*, yesterday, the 100 kilogs, octroi duty included, were 115f 20c.

SEEDS.—At *Paris*, yesterday, 3-6 first quality, disposable, 51f the hectolitre. At *Bordeaux*, the day before yesterday, 3-6 Languedoc, 86 deg., 66f; beetroot, first quality, 90 deg., 60f.

## COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

The subjoined report of the Calcutta money market is dated the 21st of July:—With less anxiety of late as to the course of affairs in Bombay, and considerable improvement in trade, there has been more employment for money, but it is still abundant, and the Bank of Bengal reduced its rates 1 per cent. yesterday. Supplies of specie from abroad continue very large, while exports are almost nil. Government securities have met with active demand during the past week, and transactions have been on a larger scale than for a considerable time previously; an advance of 1½ to 2 per cent. has been established on our last quotations, and there are buyers of 5½ per Cents. at 10¼ prem. Share Market—Bank of Bengal and Bengal Credit Mobilier shares have been freely dealt in at the quotations given. Assam Tea Company's shares have also been in good demand; other descriptions of stock exceedingly dull. Exchange has advanced, and a fair business has been done at from 2-0½d to 2-0¼d for first class 6 months' sight paper, but buyers are now so scarce that a further rise is not improbable. A telegraph dated the 25th ult., states:—Shirtings and twist quiet. Indigo unchanged. Exchange on London, 2s 0¼d. Government Securities—Four per Cents., 92; 5 per Cents., 104. Freight, 45s.

Annexed are the traffic returns of some of the American railways for July:—

| | Miles Open. | 1865. dols. | 1864. dols. | Increase. dols. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago and Alton | 220 | 315,944 | 224,257 | 91,687 |
| Chicago and North-Western | 607 | 688,171 | 477,742 | 210,429 |
| Marietta and Cincinnati | 283 | 108,651 | 89,563 | 19,118 |
| Michigan Southern | 484 | 309,083 | 278,891 | 30,192 |

Annexed are the returns of the Bank of Bengal for the weeks ending July 4 and July 11:—

| Liabilities. | July 4. | July 11. |
|---|---|---|
| Proprietors' capital, paid up | £2,200,000 | £2,200,000 |
| Reserve fund | 174,496 | 174,496 |
| General treasury balance at head office | 425,126 | 645,242 |
| Do. at branches | 942,963 | 846,891 |
| Other deposits at head office and branches | 2,895 332 | 2,973,622 |
| Bank post bills, &c. | 13,126 | 24,645 |
| Bank notes outstanding | 28,924 | 25,354 |
| Sundries | 153,862 | 69,203 |
| | 6,836,829 | 6,959,453 |

| Assets. | July 4. | July 11. |
|---|---|---|
| Government securities, investment No. 1 | £345,990 | £345,990 |
| Loans on Government securities at head office and branches | 1,092,435 | 1,114,620 |
| Accounts of credit on ditto | 128,939 | 127,093 |
| Mercantile bills discounted at ditto | 557,886 | 547,409 |
| Dead stock ditto | 39,845 | 39,832 |
| Stamps ditto | 1,047 | 1,027 |
| Balances with other banks | 40,787 | 41,940 |
| Sundries | 57,064 | 56,350 |
| Cash and currency notes at head office | 3,048,536 | 3,102,832 |
| Cash and currency notes including Treasury balance at branches | 1,524,289 | 1,582,361 |
| | 6,836,823 | 6,959,463 |

Via the Persian Gulf, we have intelligence from Bombay to Aug. 26. At that date, the rate of exchange on London, and the price of Government securities were as follows:—Exchange on London, 2s 0¼d. Government Securities—Four per Cents., 91¼; 5 per Cents., 104¼; 5½ per Cents., 110¼.

Messrs Dymes and Co., writing from Madras on the 27th of July, thus allude to the state of the money market:—The market continues easy and bank rates remain unchanged at 6 per cent. for advances on Government securities, and 8 per cent. on private bills having three months to run. Madras Bank Shares—The speculation caused by the declaration of the dividend was followed by a reaction, and sales were effected as low as 68 premium, but latterly a portion of this decline has been recovered, and present quotations are 74 to 75 premium. Government paper is firm at about previous rates. We quote 5½ per Cents. 9¾ premium, 5 per Cents. 4 premium, and 4 per Cents. 10 to 10½ discount. Exchange is a trifle higher, being at 2s 5-16d for first class credits, and 2s ½d to 2s 9-16d for document bills. The banks' drawing rate on London remains unchanged at 1s 11¾d 6 months' sight. Sovereigns—English 10-7 rs each; Australian, 10-1-6 rs each.

In reference to bullion movements at Hong Kong, during the fortnight ending July 12, Messrs Sharpe and Co. write as follows:—Gold.—The amounts received since last issue are about equal from the North of China and from San Francisco, and altogether reach a total of $460,000. The exports, including those per Ottawa last mail and excluding those to leave to-morrow, are $260,000. The imports include 17,000*l* received in Sydney sovereigns. Silver—In bar silver and Sycee about $150,000 value has come to hand, of which $100,000 worth has been shipped away. Dollar Currency—The movements have been less this fortnight than for two or three mails past, and amount inwards to $470,000 and outwards to $1,090,000; clean Mexicans having receded in Shanghai, the value has also gone back here. Discounts and mortgages—Money is in pretty good demand, and round sums have been done at a trifling advance. Say discounts at 8 per cent., and mortgages at 9 per cent. The rate of exchange is but little altered. Closing Quotations—On London, 6 months' sight, 4s 5¾d; on Calcutta, 3 days' sight, 217 rs; on Bombay, 3 days' sight, 218 rs; on Shanghai, 10 days' sight, 72¼ tls; do. 30 days' sight, 73 tls; on Ningpo, 30 days' sight, 73½ tls.; Foochow, 15 days' sight, ½ per cent dis.; Amoy, 15 days' sight, 1 per cent. dis.; Singapore, 30 days' sight, par; bar silver, San Francisco (997,998), 10¼ per cent. pm.; Sycee, 8¾ per cent. prem.; Mexicans, Shanghai currency, 2 per cent. prem.; ditto unchopped, 1¼ per cent. prem.; gold leaf, $22.85 per tael; sovereigns, Sydney, $4.50 each; discount, 8 per cent.; Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Company shares, 5 per cent. prem.; Union Dock shares, 7 per cent. prem.

The following returns show the state of the note circulation of the United Kingdom during the four weeks ending July 22, 1865, compared with the previous month:—

| | June 24, 1865. | July 22, 1865. | Increase. | Decrease. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Bank of England | 20877112 | 21993548 | 1116436 | ... |
| Private Banks | 2806772 | 2882093 | ... | 14679 |
| Joint Stock Banks | 2747068 | 2759142 | 12074 | ... |
| Total in England | 26430972 | 27634803 | 1128510 | 14679 |
| Scotland | 4557706 | 4371737 | ... | 185969 |
| Ireland | 5762203 | 5718427 | ... | 43781 |
| United Kingdom | 36840886 | 37724967 | 1128510 | 244429 |

And, as compared with the month ending the 23rd of July, 1864, the above returns show an increase of 294,119*l* in the circulation of notes in England, and an increase of 788,366*l* in the circulation of the United Kingdom. On comparing the above with the fixed issues of the several banks the following is the state of the circulation:—The English private banks are below their fixed issue 1,306,998*l*, the English joint stock banks are below their fixed issue 497,195*l*,—total below fixed issue in England, 1,774,193*l*: the Scotch banks are above their fixed issue 1,622,460*l*; the Irish banks are below their fixed issue 636,067*l*. The average stock of bullion held by the Bank of England in both departments during the month ending July 19 was 15,774,690*l*, being a decrease of 235,231

as compared with the previous month, and an increase of 2,024,357*l* when compared with the same period last year. The following are the amounts of specie held by the Scotch and Irish banks during the month:—Gold and silver held by the Scotch banks, 2,408,292*l*; gold and silver held by the Irish banks, 2,078,443*l*; total 4,486,735*l*; being a decrease of 80,415*l* as compared with the previous return, and an increase of 258,984*l* when compared with the corresponding period last year.

During the week ending Aug. 30, the imports of the precious metals were:—Gold, 379,790*l*; silver, 203,267*l*. The exports were:—Gold, 37,807*l*; silver, 106,348*l*.

**TO READERS AND CORRESPONDENTS.**

Communications must be authenticated by the name of the writer

The Editor of the ECONOMIST cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

W.—A stamp is not required.

# The Bankers' Gazette.

## BANK RETURNS AND MONEY MARKET.

### BANK OF ENGLAND.

(From the GAZETTE.)

AN ACCOUNT pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32. for the week ending on Wednesday, the 30th day of August, 1865.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

| | £ | | £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Notes issued | 28,215,865 | Government Debt | 11,015,100 |
| | | Other Securities | 3,634,900 |
| | | Gold Coin and Bullion | 13,565,865 |
| | | Silver Bullion | ... |
| | 28,215,865 | | 28,215,865 |

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

| | £ | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Proprietors' Capital | 14,553,000 | Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity) | 10,384,209 |
| Rest | 3,508,037 | Other Securities | 21,256,716 |
| Public Deposits, including Exchequer, Savings Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts | 6,094,785 | Notes | 6,617,805 |
| Other Deposits | 14,492,034 | Gold and Silver Coin | 923,747 |
| Seven Day and other Bills | 534,621 | | |
| | 39,182,477 | | 39,182,477 |

THE OLD FORM.

The above Bank accounts would, if made out in the old form, present the following result:—

| Liabilities. | £ | Assets. | £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Circulation (including Bank post bills) | 22,132,681 | Securities | 31,737,925 |
| Public Deposits | 6,094,785 | Coin and Bullion | 14,489,612 |
| Private Deposits | 14,492,034 | | |
| | 42,719,500 | | 46,227,537 |

Dated the 31st August 1865. W. MILLER, Chief Cashier.

The balance of Assets above Liabilities being 3,508,037*l*, as stated in the above account under the head REST.

FRIDAY NIGHT.

The preceding accounts, compared with those of last week, exhibit—

| | |
|---|---|
| A DECREASE of Circulation of | £177,925 |
| AN INCREASE of Public Deposits of | 512,542 |
| A DECREASE of Other Deposits of | 222,551 |
| No change in Government Securities. | |
| A DECREASE of Other Securities of | 157,213 |
| AN INCREASE of Bullion of | 268,483 |
| A DECREASE of Rest of | 796 |
| AN INCREASE of Reserve of | 446,548 |

The above return shows a considerable accession to the resources of the Bank. A large increase has taken place both in the bullion and reserve, while the other securities have again declined. Although a rather heavy withdrawal has taken place of the other deposits, the public deposits present an augmentation of over half a million.

Subjoined is our usual table, affording a comparative view of the Bank returns, the Bank rate of discount, the price of Consols, the price of wheat, and the leading exchanges, during a period of four years, corresponding with the present date, as well as ten years back, viz., in 1855:—

| At corresponding dates with the present week | 1855. | 1862. | 1863. | 1864. | 1865. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Circulation, including bank post bills | 21,084,481 | 22,348,918 | 21,920,722 | 21,269,324 | 22,132 681 |
| Public deposits | 7,267,969 | 7,671,934 | 6,816,182 | 5 815,742 | 6,094 785 |
| Other deposits | 11,098,018 | 14,973,470 | 13,261,512 | 13,073,751 | 14,492,034 |
| Government securities | 13,031,088 | 11,069,942 | 11,091,284 | 10,797,095 | 10,384,209 |
| Other securities | 15,661,985 | 19,641 806 | 18,992,100 | 20,164,246 | 21,256,716 |
| Reserve of notes & coin | 8,834,488 | 10,965,925 | 8,953,604 | 6,891,933 | 7,541,552 |
| Coin and bullion | 14,939,118 | 17,825,220 | 15,494,219 | 12,980,035 | 14,489,612 |
| Bank rate of discount | 3½ p c. | 2 p. c. | 4 p. c. | 8 p. c. | 4 p. c. |
| Price of Consols | 90¾ | 93¾ | 93¾ | 88½ | 89¾ |
| Average price of wheat | 72s 7d | 58s 4d | 45s 9d | 42s 5d | 45s 4d |
| Exchange on Paris (shrt) | 25 12½ 17½ | 25 15 22½ | 25 25 35 | 25 25 30 | 25 20 25 |
| — Amsterdam ditto | 11 16 16½ | 11 15 15½ | 11 17 17½ | 11 18 19 | 11 18½ 19 |
| — Hamburg (3 months) | 13 8½ 8½ | 13 7½ 8½ | 13 8½ 9 | 13 9½ 9½ | 13 10 10½ |

In the corresponding week of 1855, the siege works around Sebastopol were progressing satisfactorily. Great activity prevailed in the manufacturing districts of France. The banks at Bombay had reduced their rates of interest.

In 1862, Garibaldi and his forces had landed at Calabria, where they had been defeated by the Royal troops, Garibaldi himself being wounded and taken prisoner. Severe fighting had taken place in America between Generals Pope and Jackson, the advantage remaining with the Confederates. Money was plentiful in the London market.

In 1863, the matter most attracting attention was the negotiation going on between the Emperor Louis Napoleon and the Archduke Maximilian respecting Mexico, the territories of the Republic having been partly taken possession of by the French armies.

In 1864, the Duke of Augustenburg had depatched a memorial to Frankfort, establishing his claim to the Schleswig-Holstein throne, as demanded by the Federal Diet. At Athens an insulting letter, addressed to the King by a member of the Opposition, had given rise to an exciting sitting of the assembly. Disturbances continued in some parts of Algeria. In America, Colonel Anderson had surrendered Fort Gaines to the Federals. The whole Confederate fleet had been sunk, captured, or destroyed. Admiral Farragut had commenced shelling Fort Morgan. General Grant's 5th corps had been surprised and defeated by the Confederates, with a loss of 3,000 men. The London discount market was easier, and the supply of money abundant.

The amount of the "other" deposits, as compared with the "other" securities, showed, in 1855, a deficiency of 4,563,967*l*; in 1862, a deficiency of 4,668,336*l*; in 1863, a deficiency of 5,730,588*l*; and in 1864, a deficiency of 7,090,495*l*. In 1865, the deficiency is 6,764,682*l*.

DISCOUNT AND MONEY MARKET.—The demand for money this week has been exceedingly moderate, both at the Bank and in the open market, and the general rate for the best short paper has declined to 3¾ per cent., with exceptional transactions at 3⅝. Six months bills are more readily taken. To-day there has been a rather better inquiry as customary on a Friday. The present quiet state of the discount market is in a great degree the result of a belief that the influx of gold into the Bank, and the accumulation of the reserve, point to a speedy reduction in the minimum. Annexed are the current charges for paper of various dates:—

| | |
|---|---|
| 30 to 60 days | 3¾ per cent. |
| 3 months | 3⅞ per cent. |
| 4 months | 4¼ per cent |
| 6 months—Bank bills | 4½ per cent. |
| 6 months—Trade ditto | 5 per cent. |

On the Stock Exchange there has been an increased demand for loans, large sums having been withdrawn by the bankers and discount houses to provide for the railway dividends falling due to-day, and the rate advanced to 3 to 4 per cent.

Subjoined are the rates of interest allowed on deposits:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Joint Stock Banks | *3 per cent. |
| Discount houses at call | 3 per cent. |
| Do. with seven days' notice | 3¼ per cent. |
| Do. fourteen days | 3½ per cent. |

* At the London and Westminster 2 per cent. only on sums below 500*l*

About 10,000*l* in gold was taken to the Bank yesterday, and 26,000*l* to-day.

The Stock Exchange Committee have appointed Friday, the 1st September, a special settling day in the ordinary stock, deferred dividend, of the Great Northern Railway Company, which is to be marked in the official list; and Tuesday, 5th September, in the new shares of the Illinois Central Railroad Company. All claims for new shares are to be settled on the same day.

The Bank of France return for the week exhibits an increase of about 59,000*l* in the bullion.

The following are the rates of discount in the chief cities of the Continent, showing no alteration:—

| | Bank Rate. Per cent. | Open Market. Per cent. |
|---|---|---|
| Paris | 3 | 2¾ 3 |
| Vienna | 5 | 5 |
| Berlin | 4 | 3½ |
| Frankfort | 4 | 3 |
| Amsterdam | 3 | 3 |
| Turin | 5 | 4½ 5 |
| Brussels | 4 | 3½ |
| Madrid | 9 | ... |
| Hamburg | ... | 3½ ½ |
| St Petersburg | 6 | 6½ |

ENGLISH FUNDS.—Consols this week have advanced ⅛ to ¼ per cent., but remain without much inherent buoyancy, the public continuing to purchase only to a moderate extent. As

for some time past investments yielding a higher rate of interest have been chiefly in favour, and hence while good railway stocks improve 2 or 3 per cent., the funds are only a fraction higher. The closing price this evening for money and the present account was 89⅞ to 90, and for October 90⅛ to 90¼. Reduced and New Three per Cents. left off at 89¾ to 89⅞.

The Government broker continues his purchases for the sinking fund, the amount taken to-day having been 10,000*l* New Three per Cents.

Indian Five per Cents. have improved to 105⅜ to 105⅝, while Exchequer bills remain without alteration at 3s discount to 1s premium.

Foreign Stocks.—The chief movement in the foreign market has been a rise in Spanish Passive and Certificates, especially the latter. Egyptian Seven per Cents. of 1864 have also advanced. Brazilian stocks remain without material recovery, owing to the continuance of the war in South America. Turkish Consolides at one period fell to 48⅛ to 48⅜, but afterwards rallied to 48½ to 48¾, or a fraction lower than last Friday. The Anglo-Turkish loans, on the other hand, have generally improved, particularly that of 1862. There has been a better demand for Mexican, Russian, and other bonds, the former having especially risen. United States Five-twenties are rather less steady, at 68⅝ to 68⅞.

The final price of French 3 per Cent. Rentes on the Paris Bourse, this evening, was 69f 20c, showing a rise of about three-eighths compared with yesterday, and of nearly seven-eighths over last Friday. The present price, however, is for the new account at the end of the month.

Subjoined is a list of the highest and lowest prices of Consols every day, and the closing quotations of the principal English and foreign stocks last Friday and this day :—

CONSOLS.

| | Money. Lowest. | Money. Highest. | Account. Lowest. | Account. Highest. | Exchequer Bills |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Saturday | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 3s dis |
| Monday | 89½ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 3s dis |
| Tuesday | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | par |
| Wednesday | 89½ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 3s dis |
| Thursday | 89½ | 90 | 89⅞ | 90 | 3s dis par |
| Friday | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ | 3s dis par |

| | Closing prices last Friday. | Closing prices this day. |
|---|---|---|
| 3 per cent consols, account | 89⅞ ⅞ | 89⅞ 90 |
| — — money | 89⅞ ⅞ | 89⅞ 90 |
| New 3 per cents | 89⅞ ⅞ | 89⅞ 90 |
| 3 per cent. reduced | 89⅞ ⅞ | 89⅞ 90 |
| Exchequer bills March | 3s dis 1s pm | 3s dis par |
| — — June | 3s dis 1s pm | 3s dis par |
| Bank stock | 248 50 | 248 50 |
| East India stock | 218 20 | 218 20 |
| — 5 per cents | 105 ½ | 105⅛ ⅞ |
| Dutch 2½ per cents | 61½ 2 | 61½ 2½ |
| — 4 per cents | 97½ 8½ | 97½ 8½ |
| Egyptian 7 per cents, 1862 | 97½ 8½ | 94½ 5½ xd |
| — — 852 | ... | ... |
| Mexican 3 per cents | 23½ ⅞ | 24 ½ |
| New Granada 2 per cents | 29 31 | 30 32 |
| Peruvian 4½ per cents, 1862 | 76½ 7½ | 76 8 |
| Portuguese 3 per cents, 1853 | 47½ ½ | 47 ½ |
| — — 1862 | 47½ ½ | 47 ½ |
| Russian 5 per cents, 1822 | 93 4 | 90½ 1½ xd |
| — — 1862 | 92¾ ⅞ | 92¾ 3½ |
| Sardinian 5 per cents | 75 7 | 76 8 |
| Spanish 3 per cents | 47 ½ | 47¼ ¾ |
| — 3 per cent deferred | 39½ ⅞ | 39 ½ |
| — Passive | 29½ ⅞ | 29¼ ⅞ |
| — Certificates | 14 ½ | 14¼ ¾ |
| Turkish 6 per cents, 1854 | 93½ 4 | 94 ½ |
| — 1858 | 74½ 5 | 71½ 2 xd |
| — 1862 | 73½ ¾ | 74 ½ |
| Turkish 4 pr cent guaranteed | 100 1 xd | 100 2 |
| Venezuela 6 per cents 1862 | 38½ ⅞ | 38½ 9½ |
| Italian 5 per cents | 64½ ½ | 64½ ⅞ |

Railways and other Shares.—A large business has been transacted in the market for British railway securities during the week, and in nearly every description an advance has taken place. London and North-Western and Metropolitan stocks have been chiefly in demand. The public continue to purchase the best railway securities for investment, while the sales, on the other hand, have been chiefly speculative. Hence, at the settlement this week the supply of stock was extremely scanty, and prices took an immediate rise. The abundance of money, the increasing traffic returns, and the favourable weather have also contributed to strengthen this market.

British colonial descriptions have not greatly varied, but show a general upward tendency. Foreign shares have also been firm, and occasionally higher.

In the miscellaneous market, the principal feature has been an active demand for joint stock banks, especially East Indian descriptions, which have latterly been unduly depressed by the late crisis in Bombay and Calcutta. Some of the oldest established home establishments have also improved, particularly London and County and London Joint Stock.

Subjoined is the usual list of the closing prices of the principal railway shares last Friday and this day :—

| RAILWAYS. | Closing prices last Friday] | Closing prices this day. |
|---|---|---|
| Bristol and Exeter | 96 8 | 94 6 xd |
| Caledonian | 133 4 | 134 5 |
| Great Eastern | 45½ 6½ | 47 8 |
| Great Northern | 131 3 | 130 2 xd |
| — A Stock | 149 50 | 150½ 1½ xd |
| Great Western | 65½ 6 | 67 ½ |
| Lancashire and Yorkshire | 118 ½ | 119½ 20 |
| London, Brighton, and S. Coast | 103 5 | 103 5 |
| London, Chatham, and Dover | 38 40 | 38 40 |
| London and Blackwall | 90 2 | 88 90 |
| London and North-Western | 125½ 6 | 124 ½ xd |
| London and South-Western | 98½ 9½ | 96½ 7½ |
| Metropolitan | 133 4 | 135½ 6½ |
| Midland | 130½ 1 | 128½ ½ xd & n |
| North British | 55 6 | 59 61 |
| North-Eastern—Berwick | 111½ 12½ | 110½ ½ xd |
| — York | 103½ 4½ | 103 ½ xd |
| North Staffordshire | 75 7 | 76 8 |
| Oxford, West Midland | 44 6 | 45 7 |
| South-Eastern | 78½ 9½ | 81 2 |
| South Wales | 63 5 | 63 5 |
| British Possessions. | | |
| Bombay and Baroda | 101 2 | 101 2 |
| East Indian guar 5 per cent | 103 4 | 103 4 |
| Grand Trunk of Canada | 17½ 18½ | 17½ 18½ |
| Great Indian Peninsular g 5 pc | 103 4 | 103½ 4½ |
| Great Western of Canada | 11½ 12½ | 12⅜ ⅞ |
| Madras guar 5 per cent | 101 2 | 101 2 |
| Scinde guar 5 per cent | 99½ 100½ | 100 1 |
| — Delhi shares guar 5 p c | 99½ 100½ | 100 1 |
| Foreign Shares. | | |
| Bahia and San Francisco | 13⅜ 14½ | 14 ½ |
| Dutch Rhenish | 7½ ⅞ pm | 7½ ½ |
| Eastern of France | 20½ 1½ | 20½ 1½ |
| Great Luxembourg | 15⅜ ⅞ | 15½ ⅞ |
| Northern of France | 42½ 3½ | 42½ 3½ |
| Paris, Lyons, & Mediterranean | 34½ 5½ | 34 5 |
| Paris and Orleans | 33½ 4½ | 33½ 4½ |
| Sambre and Meuse | 6¾ 7 | 6¾ 7 |
| S. Austrian & Lomb.-Venetian | 19½ ½ | 18⅞ 19 |
| Recife and San Francisco | 12 14 | 12 14 |
| Western & N-Wstrn of France | 21 2 | 21 2 |

Bullion.—The following is the weekly circular of Messrs Pixley, Abell, and Langley on the transactions in bullion during the week, and in Indian rupee paper:—

Gold.—The orders for export having nearly all been executed, gold has been sent into the Bank, that establishment having purchased 293,600*l* since our last circular of the 24th instant; further amounts will follow, as we have to announce the under-mentioned arrivals:—Golden City, from Sydney, with 50,000*l*; the Asia, from Boston, with 5,000*l*; the City of Boston, from New York, with 26,000*l*; the Seine, from the West Indies, with 130,000*l*. About 9,000*l* in sovereigns has been sent to Alexandria.

Silver.—The Poonah has taken 6,100*l* for Bombay, and a further sum of 50,000*l* will be sent to Marseilles for shipment; our market is, however, very quiet, and the arrival of 130,000*l* by the Seine from the West Indies, will rather tend to weaken prices, there being at present but little demand for the East.

Mexican Dollars.—The Seine has brought about 80,000*l* of this coin. The market is, however, exceedingly dull at our last quotation, and there is but little business doing.

Exchange on India for drafts by the banks at 60 days' sight remains about the same as last week, viz., 1s 1⅞d to 1s 1¾d Calcutta and Madras, and 1s 11¾d to 2s Bombay.

India Government Loan Notes are unchanged, and may be quoted 108½ to 109½ for 5½ per Cents., 100½ to 101½ for 5 per Cents., and 88 to 90 for 4 per Cents.

Quotations for Bullion.—Gold—Bar gold, 77s 9d per oz std, last price; ditto, fine, 77s 9d per oz std; ditto, refinable, 77s 10½d per oz std, last price; Spanish doubloons, 74s 9d to 75s 3d per oz; South American doubloons, 73s 9d to 74s per oz; United States gold coin, 76s 3d per oz. Silver—Bar silver, 5s 0⅝d to 5s 0⅞d per oz std; ditto, containing 5 grs gold, 5s 1d per oz std. last price; Mexican dollars, 5s 0½d per oz, last price, flat; 5-franc pieces, 4s 11½d to 4s 11¾d per oz, nearest. Quicksilver, 8*l* per bottle; discount, 3 per cent.

Foreign Exchanges.—There has been no material change this week, but the rates were generally steady.

Railway Dividends.—At the approaching meeting of the Great Western Railway, the half-yearly dividend on the original stock will be officially proposed, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, against 3 for the corresponding period of 1864; West Midland and Oxford, 1⅛ against 2¼; West Midland and Newport, ⅞ against 1¼; West Midland and Hereford, 5 against 5; and South Wales, 3¼ against 3½.

The proposed dividend of the North British Railway Company is at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum on the ordinary stock against 2 per cent. in 1864, on the Border Union stock 4½ against 3, and on the Edinburgh and Perth 1 per cent. against 2¾.

Failures and Mercantile Embarrassments.—The banking firm of Messrs Ketchum, Sons, and Co., of New York, have suspended payment, owing to the discovery of a large issue of forged gold certificates, and an abstraction of funds, by Mr Edward Ketchum, one of the partners.

A meeting of the creditors of Messrs Scott, Bell, and Co., East Indian merchants, who suspended payment on the 6th

July, was held on Thursday last, when it was unanimously resolved to wind up the estate under inspection.

PUBLIC COMPANIES.—At the meeting of the Southampton Dock Company on Wednesday, the net profit was stated at 6,760*l*, and a distribution was ordered of 2 per cent. for the half-year.

The British and Californian Banking Company (Limited) have announced an ad interim dividend of 4*l* per share, for the half-year ended the 30th of June.

At the meeting of the British and Foreign Railway Plant Company held on the 30th inst., a dividend was declared at the rate of 10 per cent. for the past six months, being, with an ad interim payment already made, and a bonus on the shares of the new issue, equal to 20 per cent. per annum.

The report of the directors of Messrs Pile, Spence, and Co. (Limited) exhibits a profit of 20,082*l* for the half-year ending June 30. The directors recommend that the sum of 10,980*l* should be carried to reserve fund, leaving a balance available for dividend of 9,100*l*, being at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, on the paid-up capital of the company.

The half-yearly meeting of the General Steam Navigation Company was held on Tuesday, when the directors' report was unanimously adopted, and a dividend of 14s per share, being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, was declared.

The meeting of the West London Wharves and Warehouses Company took place on Tuesday. The directors' report was agreed to, and it was announced that the 7 per cent. guaranteed interest on the capital called up will be paid on the 30th September.

A prospectus has been just issued of the Birkenhead Amalgamated Brewery Company (Limited). This company has been formed for the purchase of the Argyle and Anchor Breweries, two of the largest and most prosperous private breweries in Cheshire. The capital is 300,000*l*, in 15,000 of 20*l* each. Mr Henry K. Aspinall and Mr W. H. Cook, who have been for many years the managing proprietors of the Anchor and Argyle Breweries, will still retain an oversight of the affairs of the company, Mr Aspinall being the managing director, and Mr Cook the secretary.

The directors of the Delhi and London Bank (Limited) have declared an interim dividend of 10 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, for the three months ended the 30th June last, payable on and after the 1st September.

At the half-yearly meeting of the Bank of Australasia, held on Monday, the directors' report, announcing the proposed payment in October, of a dividend and bonus at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, was adopted. This allows 2*l* 16s on each old, and 2*l* 2s on each new share. In future the old and new shares will stand on the same footing.

At the meeting of Halcombe and Co., Sack Contractors (Limited), a dividend was declared at the rate of 6 per cent. for the half-year, making a total of 12 per cent. for the twelve months.

The directors of Moore, McQueen, and Company (Limited), have announced an ad interim dividend, at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, for the three months ended the 30th June last, payable on and after the 1st September.

It is announced that Mr M. G. Alberti, of the firm of Oppenheim, Alberti, and Co., has joined the council of direction of the Imperial Ottoman Bank at Constantinople.

The Alliance Bank have made a call of 5*l* per share on the new shares issued in 1864.

The directors of the City of Milan Improvements Company have received a report from their architect as to the progress of the works at present being carried on, of which the following is an abridgement:—On the 30th September next, the works will extend over an area of about 10,000 metres more than those already acquired. The buildings already commenced (on an area of 4,000 square metres), will be finished ready for letting, by the 30th September, 1866—the ordinary period for letting in Milan. The construction of the buildings to be commenced on the 30th September, 1865, will also be pushed on with the greatest rapidity, so that the shops, warehouses, and a portion of the apartments may be let by the 30th of September, 1866, and the remaining portion at Easter, 1867. When the new buildings are all completed, the probable revenue will be 2,640,000f, equal to 105,600*l*, arising as follows:—

| | | francs. |
|---|---|---|
| From the Ground Floors | | 1,310,000 |
| — | Entre-sols | 210,000 |
| — | 1st Floors | 755,000 |
| — | 2nd — | 150,000 |
| — | 3rd — | 113,000 |
| — | 4th — | 76,000 |
| — | Vaults | 26,000 |
| | | 2,640,000 |

Or £105,600 a year.

MISCELLANEOUS.—The following notice relative to the debt of New Granada has been forwarded to the Stock Exchange by Messrs Baring Brothers and Co.:—Messrs Baring Brothers and Co. having received by this mail an account of the New Granada dividends, from the custom-house of Santa Marta, 5,420*l*; from the custom-house of Cartagena, 800*l* 0s 1d; from the custom-house of San José de Cucuta, 633*l* 12s 7d; total, 6,853*l* 12s 8d.—August 31st, 1865.

With regard to the Venezuela 6 per Cent. loan of 1864, the annexed statement has also been published:—

The General Credit and Finance Company of London (Limited) are in receipt of advices from their agents, Messrs H. N. Boulton and Co., dated La Guayra, Aug. 9, 1865, of duties collected as follows, on account of the above loan:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| For statement, No. 53, from Puerto Cabello | | $10,150 56 |
| — | No. 54, — | 2,184 35 |
| — | No. 41, from La Guayra | 4,930 51 |
| — | No. 42, — | 20,254 64 |
| | Total | $37,520 06 |

The mail from Guayaquil has brought a remittance of 600*l* on account of the dividends on the debt of Ecuador.

COURSE OF THE EXCHANGES.

| | Time. | Tuesday. Prices negotiated on 'Change. | | Friday. Prices negotiated on 'Change. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amsterdam | short. | 11 18⅛ | 11 19⅛ | 11 18⅛ | 11 19 |
| Ditto | 3 ms. | 12 1 | 12 1⅛ | 12 1 | 12 1⅛ |
| Rotterdam | — | 12 1 | 12 1⅛ | 12 1 | 12 1 |
| Antwerp | — | 25 50 | 25 55 | 25 52½ | 25 57½ |
| Brussels | — | 25 50 | 25 55 | 25 52½ | 25 57½ |
| Hamburg | — | 13 10 | 13 10½ | 13 10 | 13 10½ |
| Paris | short | 25 17½ | 25 27½ | 25 25 | 25 25 |
| Ditto | 3 ms. | 25 42½ | 25 47½ | 25 42½ | 25 47½ |
| Marseilles | — | 25 45 | 25 50 | 25 45 | 25 50 |
| Frankfort on the Main | — | 121½ | 121½ | 121 | 121½ |
| Vienna | — | 11 20 | 11 25 | 11 20 | 11 25 |
| Trieste | — | 11 20 | 11 25 | 11 20 | 11 25 |
| Petersburg | — | 30½ | 30⅝ | 30⅝ | 30½ |
| Berlin | — | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Madrid | — | 47⅝ | 47⅞ | 47⅝ | 47⅞ |
| Cadiz | — | 47½ | 47⅞ | 47½ | 47⅞ |
| Leghorn | — | 25 57½ | 25 62½ | 25 57½ | 25 62½ |
| Milan | — | 25 55 | 25 60 | 25 55 | 25 60 |
| Genoa | — | 25 55 | 25 62½ | 25 55 | 25 60 |
| Naples | — | 25 57½ | 25 62½ | 25 57½ | 25 62½ |
| Palermo | — | 25 57½ | 25 62½ | 25 57½ | 25 62½ |
| Messina | — | 25 57½ | 25 62½ | 25 57½ | 25 62½ |
| Lisbon | — | 51⅝ | 51½ | 51⅝ | 51½ |
| Oporto | — | 51⅝ | 51⅝ | 51⅝ | 51⅝ |
| Rio Janeiro | — | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| New York | — | ... | ... | ... | ... |

FOREIGN RATES OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON

| | Latest Dates | Rates of Exchange on London | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Paris | Sept. 1 | 25 20 | 3 days' sight |
| — | — 1 | 24 97½ | 3 month's date |
| Antwerp | — 1 | 25 26 27½ | 3 days' sight |
| Amsterdam | — 1 | 11 95⅝ | 3 — |
| — | — 1 | 11 85 7½ | 2 months' date |
| Hamburg | — 1 | 13 7½ | 3 days' sight |
| — | — 1 | 13 5½ | 2 months' date |
| St Petersburg | — 1 | 31⅞ | 3 — |
| Lisbon | Aug. 30 | 55 | 90 day' sight |
| Gibraltar | — 28 | 49⅝ | 3 months' date |
| New York | — 19 | 155⅝ | 60 days' sight |
| Jamaica | — 8 | 2½ per cent. pm | 30 — |
| — | — 8 | 2 per cent. pm | 60 — |
| — | — 8 | 1½ per cent. pm | 90 — |
| Havana | — 6 | 27½ ⅜ | 90 — |
| Rio de Janeiro | — 9 | 23½ ½ | 60 — |
| Bahia | — 13 | 24½ ½ | 60 — |
| Pernambuco | — 16 | 24½ ½ | 60 — |
| Buenos Ayres | July 27 | 49½ ⅝ | 60 — |
| Singapore | Aug. 5 | 4s 5⅝d | 6 months' sight |
| Ceylon | — 3 | 3 per cent. dis | 6 — |
| Bombay | — 26 | 2s 0⅛d | 6 — |
| Calcutta | — 25 | 2s 0⅛d | 6 — |
| Hong Kong | July 31 | 4s 5½d 6d | 6 — |
| Mauritius | Aug. 3 | ½ per cent. pm | 90 days' sight |
| Sydney | July 26 | 1 1⅛ pm | 30 — |
| Valparaiso | — 17 | 46½ 7 | 60 — |

COMPARATIVE EXCHANGES.

The quotation of gold at Paris is about 1½ per mille premium, and the short exchange on London is 25.22½ per 1*l* sterling. On comparing these rates with the English Mint price of 3*l* 17s 10½d per ounce for standard gold, it appears that gold is nearly 2-10ths per cent. dearer in London than in Paris.

The course of exchange at New York on London for bills at 60 days' sight is 109 to 109¼ per cent. At these rates there is no profit on the importation of gold from the United States.

# BANKERS' PRICE CURRENT.

## PRICES OF ENGLISH STOCKS.

| | Sat. | Mon. | Tues | Wed. | Thur. | Fri. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| per Cent. Consols | 89⅝ ¾ | 89½ ⅝ | 89⅝ ¾ | 89⅝ ¾ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ |
| Do. for account Sept. 7 | 89¾ ⅞ | 89⅝ ¾ | 89¾ | 89¾ ⅞ | 89⅞ | 89⅞ |
| 3 per Cent. Reduced | 89½ ⅝ | 89⅝ | 89⅝ ¾ | 89⅝ ¾ | 89¾ 90 | 89⅞ 90 |
| New 3 per Cent. | 89½ ⅝ | 89⅝ | 89⅝ | 89⅝ ¾ | 90 89⅞ | 89⅞ 90 |
| New 3½ per Cent. Jan. 1894 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| New 2½ per Cent. Jan. 1894 | 72⅝ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| New 5 per Cent. Jan. 1873 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Annuities, Jan. 1880 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. April 1885 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. (Red Sea Tel.) Aug. 1908 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Exchequer Bills, 1,000l 3 & 3½pc | 3s d | 3s d | par | ... | 3s d par | par 3s d |
| Ditto 500l — | ... | ... | ... | 3s d | ... | ... |
| Ditto 100l & 200l — | ... | ... | ... | 3s d | ... | par |
| Bank Stock, 5½ pr ct last hf-yr | ... | 249 | 248 49½ | ... | 250 | ... |
| Do. for account Sept. 7 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Indian Government Securities. | | | | | | |
| India Stock, 10½ p c April 1874 | ... | 220 22 | 219 | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. for account Sept. 7 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per Cent. July 1870 | 105 | 105¼ | 105¼ | 105 ¼ | 105½ | 105½ 5 |
| Do 4 per Cent. Oct. 1888 | ... | 98¾ 9 | ... | ... | ... | 98½ |
| Do. do. Certificates | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. Enfaced Paper 4 pr Cent. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 89 | ... |
| Do. do. 5 pr Cent. Jan. 1872 | ... | 101¼ | 101¼ | ... | ... | 101½ |
| Do. do. 5½ pr Cent. May 1879 | ... | ... | ... | 109½ | ... | ... |
| Do. Debent. 4 p c Aug. 1866 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. Bonds, 5 per Cent. 1,000l | ... | ... | 21s 24sp | ... | ... | 24s p |
| Do. Do. under 1,000l | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

## PRICES OF FOREIGN STOCKS.

| | Sat. | Mon. | Tues. | Wed. | Thus. | Fri. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Austrian Bonds 1859 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Brazilian 5 per cent | ... | ... | 99 | 97 | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent 1852, 1858, and 1860 | ... | 78 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent 1863 | ... | 79½ | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Buenos Ayres 6 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 1 per cent (Deferred 3 per cent) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Chilian 6 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 3 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | 80 | ... |
| Colombian 6 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Danish 3 per cent 1825 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do 4 per cent 1850 and 1861 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4 per cent 1863 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per cent 1864 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per cent Governmnt Deben. 1855-8 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per cent Governmnt Deben. 1869-72 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per cent Governmnt Deben. 1873-77 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Danubian Principalities, 7 per cent. | 80½ | ... | ... | 80½ | 80½ | 76½ xd |
| Equador New Consolidated 1 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. Provincial Land Warrant | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Egyptian 7 per cent | ... | 98 | 99 8½ | ... | 98½ | 95⅞ xd |
| Do. Second Issue | ... | ... | ... | 98 | ... | 95⅛ xd |
| Do. 100l Bonds | ... | 99 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 1864, 7 per cent | 95¾ ½ | 95⅝ ⅞ | 95¾ ½ | 95⅝ ¼ | 95⅝ ⅛ | 96 5¾ |
| Do. 100l Bonds | 96 | 96 | 95½ 6 | 96¼ 5¾ | ... | ... |
| Greek 5 p c 1824-25. ex Coup. orig. attachd. | ... | 20⅞ ½ | ... | 20½ ⅝ | 20½ | ... |
| Do. Coupons | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Italian 5 per cent 1865 | 78⅞ 9¼ | 78⅞ 9 | ... | ... | ... | 79¼ |
| Do. 5 per cent (Maremmana Railway) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Mexican 3 per cent | ... | 22⅞ | ... | 23 ½ | 23⅞ 4⅛ | 24¼ ⅛ |
| Do. 1864 | 22½ | ... | ... | ... | 23 | 23 ¼ |
| Do. 6 per cent. Anglo-French | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Montevidean European 6 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Moorish (Imperial) 5 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | 96½ 7 | 98 |
| New Grenada | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12½ ⅝ |
| 2 per cent ditto | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. Deferred | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6½ | ... |
| Do. Land Warrants (Hectares) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Peruvian 5 per cent 1865 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. Scrip, 45l paid, paid in bonds | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. do. 45l paid, paid in cash & bonds | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent (Uribarren) | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 3 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent 1862 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Portuguese 3 per cent 1853 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 47½ |
| Do. 3 per cent 1856, 57, 59, 60, 62, and 63 | 47½ | 47½ | 47 ½ | 47 ½ | 47½ | 47⅝ ½ |
| Russian 5 per cent in £ Sterling | ... | 93⅛ ½ | ... | ... | 94 | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent 1850 | 90½ | ... | ... | ... | 89¾ | 90½ |
| Do. 4½ per cent 1860 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 3 per cent 1859 | ... | 57⅝ | ... | 57½ | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per cent 1862 | 92¾ | 92¾ ⅞ | 93 2¾ | 92⅞ 3 | 92⅞ 3 | 93¼ ⅛ |
| Do. 5 per cent 1864 | ... | 95½ ⅝ | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Sardinian 5 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Spanish 3 per cent | ... | ... | 47⅝ | ... | 47½ ⅝ | 47½ |
| Do. 3 per cent Deferred | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 39⅝ |
| Do. Passive | 29⅞ | ... | ... | ... | 29⅞ 30 | 29⅞ ⅞ |
| Do. Com. Cert. of Coup. not funded | ... | 14 | ... | 14½ ⅝ | 14⅝ ¾ | 14⅝ |
| Swedish 4½ per cent 1864 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Turkish 6 per cent. 1854 | ... | ... | ... | 94½ ¼ | 91½ | 94½ |
| Do. 6 per cent 1858 | 75 4½ | 74⅞ ⅝ | 74⅞ ⅝ | 75 | 74½ | 71½ xd |
| Do. do. 100l Bonds | ... | ... | 79½ | 81 | ... | ... |
| Do. 6 per cent 1862 | 73½ | 73 ½ | ... | 73⅞ | 73⅞ 4 | 74½ |
| Do. 100l Bonds | 74 | 73⅞ ½ | 74 ½ | 74 3⅞ | 74½ ½ | 74½ ¾ |
| Do. 6 per cent 1863 | 69½ | 69¼ | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 5 per cent 1865 | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43⅝ | 43½ ⅝ | 43¾ ½ | 43½ ⅞ |
| Do. 100l Bonds | 44⅞ | ... | ... | ... | 44½ | ... |
| Do. Scrip, 35l paid | ... | 29 | 28⅞ ½ | 28⅞ | ... | ... |
| Do. 4 per cent Guaranteed | ... | 100½ | 100½ | 100⅛ | 99⅞ | 100½ |
| Venezuela 3 per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 6 per cent 1862 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 38½ | ... |
| Do. 6 per cent 1864 | 41⅞ | 41⅞ 2 | ... | 41⅞ | 41⅝ 2 | 42½ 2 |
| Do. 1½ per cent | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Dividends on the above payable in London. | | | | | | |
| Austrian 5 per cent. Ex. 10 florins | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Belgian 2½ per cent. Ex. 25 francs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Do. 4½ per cent. Ex. 25 francs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Dutch 2½ per cent. Ex. 12 Guil. | 61⅞ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 98¼ |
| Do. 4 per cent Certificates | ... | 98 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Italian 5 per cent. 1861. Ex. 25 francs | ... | 64¼ | 64⅞ | 64⅝ ½ | 64⅝ | 64⅝ |

## DOCKS.

| Stock or Shares. | Dividend last hf-yr. | Names. | Shares | Paid. £ | s | d | Price per share. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ | s | d | |
| 2065668l | 3l pc & 1l bs | East and West India | Stk | 100 | 0 | 0 | 133 35 |
| 12000 | ... | General Floating Dock | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 5678110l | 2l per cent | London and St Katharine | Stk | 100 | 0 | 0 | 78 |
| 860865l | 2l per cent | Southampton | Stk | 100 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 877071l | 4l per cent | Surrey Commercial Dock | Stk | 100 | 0 | 0 | 115 17 |

## JOINT STOCK BANKS.

| No. of shares. | Dividends last hf-yr. | Names. | Shares | Paid. £ | s | d | Price per share |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ | s | d | |
| 6000 | 8l per cent | Agra and Masterman's Limited | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 58½ 8 |
| 10000 | 2½l pr cent | Albion | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 8¾ ½ |
| 30000 | 2½l pr cent | Alliance Limited | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 31⅝ 2 |
| 10000 | ... | Ditto New issued at 20 pm | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 26 5½ |
| 100000 | 6s 5d | Anglo-Austrian | 20 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 40000 | ... | Anglo-Egyptian Limited | 50 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 12⅞ ⅞ |
| 20000 | 6s pr share | Anglo-Italian Limited | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 10½ 11½ |
| 11300 | ... | Asiatic Banking Corporation, nw shares, issued 15l pm, 7l 10s pd | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 22500 | 7l per cent | Australasia | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 75 7 |
| 7500 | 28s p share | Ditto New | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 74 6 |
| 12500 | 5l per cent | Bank of British Columbia | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 23½ 4½ |
| 10000 | 5l per cent | Bank of Egypt | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 29½ |
| 8000 | 10l pr cent | Bank of London | 100 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 134⅝ ¾ |
| 25000 | 2½l pr cent | Bank of Otago Limited | 20 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 6 7 |
| 10000 | 3l per cent | Bank of Queensland Limited | 00 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 19⅞ |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | Bank of Victoria, Australia | 50 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 43 5 |
| 50000 | 7½l pr cent | Bank of New Zealand | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16 17 |
| 40000 | ... | Barned's Bank, Limited | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5⅞ |
| 50000 | ... | Brazilian & Portuguese Limited. | 20 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 9 ½ |
| 20000 | 3s pr share | British and Californian Limited | 50 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 4½ 5½ |
| 20000 | 3l per cent | British North America | 50 | 50 | | 0 | 45 7 |
| 40000 | 5l per cent | Chrtd Bk. India, Austra., & Ch. | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 28½ 8 |
| 30000 | 9l per cent | Chrtd Merc of India, Lond, & Chns | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 50½ ½ |
| 10000 | 7½l pr cent | City | 100 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 105½ 5 |
| 20000 | 7l per cent | Colonial | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 41 3 |
| 40000 | ... | Commercial Bank of Canada | 20.11s | 20 | 11 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | 5l per cent | Commercial Bk of India & the East | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 6½ |
| 200000 | 7½ pr cent | Consolidated Bank Limited | 10 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 10½ |
| 5000 | 6l per cent | Continental Limited | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 5000 | ... | Ditto New | 100 | 15 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | 2½l pr cent | East London Limited | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5½ ½ |
| 50000 | 1s 6d | Eastern Exchange, Limited | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 4 |
| 10000 | 3l per cent | English Joint Stock, Limited | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 12½ |
| 30000 | 3½l pr cent | Eng., Scot., & Austral Chartered | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20½ 1½ |
| 20000 | 9s | English and Swedish Limited | 50 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 15 17 |
| 45000 | 3½l pr cent | European Limited | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 12 ½ |
| 10000 | 5l per cent | Hindustan, China, & Japan Lim. | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 20 |
| 10000 | 5l per cent | Ditto New, issued at 2 pm | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 20 2 |
| 20000 | 2s 6d | Ditto New | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| 20000 | 4l per cent | Imperial, Limited | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 28½ 8 |
| 135000 | 10l pr cent | Imperial Ottoman | 20 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 15½ ¼ |
| 6000 | 5l per cent | Ionian | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 7 |
| 6000 | ... | Ditto New | 25 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 5 |
| 100000 | 2½l pr cent | Land Mortgage Bank of India Lim. | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4½ ⅞ |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | London Bk of Mexico & S. America L | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 12½ 13½ |
| 10000 | ... | London Bank of Scotland Lim | 100 | 13 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 3½l pr cent | London and Brazilian Limited | 100 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 42½ 3½ |
| 5000 | 5l per cent | London, B Ayres, & R Plate Lim. | 100 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 53 7 |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | Ditto New, issued at 1½ pm | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 13½ |
| 50000 | 4l per cent | London Chrtd Bank of Austral. | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 24½ |
| 30000 | 15l pr cent | London and County | 50 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 77½ 8 |
| 72000 | 9l per cent | London Joint Stock | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 48 ⅞ |
| 25000 | 4½l pr cent | London and South African | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 18½ 19½ |
| 5000 | 3l per cent | London and South Western Lim. | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 19½ |
| 5000 | 3l per cent | Ditto New | 100 | 17 | 10 | 0 | 16½ 17½ |
| 5000 | ... | London and Venezuela Limited | 50 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 5½ 7½ |
| 50000 | 13l pr cent | London and Westminster | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 95 7 |
| 10000 | 1l per shre | Merchant Bank Limited | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 28 30 |
| 40000 | ... | Mercantile and Exchange Limtd | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 5⅞ |
| 13000 | ... | Metropolitan and Provincial Lim | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 16½ |
| 4156 | ... | Ditto | 100 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 10½ 11½ |
| 5000 | 2½l pr cent | Midland Bank Limited | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 17½ 18½ |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | National of Liverpool Limited | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16 17 |
| 10000 | 15l pr cent | National Provincial of England | 100 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 44⅞ |
| 25000 | 15l pr cent | Ditto 2nd issue | 20 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 15½ |
| 30000 | 15l pr cent | Ditto 3rd issue | 20 | 12 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | 8l per cent | National | 50 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 94½ |
| 20000 | 8l per cent | Ditto New | 50 | 30 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 37500 | 9l per cent | New South Wales | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 40 2 |
| 40000 | 5l per cent | New Zealand Bank Corporn. Lim. | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ½ 1 |
| 20000 | ... | Ditto New | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 50000 | 5l per cent | North Western | 20 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 10 11 |
| 60000 | 8l per cent | Oriental Bank Corporation | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 53 2½ |
| 20000 | ... | Provincial Banking Corpor. Lim. | 50 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 4½ |
| 7210 | 5l per cent | Ditto | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6½ 7 |
| 20000 | 10l pr cent | Provincial of Ireland | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 84 6 |
| 10000 | 10l pr cent | Ditto New | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 37500 | ... | Scinde, Punjaub, & Delhi Limited | 20 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 7½ 7 |
| 12500 | ... | Ditto, issued at 2 pm | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | South Australia | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 33 5 |
| 17051 | 4l per cent | Stand. of Brit. South Africa Lim. | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 17 16½ |
| 10000 | 4l per cent | Ditto New | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 3 5 |
| 40000 | 9l per cent | Union of Australia | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 53 5 |
| 10000 | 10s p share | Union of Ireland Limited | 100 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 16½ 17½ |
| 80000 | 15l pr cent | Union of London | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 54 3½ |

## COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

| Amount of Loan. | Div. per Hf-year. | Name. | Paid. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | |
| 50000l | 3 pr ct. | British Columbia, 6 per cent. Dec. 31, 1872 | 100 | ... |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Canada Governmt 6 per cent. Jan. & July, 1877-84 | 100 | 97½ |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Do. 6 per cent. Feb. and Aug. | 100 | 96 |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Do. 6 per cent. March and Sept. | 100 | 96 |
| 2214808 | 2½ pr ct. | Do. 5 per cent. Jan. and July | 100 | 84½ |
| 585808 | 2½ pr ct. | Do. 5 per cent. Inscribed Stock | 100 | 83 |
| 200000 | 3 pr ct. | Cape of Good Hope, 6 per cent. Dec. 1873 | 100 | 104 |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Do. do. April & Oct. 1880-4 | 100 | 107 |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Do. do. do 1890-1 | 100 | 106 |
| ... | 3 pr ct | Do. do. Jan. and July, 1891 | 100 | 106 |
| 234000 | 2½ pr ct. | Do. 5 pr ct. 15 April & 15 Oct. 1900 | 100 | 93½ |
| 100000 | 3 pr ct | Ceylon, November, 1868, 6 per cent. | 100 | 104 |
| 250000 | 3 pr ct. | Do. 1878, do. | 100 | 110 |
| 200000 | 3 pr ct. | Mauritius, 6 per cent. 1873, Jan. and July | 100 | 105 |
| 200000 | 3 pr ct. | Do. 1878, do. | 100 | 107 |
| 200000 | 3 pr ct. | Do. 1882, May 15 and Nov. 15 | 100 | 108 |
| 165500 | 3 pr ct. | Natal Government 6 per cent | 100 | 103 |
| 166000 | 3 pr ct. | New Brunswick Governmt, 6 per cent. Jan. & July | 100 | 97 |
| ... | 2½ pr ct | New South Wales Gov. 5 per cent. 1866, Jan. & July | 100 | 100 |
| ... | 2½ pr ct. | Do. do. 5 per cent. 1871-6, Jan&July | 100 | 94 |
| ... | 2½ pr ct. | Do. do. 5 pr cent., 1888-92, Jan&July | 100 | 90½ |
| 150000 | 3 pr ct. | New Zealand, 6 per cent | 100 | 104 |
| 1000000 | 2½ r ct. | Do. 5 per cent | 100 | 85½ |
| 250000 | 3 r ct. | Nova Scotia Government, 6 per cent. Sterling 1875 | 100 | 99 |
| 75000 | 3 pr ct. | Queensland Government 6 per cent. Jan. and July | 100 | 102⅝ |
| ... | 3 pr ct | S. Australian Gov. 6 per cent 1868-69, Jan. and July | 100 | ... |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Do. do. 1878 and upwards, Jan&July | 100 | 107 |
| ... | 3 pr ct | Victoria Government, 6 per cent. Jan. and July | 100 | ... |
| ... | 3 pr ct. | Do. 6 per cent. April and Oct. | 100 | 109½ |

## INSURANCE COMPANIES.

| No. of shares. | Dividend per annum | Names. | Shares. | Paid. £ | s. | d. | Price per share |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25000 | 7l per cent | Albert Medical Life & Family End. | 20 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 50000 | 7l 14s 6d & bs | Alliance British and Foreign | 100 | 11 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 6½pc & 30sbs | Do. Marine | 100 | 55 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | 15s | Atlas | 50 | 5 | 15 | 0 | .. |
| 3000 | 5l p c & bs | Argus Life | 100 | 25 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 50000 | 10l p c | British & Foreign Marine Limited. | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4½ |
| 20000 | 8l 10s pr st | Church of England | 50 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 5000 | 5l pc & 2s6d b | Clerical, Medical. & General Life | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 50000 | 5s | Commercial Union | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8⅝ |
| 4000 | 4l p s & bs | County | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 6160 | 17 6s | Crown | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | — |
| 50000 | 5l pc & bs | Eagle | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 100000 | ... | Empire Marine Limited | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 7l 10s p r ct | Equity and Law | 100 | 5 | 19 | 10 | ... |
| 20000 | 4s | English and Scottish Law Life | 50 | 2 | 10 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 10l per cent | English and Scottish Marine Lim. | 100 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 6l per cent | General | 100 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 5000 | 5l p c & bs | Gresham Life | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | Guardian | 100 | 50 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 2400 | 8l pah 15sbs | Imperial Fire | 500 | 50 | 0 | 0 | .. |
| 7500 | 7s & bonus | Imperial Life | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 12452 | 5l pc & 10sb | Indemnity Marine | 100 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 126 |
| 8000 | 2s6d 2s6dbs | Law Fire | 100 | 2 | 10 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 3l 2s 6d p s | Law Life | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 87 |
| 100000 | 3½l p c | Lancashire | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 30000 | 5l per cent | Legal and General Life | 50 | 6 | 9 | 0 | ... |
| 1000000 | 6l per cent | Lpool & London & Globe (8pctAnr) | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 87504 | 40l per cent | Liverpool and London Fire & Life | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 11½ |
| 25433 | 4l p c & bs | London | 25 | 12 | 10 | 0 | 47½ |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | London & Caledonian Marine Lim. | 25 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | 6l per cent | London and Lancashire Fire | 25 | 2 | 10 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 5l per cent | London and Lancashire Life | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | 5s 6d | London and Provincial Law | 50 | 3 | 12 | 6 | ... |
| 50000 | 15l pr cent | London and Provincial Marine | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 10000 | 11ps & 7½b | Marine | 100 | 18 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 50000 | 6l per cent | Maritime (Limited) | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 7840 | 5l p c & bs | Minerva | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | 10l pr cent | North British and Mercantile | 50 | 6 | 5 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | 5s pc & 20sb | Ocean Marine | 25 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | .. | Oriental and General Marine | 25 | 2 | 10 | 0 | ... |
| .. | 8l per cent | Pelican | .. | .. | | | ... |
| .. | 6l p s & bs | Phœnix | .. | .. | | | ... |
| 2500 | 12½pc & bs | Provident Life | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 38 |
| 300000 | 5s | Rock Life | 5 | 0 | 10 | 0 | ... |
| 889220 | 20l pr cent | Royal Exchange | Stock | All | | | ... |
| 100000 | 7s pr share | Royal Insurance | 20 | 3 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 1500 | 11ps & 55sb | Union | 200 | 20 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| — | 6½ percent | Sun Fire | .. | All | | | ... |
| 4000 | 2l p s & bs | Do. Life | .. | All | | | ... |
| 100000 | 20l pr cent | Thames and Mersey Marine Lim. | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 7⅞ |
| 100000 | 5l p c | Union Marine Limited | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 8000 | 2l 11s p sh | Universal Life | 100 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 50000 | ... | Universal Marine Limited | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5½ |
| .. | 5l p c & bs | Victoria Life | .. | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |

## AMERICAN STOCKS.

The annexed quotations—4s 6d to the dollar—are taken from Mr E. F. Satterthwaite's circular issued on Wednesday last:—

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Bonds and Shares having Interest and Dividends payable in America. | | |
| United States 6 per Cent. Coupon Bonds, 1868 | ... | ... |
| Ditto 5 per Cent. Coupon Bonds, 1874 | ... | ... |
| Ditto 6 per Cent. Coupon Bonds, 1881 | ... | ... |
| Ditto 6 per Cent. Coupon Bonds, (5.20's) 1882 | 68⅝ | 69 |
| Pennsylvania 5 per Cent. Coupon Bonds | ... | ... |
| Ditto Five per Cent. Stock | ... | ... |
| Virginia Six per Cent. Bonds | 35 | 37 |
| Atlantic and Great Western (Ohio Section), First Mortgage, 1876 | 58 | 62 |
| Detroit and Milwaukee, Seven per Cent. 1st Mortgage Bonds, 1785 | ... | ... |
| Erie, 7 per cent., First Mortgage, 1867 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Second Mortgage, 1879 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Third Mortgage, 1883 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Fourth Mortgage, 1880 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Fifth Mortgage, 1888 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Preferred Stock | ... | ... |
| Ditto shares, 100 dollars | 53½ | 53¾ |
| Illinois Central, First Mortgage, 7 per cent. Construction, 1875 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 100 dollar shares, all paid | 78⅝ | 79 |
| Ditto, ditto, paid up in full | ... | ... |
| Ditto, Cancelled Bond Scrip 5 dollars each | ... | ... |
| Joliet and Northern Indiana 8 per cent., 1st Mortgage, 1874, guaranteed by Michigan Central | ... | ... |
| Michigan Central, 8 per cent., convertible, 1869, 1st Mortgage | ... | ... |
| Ditto, sinking fund, 1882, 1st Mortgage | ... | ... |
| Ditto shares, 100 dollars | ... | ... |
| Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana, 7 per cent. Sinking Fund, 1885 | ... | ... |
| New York Central, 7 per cent. Bonds, 1884 | ... | ... |
| Ditto 6 per cent., Sinking Fund, 1883 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Sinking Fund, 1876 | ... | ... |
| Ditto, 7 per cent., Sinking Fund, convertible to 1869 | ... | ... |
| Ditto shares, 100 dollars | ... | ... |
| Pennsylvania, 6 per cent., 1st Mortgage, 1880 | ... | ... |

| Bonds having Principal and Interest, payable in London, at fixed rate of Exchange. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Atlantic & Gt Western (New York Section), 1st Mortgage, 7 p.c. 1879 | 72 | 74 |
| Ditto, (Pennsylvania Section), 1st Mortgage, 7 per cent., 1877 | 77 | 79 |
| Ditto, (New York Section) Second Mortgage, 1881 | 72 | 74 |
| Ditto, (Pennsylvania Section), Second Mortgage, 1883 | 70 | 72 |
| Quotations calculated and Bonds redeemed at 4s 6d per dollar; Interest payable at 4s per dollar. | | |
| Marietta and Cincinnati, 1st Mortgage, 7 per cent., 1891 | 67 | 69 |
| Quotations calculated at 4s 6d p dol; Interest payable at 4s p dol. | | |
| Illinois Central, 1st Mortgage, 6 per cent., Construction | 80 | 85 |
| Quotations on this issue calculated and Principal and Interest payable at 4s 2d per dollar. | | |

| Bonds issued in Sterling, and having both Principal and Interest payable in London in Sterling. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Virginia Five per Cent. | 45 | 50 |
| Maryland Five per Cent. | 60 | 70 |
| Massachusetts Five per Cent. | ... | ... |
| Panama, 2nd Mortgage, 1872 | 100 | 102 xc |
| Pennsylvania, 6 per Cent., 2nd Mortgage, 1875 | 84 | 86 |
| Atlantic and Great Western Certificates of Debenture, 8 per cent. | 85 | 87 |

## MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES.

| Stock or Shares. | Dividend per annum. | Names. | Shares. | Paid. £ | s. | d. | Price per share |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20000 | 1l 11s | Anglo-Mexican Mint | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 16½ 17½ |
| 50000 | ... | Atlantic Royal Mail Steam (Lim.) | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | 10s | Australian Agricultural | 25 | 20 | 10 | 0 | 18⅝ |
| 20000 | 6l per cent | Austral. Mort. Land & Finan (Lim) | 25 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2⅝ ⅞ |
| 10000 | ... | Bangparah Tea Estates, Limited | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 47000 | ... | Berlin Water Works (Limited) | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11⅝ ¾ |
| 25000 | ... | Bolckow Vaughan, Limited | 100 | 17 | 10 | 0 | 21 2 |
| 20000 | ... | Bombay Gas (Limited) | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5½ ⅞ |
| 10000 | ... | Ditto 2nd issue | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4½ |
| 10000 | ... | Ditto 3rd issue | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2⅝ |
| 6000 | — | British American Land | 50 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 15 20 |
| 5000 | ... | British Colonial Steam Ship (Lim.) | 50 | 30 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 534780 | 5l per cent | Brit. & I Magnetic Telegraph (Lim) | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 76 82 |
| 12500 | 8l per cent | British Indian Tea (Limited) | 20 | 14 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 50000 | ... | British Ship Owners | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | ... | Canada Agency Association (Lim) | 2½ | 0 | 5 | 0 | ... |
| 8915 | 3l per cent | Canada Company | 32½ | 32 | 10 | 0 | 54 7 |
| 50000 | ... | Canadian Loan and Invest. (Lim.) | 10 | 2 | 10 | 0 | ½ 1½ |
| 25000 | 10l pc & bs | Ceylon Company | 20 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 9½ 10½ |
| 20000 | ... | City of London Real Property (Lim) | 25 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4½ |
| 15041 | ... | City of Milan Improvements (Lim) | 30 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 5 |
| 4959 | ... | Ditto | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 25 7 |
| 20000 | ... | City Offices (Limited) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 5 4½ |
| 40000 | 10l pr cent | Company of African Merchts (Lim) | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2½ 3 |
| 20000 | ... | Consolidated Discount (Limited) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 4 6 |
| 17500 | ... | Continental Union Gas (Limited) | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 10½ |
| 2500 | ... | Ditto | | 20 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 40000 | 10l pr cent | Contract Corporation (Limited) | 100 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 2⅝ |
| 8000 | 5l per cent | Copper Miners of England, pf 7½ pc | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 12 15 |
| 100000 | 40l pr cent | Credit Foncier & Mobilier of Englnd | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8½ ¾ |
| 10000 | 6s pr share | Credit Foncier of Mauritius (Lim.) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 7 8 |
| 1002925 | 2l per cent | Crystal Palace | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 38½ |
| 160820 | 7l per cent | Ditto Preference | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 114 17 |
| 277000 | 6l per cent | Ditto 6 p c Perpetual Debentures | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 114 17 |
| 10000 | 10s | Discount Corporation (Limited) | 100 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 12 14 |
| 18000 | ... | Eastern Assam Tea, Limited | 10 | 1 | 10 | 0 | ½ 1½ |
| 20000 | ... | East Indian Financial (Limited) | 50 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 2 4 |
| 50000 | ... | East India Irrigation and Canal | 20 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 3 9 |
| 80000 | ... | Ebbw Vale | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 12¾ 13½ |
| 100000 | 7s 9d pr sh | Egyptn Commercial & Trad. (Lim) | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2½ |
| 879975 | 4½l pr cent | Electric Telegraph | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 135 30 |
| 70000 | 2s | English and Australian Copper | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ⅞ 1½ |
| 20000 | 5s per shr | English and Foreign Credit | 50 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 4½ 5½ |
| 25000 | ... | Fairbairn Engineering | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5½ 6½ |
| 75000 | 10l pr cent | Financial Corporation | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 6000 | ... | Financial Discount (Limited) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 30000 | 21s 6d p sh | Fore Street Warehouse (Limited) | 20 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 9½ |
| 10000 | ... | Gellivara (Limited) | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 4 6 |
| 125000 | 12s | Gen. Credit & Finance of Lond (Lim) | 20 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5½ |
| 20800 | 10l pc & bs | General Steam Navigation | 15 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 26 3 |
| 5000 | ... | Hong Kong and China Gas | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 11 12 |
| 100000 | 6½l pr cent | Hudson's Bay | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 15½ 16½ |
| 20000 | ... | Humber Iron Works (Limited) | 50 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 5 7 |
| 100000 | 17½l pr ct | Imperial & Mercantile Credit Asso. (L) | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6½ |
| 50000 | ... | Indian Carrying (Limited) | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ½ 1 |
| 40000 | 6l per cent | International Contract | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 4 6 |
| 150000 | 10l pr cent | International Financial Society (Lim) | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 6⅝ ¾ |
| 300000 | ... | International Land Credit (Lim) | 20 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 7½ |
| 50000 | 6l per cent | Italian Irrigation (Canal Cavour) | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 12½ |
| 1000000 | 6l per cent | Do. 6 p c Bds red 1870, issued 90 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 88 5 |
| 80000 | 6l per cent | Joint Stock Discount (Limited) | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 8½ |
| 10000 | ... | Land Credit of Ireland (Limited) | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 20000 | ... | Land Securities (Limited) | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 4 |
| 4000 | ... | London African Trading | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 3 5 |
| 50000 | ... | London County Land & Building (L) | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 12000 | ... | London District Telegraph (Lim) | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 20000 | 15l pr cent | London Financial Association (Lim) | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 2⅞ 3½ |
| 148515 | 5s 6d | London General Omnibus (Limited) | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3½ |
| 50000 | ... | Lon. & Glas. Engineer. & Iron Ship (L) | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 3 6 |
| 10000 | ... | London, Italian, and Adriatic Stm. | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | ... |
| 5000 | ... | London Mercantile Discount (Lim) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 50000 | 5l per cent | Madras Irrigation and Canal | 20 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 13½ |
| ... | ... | Ditto | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 18½ 19½ |
| 10000 | 15l p c | Marine Investment (Limited) | 25 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 4½ 3½ |
| 12500 | ... | Mauritius Land, Credit, & Agency Lm | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 12000 | 3l per cent | Mediterranean Extension Tel. (Lim) | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 3½ 4½ |
| 40000 | 12l pr cent | Millwall Iron Works | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| 22500 | 6s | Natal Land & Colonisatn Co. (Lim.) | 10 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3½ 4½ |
| 120000 | 20l pr cent | National Discount Co. (Limited) | 25 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 15⅝ |
| 20000 | 9s | National Steam Navigation (Lim) | 100 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 21½ 22½ |
| 6000 | ... | Nerbudda Coal and Iron (Limited) | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3½ 4½ |
| 6000 | ... | Ditto New | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 2 |
| 20000 | ... | N. Zeald Loan & Mercan. Agency, L. | 25 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 2½ 3 |
| 20000 | 10l pr cent | New Zealand Trust and Loan (Lim) | 25 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2½ 3 |
| 15000 | ... | Northern Assam Tea, Limited | 10 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 1 1½ |
| 187175 | ... | North British Australasian (Lim.) | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 45 55 |
| 18000 | ... | Nowgong Tea, Limited | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ½ 1 |
| 10000 | 15l pr cent | Oriental Commercial (Limited) | 20 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 7 8 |
| 10000 | 8l per cent | Oriental Financial (Limited) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 2 3 |
| 150000 | ... | Oriental Gas (Limited) | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5½ 5 |
| 40000 | ... | Oriental Inland Steam (Limited) | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 25000 | ... | Otago and Southland Investment | 10 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 2 |
| 12500 | .. | Ottoman Company, Limited | 20 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 10000 | ... | Ottoman Financial Association (L.) | 50 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 8 10 |
| 10000 | ... | Ottoman Gas (Limited) | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3½ 4½ |
| 100000 | ... | Overend, Gurney, and Co., Limited | 50 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 10⅝ ¾ |
| 37500 | 7l per cent | Panama, N. Zealn. & Aust. R. Mail (L.) | 10 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 6½ 7½ |
| 10214 | 7l per cent | Ditto ditto | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4 5 |
| 600000 | 2½l pr cent | Peel River, Land, & Mineral (Lim.) | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 39 |
| 30000 | 2½l p c hf-y | Peninsula and Oriental Steam | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 75 7 |
| 20000 | 2½l p c hf-y | Ditto New | 50 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 52 4 |
| 17000 | ... | Quebrada Land, Rail., & Ming (Lim) | 10 | 7 | 10 | 0 | 3½ 4½ |
| 10000 | 2l 10s | Rhymney Iron | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 27 9 |
| 10000 | 15s | Ditto New | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 8½ |
| 13839 | 7s 6d | Rio de Janeiro City Improvmts (Lim) | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 22½ 3½ |
| 20161 | 2l 10s | Ditto | 25 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 7½ 8½ |
| 15000 | 8½l & 1bhf-y | Royal Mail Steam | 100 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 118 22 |
| 200000 | 10l pr cent | Scottish Australian Investmt (Lim) | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 121 26 |
| 40000 | 8l per cent | Smith, Knight, and Co. (Limited) | 50 | 7 | 0 | 0 | ⅝ |
| 30000 | ... | Societe Financiere d'Egypt (Lim) | 20 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 6 7 |
| 20000 | .. | S. African Mortgage & Invest. (Lim.) | 50 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 14200 | 7l per cent | South Australian Land | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 30 2 |
| 250000 | ... | Submarine Telegraph | Stock | 100 | 0 | 0 | 55 65 |
| — | ... | Ditto Scrip | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | ½ ¾ |
| 37500 | ... | Telegraph Construc. & Mainten (Lim) | 20 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 10½ 11½ |
| 37500 | pr cent | Trust & Agency of Australasia (Lim) | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1½ 2½ |
| 50000 | 8l per cent | Trust & Loan Co. of Upper Canada | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5½ |
| 30000 | ... | United Kingd. Telegraph Co. (Lim.) | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3½ |
| 25000 | ... | Upper Assam Tea (Limited) | 10 | 3 | 10 | 0 | 6½ 7 |
| | | Ditto | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 17 19 |
| 10000 | 5s | Van Diemen's Land | 30 | 28 | 10 | 0 | 9 10 |
| 20000 | 5l per cent | Warrant Finance (Limited) | 50 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 7½ 8½ |
| 30000 | 7½l pr cent | West India & Pacific Steam (Lim) | 50 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 18½ 19½ |
| 20000 | ... | W. London Wharves & Warehouse | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 | ... |

# The Commercial Times.

MONEY ORDER OFFICES.—On the 1st September, and thenceforward money orders will be issued at all Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom on the Office at Constantinople, on the same rates of charge and under the same regulations as those already in force with respect to Gibraltar and Malta. Money orders will also be issued at Constantinople on all Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom.

### FOREIGN MAILS.

| Destination | Despatch of Next Mail from London. | | Next Mail Due. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Australia and New Zealand | via Southampton | Sept. 20, M. | Sept. 18 |
| | via Marseilles ... | Sept. 26, S. | Sept. 12 |
| Brazils, Buenos Ayres, Monte Video, Cape de Verd Islands | (By British packet) | Sept. 9, M. | Sept. 4 |
| | (By French packet) | Sept. 23, M. | Sept. 22 |
| Cape of Good Hope, Ascension, and St Helena | ... | Sept. 9. S. | Sept. 21 |
| China, Penang, and Singapore | via Southampton | Sept. 4, M. | Sept. |
| | via Marseilles ... | Sept. 11, S | Sept. 12 |
| Falkland Islands | ... | Sept. 9, M. | ... |
| Gibraltar | (via Southampton) | Sept. 4, E. | Sept. |
| India (Calcutta), Cey'on, and Ionian Islands | via Southampton | Sept. 4, E. | Sept. |
| | via Marseilles ... | Sept. 11, E | Sept. 12 |
| Ditto (Bombay) | via Southampton | Sept. 12, E. | Sept. 10 |
| | via Marseilles ... | Sept. 4, E. | Sept. 4 |
| Malta, Egypt, and Aden | via Southampton | Sept. 4, E. | Sept. |
| | via Marseilles ... | Sept. 4, E. | Sept. 4 |
| Mauritius | via Southampton | Sept. 20, E. | Sept. 10 |
| | via Marseilles ... | Sept. 26, E. | Sept. 4 |
| Newfoundland | ... | Sept. 2, E. | Sept. 13 |
| Portugal, by Brazil packet | ... | Sept. 9, M. | Sept. 4 |
| Ditto (by Pr. S. to Oporto) | ... | Sept. 13, E. | ... |
| Ditto (by Pr. S. to Lisbon) | ... | Sept. 6, E. | ... |
| United States, California, Canada, &c., (By British packet) | (Boston) | Sept. 2, E. | Sept. 7 |
| Ditto (by United States packet) | (New York) | Sept. 20, M. | ... |
| Ditto (ditto) | (New York) | Sept. 6, E. | ... |
| Ditto (by Canadian packet) | (Quebec) | Sept. 7, S. | Sept. 8 |
| Western Coast of Africa, Madeira, and Teneriffe | ... | Sept. 23, E. | Sept. 10 |
| West Indies and Pacific (except Bahamas, Cuba, and Mexico) | ... | Sept. 2, M. | Sept. 13 |
| Bahamas (via New York) | ... | Sept. 23, E. | Sept. 13 |
| Bermuda (via New York) | ... | Sept. 2, E. | Sept. 27 |
| Cuba and Mexico | ... | Sept 2, M | Sept. 28 |

### MAILS ARRIVED.

LATEST DATES.

On the 26th August, AMERICA, per steam ship Asia, via Queenstown—New York, August 17.

On the 29th AMERICA, per steam ship Tarifa, via Queenstown—New York, August 19.

On the 29 h August, AMERICA, per steam ship Damascus, via Greencastle—New York, August 19.

On the 30th August, BOMBAY, by overland from Alexandria, per steam ship Euxine, via Southampton—Alexandria, August 14; Gibraltar, August 23.

On the 30th August, AMERICA, per steam ship Germania, via Southampton—New York, August 19.

On the 30th August, WEST INDIES AND PACIFIC, per steam ship Seine, via Southampton—Tampico, July 30; Santa Martha, 31; Vera Cruz, August 1; Havana, 6; Carthagena, 1; Valparaiso, July 17; Coquimbo, 18; Cebija and Iquique, 21; Arica, 22; Islay, 23; Callao, 28; Payta, 25; Colon and Panama, August 5; Kingston, 8; Jacmel, 10; San Juan, 11; Georgetown, 8; Tobago, 7; Port of Spain, 8; Bridgetown, 10; Grenada and Vincent, 8; St Lucia, 10; Martinique, Guadaloupe, Dominique, Antigua, and Nevis, 11; Montserrat, 9; St Kitt's, 12; and St Thomas, 16.

On the 1st August, BRAZILS, per steam ship Duoro, via Southampton—Buenos Ayres, July 27; Bahia, August 12; Pernambuco, 16; Lisbon, 28.

On the 31st August, AMERICA, per steam ship Virginia, via Queenstown—New York, August 22.

### CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

An Account showing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, exported from the United Kingdom, in the week ended Aug. 26, 1865.

| | Quantities Imported into | | | | Quantities Exported from the United Kingdom. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | England | Scotland | Ireland. | The United Kingdm | British. | Colonial and Foreign. | Total Exported. |
| | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts |
| Wheat | 314484 | 87255 | 89314 | 491053 | 964 | ... | 964 |
| Barley | 153808 | 13976 | 1800 | 155584 | ... | ... | ... |
| Oats | 355748 | ... | ... | 355748 | 375 | 9 | 384 |
| Rye | ... | 7300 | ... | 7300 | ... | ... | ... |
| Peas | 6312 | 237 | ... | 6549 | 30 | ... | 130 |
| Beans | 22240 | 7 | ... | 22247 | ... | ... | ... |
| Indian corn | 69323 | 18600 | 70718 | 158641 | ... | ... | ... |
| Buckwheat | 8 | ... | ... | 8 | ... | ... | ... |
| Pear or bigg | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Total of corn, exclusive of malt | 907923 | 127375 | 161832 | 1197130 | 1369 | 9 | 1378 |
| | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts | cwts |
| Wheatmeal and flour | 16437 | 5341 | 6454 | 28232 | 82 | 23 | 105 |
| Barley meal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Oat meal | 2 | ... | ... | 2 | 115 | ... | 115 |
| Rye meal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Pea meal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Bean meal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Indian corn meal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Buckwheat meal | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Total of meal | 16439 | 5341 | 6454 | 28234 | 197 | 23 | 220 |
| Total of corn and meal, exclusive of malt | 924362 | 132716 | 168286 | 1225364 | 1566 | 32 | 1598 |
| | qrs | qrs | qrs | qrs | qrs | qrs | qrs |
| Malt | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1622 | ... | 1622 |

### AVERAGES OF GRAIN.

The following is a statement showing the quantities sold and the average price of British corn (imperial measure) as received from the inspectors and officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the week ended Aug. 26, 1865:—

| | Quantities Sold. | | Average Price. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | qrs | bush | s | d |
| Wheat | 48,026 | 5 | 45 | 4 |
| Barley | 1,052 | 4 | 30 | 0 |
| Oats | 2,340 | 7 | 24 | 0 |

### COMPARATIVE AVERAGES.

The following is a comparative statement, for the corresponding week in each of the years from 1861 to 1864, of the quantities of British corn sold in the towns from which returns are received under the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, and of the average prices as ascertained under the Act 5th and 6th Victoria, cap. 14:—

| Corresponding week in | Quantities Sold. | | | Average Prices. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Wheat. | Barley. | Oats. | Wheat. | Barley. | Oats. |
| | qrs bsh | qrs bsh | qrs bsh | s d | s d | s d |
| 1861 | 49,878 2 | 1,331 3 | 3,997 7 | 50 3 | 32 10 | 26 1 |
| 1862 | 30,553 5 | 860 2 | 3,419 6 | 57 9 | 32 4 | 26 3 |
| 1863 | 41,205 3 | 960 3 | 3,849 0 | 46 5 | 31 1 | 24 0 |
| 1864 | 47,958 7 | 1,083 1 | 3,503 3 | 42 7 | 28 7 | 22 11 |

## COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT.

The supply of English wheat on sale at Mark lane to-day was moderate. The trade for all qualities, both old and new, was very quiet. Old samples changed hands at the rates of Monday, but new sold at irregular prices, and as low as 36s per quarter. The foreign wheat trade was very inactive, and bad sales been pressed, holders would have been compelled to accept less money. Barley moved off slowly, but at full prices. Oats were in good supply, and most qualities were in steady request, on rather higher terms. Beans and peas were firm, and unaltered in value from Monday. The flour trade was steady at full quotations. This week's imports amount to 10,890 quarters of wheat; 3,620 barley; 23,950 oats; 80 sacks and 6,100 barrels of flour.

Both at Liverpool and Wakefield, this morning, the wheat trade was dull, and prices were rather drooping. Spring corn, however, ruled firm.

A large business has been transacted in the Liverpool cotton market during the present week, and the total sales amount to 109,000 bales (or about 29,000 bales more than the daily reports led to expect), of which the trade have taken 67,500 bales, speculators 15,000 bales, and exporters 26,500 bales. Quotations are about ¼d higher than on Friday last. To-day the market closes very firm. Sales, 10,000 bales at advancing rates. The imports of the week amount to 61,640 bales, and to-day's stock is estimated at 411,770 bales.

From New Orleans we have intelligence to Aug. 17. The receipts of cotton during the week preceding that date amounted to 23,000 bales, whilst the sales reached 72,000 bales. The stock of produce, however, was estimated at 88,000 bales. The quotation for middling quality was 41c to 42c per lb.

The arrivals of cotton at Savannah, from Aug. 1 to Aug. 12, were 5,714 bales Upland, 86 bales Sea Island, and 717 bales other kinds, whilst the total exports had amounted to 3,672 bales. Ordinary was quoted at 28c to 30c; middling, 34c to 37c; and good middling, 40c to 41c per lb.

There is no news of importance at hand from Mobile this week. The limited supplies of cotton received were mostly forwarded to New Orleans for shipment to New York or elsewhere.

Via the Persian Gulf, we have intelligence from Bombay to Aug. 26. The cotton trade was dull at 9 5-16d per lb for middling fair Oomrawuttee; and 10d for Dhollera, with freight. The week's shipments had been only 4,000 bales.

The cotton trade at Calcutta, during the week ending July 22, was very quiet. Holders, however, were firm, and previous quotations were supported. The export from July 1 to July 20 was 9,184 bales to Great Britain, and 1,149 bales to China.

Advices from Madras are to July 26. The arrivals of *new* cotton had been large, and the stock of all kinds was estimated at 15,000 bales. The trade was dull, and prices were somewhat easier. Western produce was quoted at 9d, and Tinnivelly at 10d per lb.

At Shanghai and other Chinese ports, the business passing in cotton at latest dates was very limited, and was almost entirely confined to purchases on native account. Prices ruled, in a great measure, nominal. At Shanghai, the best Kong-Peh was quoted at 13.5 to 14.5 taels per picul.

We have advices from Alexandria to August 23. At that date fair open-ginned cotton was quoted at 16d per lb, free on board, and the market was reported firm. The arrivals, from August 7 to August 13, were about 10,000, and the sales, 15,000 bales. Freight by steamer to Liverpool, ¾d per lb.

An increased amount of business has been transacted in the markets for colonial and foreign grocery produce this week. With the exception of plantation Ceylon coffee, which, owing to the abundant supply on offer, has been largely dealt in, at a decline in prices of 6d per cwt, the quotations have had an upward tendency. Raw sugar has advanced 6d per cwt; cocoa has realised rather higher terms; and rice, arising from the limited stock and the firmness of the wheat trade, has changed hands at enhanced rates. In the tea trade, however, rather a quiet feeling

has been apparent, but without leading to any quotable change in prices from Friday last. Last week, duty was paid in London on 1,111,908 lbs of tea, whilst the export for the week ending Aug. 24 amounted to 798,885 lbs, making a total of 1,910,793 lbs, against 1,777,160 lbs last year.

The tea trade at the leading Chinese ports at latest dates was decidedly quiet, and, in some instances, a slight fall had taken place in prices. The export to Great Britain since the opening of the season had amounted to 20,352,600 lbs against 20,813,100 lbs; to the United States, 1,468,500 lbs against 186,700 lbs, showing in the first case a *decrease* of 460,500 lbs; but in the second an *increase* of 1,281,800 lbs this year as compared with last.

From Havana, we have intelligence to Aug. 5. The demand for sugar for the United States had fallen off, and prices were rather lower. According to Messrs Luling and Co.'s circular, the total shipments from Jan. 1 to date had amounted to 1,443,108 boxes, against 1,253,843 boxes last year. Of these quantities, 410,744 and 574,756 boxes in 1865 and 1864 respectively, were shipped to Great Britain; and 491,356 and 226,602 boxes to the United States.

We learn from Colombo, to July 29, that, owing to the small supply on offer, native coffee had changed hands at higher prices, —viz., at 55s per cwt for picked and dried produce. Plantation coffee was in short supply, and was quoted at 12s 9d to 13s per bushel. The annexed table of exports is from Messrs Fryer, Schultze, and Co.'s circular:—

EXPORTS of COFFEE from CEYLON from Oct. 1 to July 23.

| | 1864-65. | 1863-64. |
|---|---|---|
| PLANTATION. | | |
| To— | cwts. | cwts. |
| Great Britain | 524022 | 467039 |
| Foreign ports | 2212 | 911 |
| Australia and India | 11727 | 10573 |
| | 537961 | 478523 |
| NATIVE. | | |
| Great Britain | 199664 | 105369 |
| Foreign ports | 22923 | 7602 |
| Australia and India | 2562 | 2750 |
| | 225149 | 115721 |

At the public sales of colonial wool, home buyers continue to operate steadily; but the export demand is still limited. Faulty wools are about ½d per lb lower than at last series, good and fine qualities being firm in price. In English wool, by private contract, an increased amount of business has been transacted on rather higher terms.

There has been an active demand for silk; the transactions in produce on the spot and to arrive, have been large, and *new* China qualities have realised an advance in price of 6d to 1s per lb.

An extensive business was transacted in silk at Shanghai during the fortnight ending July 3, and the settlements were estimated at nearly 6,000 bales. At one period, however, prices declined to the extent of 10 taels per picul; but this fall was subsequently recovered. The receipts from the interior had been very moderate, and the unsold stock was reduced to about 3,000 bales. The following table shows the receipts, &c., since the opening of the season:—

| | 1865. | 1864. | 1863. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | bales. | bales. | bales. |
| Receipts | 19,500 | 6,900 | 14,000 |
| Settlements | 16,200 | 1,900 | 4,000 |
| Exports | 11,768 | 999 | 2,341 |
| Unsold stock | 3,000 | 5,000 | 10,000 |

The silk season having been brought to a close at Yokohama at the date of our last advices, and scarcely any *new* produce being on offer, business in all qualities had been very limited, and prices ruled almost nominal. A parcel of *new* silk, mixed with old, had sold as high as $700 to $720 per picul. The export, from June 1 to June 26, was 708 bales, against 505 bales last year.

The silk trade at Calcutta, during the week ending July 26, was very firm as regards good and fine qualities, at fully late rates. The export for the six months ending June 30 was 6,863 bales, against 4,869 bales to Great Britain; and 4,361 bales, against 558 bales last year to France.

Scotch pig iron has sold as high as 56s, but is now quoted at 55s 6d cash, mixed numbers. For other metals, the market has ruled quiet. Linseed oil is worth 33s; and foreign refined rapeseed oil 47s 6d to 48s per cwt. Sperm commands 98*l* to 100*l* per tun. *New* P. Y. C. tallow is selling at 45s 6d per cwt, on the spot.

The leading feature in the commercial news from New York this week, is the continued downward movement in the value of cotton goods, consequent upon increased receipts of new produce, and of augmented imports of British manufactured goods. As regards the crops, the accounts are much more favourable; indeed, in some States, an unusually abundant crop is anticipated, arising, however, not so much from a large yield per acre as from the increased extent of land at present under cultivation, as compared with the last two or three years. Gold, during the week ending Aug. 19, fluctuated in price between 140½ and 143 per cent. The stock of bullion in the banks of New York city on the 12th ult. was 4,032,660*l*, and the balance in the Sub-Treasury, 11,725,460*l*.

## THE COTTON TRADE.

LIVERPOOL—Sept. 1.

The demand for cotton has been good throughout the week, and on Tuesday and Wednesday became animated, particularly from the trade, and, although holders continue to offer their stocks freely, the market closed yesterday firmly, with some advance in prices on most descriptions.

Sea Island continues in fair request, but is freely offered at previous rates. American has been in general demand, and has advanced partially ¼d per lb during the week. Brazil has been in good request, establishing a rise of ¼d to ½d per lb, particularly in the clean descriptions, which have become very scarce. In Egyptian, a large business has been done, but the supply offering is abundant, and the only advance quoted is of ½d per lb in fair open. In Smyrna, the sales have been only to a moderate extent, but at full prices. East India has been in good general request, and, though still offered very freely, the improved demand has raised the value during the last few days ¼d to ½d per lb. The improvement is chiefly observable in good stapled cotton, the superior quality of which this season has induced a more general consumption. China, with a fair demand, may be quoted ¼d per lb dearer.

To arrive, the transactions have been numerous, and the last quotations were yesterday for New Orleans, sample guaranteed ship named, 16⅞d per lb; Pernam, first quality, ship named, 17¼d Egyptian, fair open, at sea, 17¼d; shipments, August, 17¼d; October, 17d; Western Madras, fair, sailing, July 12d and August 12d; ship named, 11¾d per lb.

The sales of the week amount to 109,380 bales, including 15,520 on speculation, and 26,320 declared for export, leaving 67,490 bales to the trade. The market opens this morning with a fair inquiry, and the sales will probably amount to about 10,000 bales, without change in prices.

PRICES CURRENT.

| Descriptions | Ord. | Mid. | Fair. | Good Fair. | Good. | Fine. | Same period 1864 Mid. | Same period 1864 Fair. | Same period 1864 Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d |
| Sea Island | 29 | 34 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 66 | 43 | 49 | 60 |
| Upland | 15½ | 18½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 30 | 31½ | ... |
| Mobile | 15½ | 18½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 30½ | 31½ | ... |
| New Orleans | 15½ | 18½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 31 | 32½ | ... |
| Pernambuco | ... | 16½ | 18 | 18½ | 19 | 19½ | 30 | 31½ | 32½ |
| Bahia, &c. | ... | 16 | 16½ | 16¾ | 17½ | 18 | 29½ | 29½ | 30½ |
| Maranham / Do. Sawginned | ... | 17½ | 18½ | 18½ | 18¾ | 19½ | 30½ | 31½ | 32½ |
| Egyptian | 11 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 19½ | 23 | 28 | 29½ | 32½ |
| Smyrna | 10 | 12 | 14 | 14½ | 15 | 17 | 20 | 22½ | 25 |
| W. India, &c. | ... | 16½ | 17¾ | 18 | 18½ | 19¾ | 29 | 30 | 31½ |
| Peruvian | ... | 17½ | 18 | 18½ | 18¾ | 19 | 29 | 29½ | 30½ |
| Surat—Gin'd Dharwar | ... | ... | 13½ | 14 | 14¾ | 15 | 21 | 23¾ | ... |
| Broach | 9 | 10 | 13 | 13¾ | 14½ | 14¾ | 18½ | 23½ | ... |
| Dholleral | 9 | 10 | 13 | 13¾ | 14 | 14½ | 19 | 23¾ | ... |
| Oomrawuttee | 9 | 9¾ | 12½ | 13 | 13¾ | 15½ | 18 | 22½ | ... |
| Mangarole | 8½ | 9½ | 12 | ... | ... | ... | 17 | 22 | ... |
| Comptah | 8¾ | 9½ | 12½ | 13 | 13¾ | ... | 16¾ | 20½ | ... |
| Madras—Tinnivelly | ... | ... | 12½ | 12¾ | 13 | ... | ... | 21 | ... |
| Western | ... | ... | 13 | 13½ | 14 | ... | ... | 21½ | ... |
| Bengal | 6 | 7 | 8 | 8½ | 9 | ... | 14½ | 16 | ... |
| China | ... | 10 | 11¾ | 12¾ | 13 | 13¾ | ... | 18½ | ... |

PRICES CURRENT.—SEPTEMBER 4, 1863.

| Descriptions. | Ord. | Mid. | Fair. | Good Fair. | Good. | Fine. | Same period 1862 Ord. | Same period 1862 Mid. | Same period 1862 Fair. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d | per lb d |
| Sea Island | ... | 36 | 40 | 44 | 46 | 52 | ... | 39 | 45 |
| Upland | 21½ | 23½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 26 | 28 | 30 |
| Mobile | 21½ | 23½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 26½ | 28½ | 30½ |
| New Orleans | 21½ | 23½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | 27 | 29 | 31 |
| Pernambuco | ... | 23½ | 24½ | 24½ | ... | ... | 18 | 28 | 29 |
| Bahia, &c. | ... | 22½ | 22½ | 22½ | 24 | ... | ... | 26½ | 27½ |
| Maranham | ... | 23½ | 24½ | 24½ | 25 | ... | ... | 28½ | 29 |
| Do. Sawginned | ... | 23½ | 24½ | 24½ | ... | ... | ... | 28 | 28½ |
| Peruvian | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 25 |
| Smyrna | 16 | 18 | 19½ | 19½ | 20½ | ... | ... | ... | 18 |
| C. W. India, &c. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 25 | 27 |
| Egyptian | 21 | 22½ | 23½ | 23½ | 24½ | 26 | 22½ | 26½ | 28 |
| Surat—Broach | 16 | 17½ | 20 | 20½ | 21 | ... | 18 | 19½ | 21 |
| Dholl'erah | 16 | 17 | 19½ | 19½ | 20½ | ... | 16 | 17 | 18½ |
| Oomrawuttee | 16 | 17 | 19 | 19½ | 20½ | ... | 16½ | 17½ | 18½ |
| Mangarole | 16 | 16½ | 18½ | ... | ... | ... | 16½ | 17 | 18 |
| Comptah | 16 | 16½ | 18½ | 18½ | 19 | ... | 16½ | 17½ | 18½ |
| Ginned Dharwar | ... | ... | 21½ | 22 | 22½ | ... | ... | ... | 24 |
| Madras—Tinnevelly | ... | ... | 19 | 19½ | 19½ | ... | ... | ... | 19½ |
| Western | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Bengal | 13 | ... | 13½ | 14 | 14½ | ... | ... | ... | |
| China | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

IMPORTS, EXPORTS, CONSUMPTION, &c.—1865.

| Descriptions. | Imports from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. 1864 | Imports from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. 1865 | Exports from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. 1864 | Exports from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | bales | bales | bales | bales |
| American | 142289 | 180461 | 34970 | 28945 |
| Brazil, Egypt, &c. | 451860 | 585121 | 61823 | 97642 |
| East India, China, and Japan | 906854 | 792729 | 288572 | 276940 |
| Total | 1501003 | 1558311 | 385365 | 403517 |

| Stock, Sept. 1. 1864 bales | Stock, Sept. 1. 1865 bales | Consumption from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. 1864 bales | Consumption from Jan. 1 to Sept. 1. 1865 bales |
|---|---|---|---|
| 356890 | 411760 | 1046140 | 1211410 |

The above figures show

| | bales. |
|---|---|
| An increase of import compared with the same date last year of | 57,308 |
| An increase of quantity taken for consumption of | 165,270 |
| An increase of stock of | 54,870 |

In speculation there is a decrease of 5,880 bales.

STOCK OF COTTON AT CORRESPONDING PERIODS.

| | Bales. | | Bales. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1863 | 239,300 | 1858 | 640,730 |
| 1862 | 164,140 | 1857 | 346,360 |
| 1861 | 885,610 | 1856 | 728,170 |
| 1860 | 1,021,890 | 1855 | 570,880 |
| 1859 | 653,350 | 1854 | 862,180 |

LONDON—Sept. 1.

Annexed is a portion of the circular issued this week by the London Cotton Brokers' Association :—

The market opened with a good demand, and rather higher prices were obtained until Tuesday. On Wednesday a ¼d advance was generally obtained on last week's prices; yesterday the market became quieter, without change in quotations.

PRESENT QUOTATIONS.

| | Ord. to Mid. per lb d | | Mid. Fair. per lb d | | Fair to Good Fair. per lb d | | Good to Fine per lb d |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Surat—Sawginned | 9½@ | 11 | 13 | | 13¾ @ | 14 | 14½@ 15 |
| Broach | 9 | 10 | 11½ | | 13 | 13¾ | 14½ 14¾ |
| Oomrawattee | 9 | 10 | 11½ | | 13 | 13¾ | 14 14½ |
| Dhollera | 9 | 9¾ | 11¼ | | 12½ | 13 | 13¾ 15 |
| Mangarole | 8½ | 9½ | 11 | | 12¼ | 12½ | ... ... |
| Comptah | 8½ | 9½ | 11½ | | 12¼ | 12½ | 13½ ... |
| Madras—Bourbon Seed | ... | ... | ... | | ... | ... | ... ... |
| Tinnivelly | 9½ | 10½ | 11 | | 12 | 13 | 13½ ... |
| Northern & Western | 9 | 11 | 12½ | | 13½ | 14 | 14½ ... |
| Coconada | 8½ | 10 | 11½ | | 12½ | 12¾ | 13 ... |
| Coimbatore & Salem | 9 | 10½ | 11½ | | 12½ | 13½ | 14 14½ |
| Scinde | 6 | 6½ | 7 | | 7¾ | 8¼ | 9 ... |
| Bengal and Rangoon | 6 | 6½ | 7 | | 7½ | 8½ | 10 ... |
| China | ... | ... | 11 | | 11½ | 12½ | 12½ ... |
| Japan | ... | ... | 11½ | | 12½ | 13 | 13½ ... |
| West India, &c. | 11 | 15 | 15½ | | 16½ | 17½ | 20½ 40 |
| Brazil | 11 | 15 | 16 | | 17 | 18 | 18½ 19 |
| Smyrna and Greek | 10½ | 12½ | 13 | | 14 | 15 | 15½ 16½ |

Sales, to arrive, this week :—1,450 bales Tinnivelly at 11d, August sailing, for guaranteed good fair; 2,700 bales Western Madras, at 11½d to 12½d, June to August sailing, for guaranteed fair new; 200 bales Bengal, at 7½d, July or August sailing, for guaranteed good fair.

IMPORTS, DELIVERIES, AND STOCK OF EAST INDIA, CHINA, AND JAPAN COTTON IN LONDON.

| | Surat & Scinde. bales. | Madras. bales. | Bengal & Rangoon. bales. | China & Japan. bales. | Total.* bales. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Imports, Jan. 1 to Aug. 31, 1865 | 10152 | 96627 | 20657 | 15151 | 146725 |
| — — 1864 | 22803 | 95668 | 25631 | 74300 | 224984 |
| — — 1863 | 41452 | 98088 | 27233 | 7590 | 178481 |
| Delivered, Jan. 1 to Aug. 31, 1865 | 11913 | 115278 | 32056 | 28233 | 194166 |
| — — 1864 | 15392 | 105616 | 18816 | 50668 | 194283 |
| — — 1863 | 38425 | 124136 | 18449 | 6248 | 190392 |
| Stock, Aug. 31, 1865 | 7841 | 32671 | 13692 | 3138 | 61625 |
| — 1864 | 14735 | 18263 | 12188 | 28840 | 73199 |
| — 1863 | 16464 | 6161 | 14868 | 1625 | 40921 |

* Including other kinds

COTTON AFLOAT TO EUROPE.

| From | London. bales. | Liverpool. bales. | Coast, for orders. bales. | Foreign ports. bales. | Total 1865. bales. | Total 1864. bales. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bombay | 1408 | 277255 | ... | 10227 | 288915 | 376694 |
| Kurrachee | 1917 | 5985 | ... | ... | 7362 | 8384 |
| Madras | 10024 | 12162 | ... | 1139 | 23325 | 27077 |
| Ceylon and Tuticorin | 30 | ... | ... | 30 | 30 | 8492 |
| Calcutta | 4214 | 20872 | 1084 | 793 | 26963 | 68655 |
| China* | 2054 | 3999 | ... | ... | 5954 | 78904 |
| Japan* | 294 | ... | ... | ... | 294 | 10861 |
| * 2 Picule each. | | | | | | |
| 1865 | 19966 | 320174 | 1084 | 12159 | 353383 | ... |
| 1864 | 59313 | 484790 | 3962 | 31002 | ... | 579067 |

NEW YORK—Aug. 19.

The market was quiet and rather drooping until Wednesday, when the decline was checked by a brisk demand, mainly speculative. The sales for the week have been about 14,000 bales. Exports, 6,304 bales: receipts for the week, 19,520 bales. Estimates of stock on hand range from 70,000 to 85,000 bales. At to-day's market, sales were 3,000 bales; market steady. The following are the closing quotations :—

| | NEW YORK CLASSIFICATION. Upland. c | Florida. c | Mobile. c | New Orleans and Texas. c |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 31 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Good ordinary | 38 | 37 | 37 | 37 |
| Middling | 43 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| Good middling | 47 | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| Middling fair | 48 | 49 | 50 | 50 |

Freight to Liverpool, ½d to 3-16d per lb.

EXPORT of COTTON from New York from Sept. 1, 1864, to Aug. 15, 1865.

| Cleared for— | 1864–5. bales | 1863–4. bales |
|---|---|---|
| Liverpool | 43,660 | 30,213 |
| London | 20 | 25 |
| Havre | 914 | 361 |
| Bremen and Hanover | 181 | 167 |
| Hamburg | 391 | ... |
| Total | 45,166 | 30,766 |

## MARKETS IN THE MANUFACTURING DISTRICTS

There has been a tolerably active demand for cotton goods this week, and prices of several descriptions have improved. In new, a fair business has been transacted, and pig iron has changed hands at higher rates. The coal trade has ruled firm, with a somewhat increased export inquiry.

MANCHESTER, Aug. 31.—An active business has been done this week in yarns at a slight advance, and in goods at the full rates of last week. Of both yarns and goods, only the inferior descriptions can, generally speaking, be had in stock, the better qualities being mostly pre-engaged. Fine doubled yarns for Russia have been bought freely at an advance. For Germany and other parts of the Continent, all the usual numbers have been taken on a fair scale. For the home trade, manufacturers have paid ¼d to ½d per lb higher than last week. For India, a few purchases have been made of mulls, jacconets, and other articles at low rates, but of shirtings and T'cloths purchases have not been of great note. A quieter tone has been observed to-day, owing to quotations having risen.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE COTTON TRADE.

| RAW COTTON. | Price Aug. 31, 1865 s d | Price Aug. 1864 s d | Price Aug. 1863 s d | Price Aug. 1862 s d | Price Aug. 1861 s d | Price Aug. 1860 s d |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Upland fair ... per lb | 3 6 | 2 7¾ | 1 11½ | 2 0 | 0 9 | 0 6½ |
| Ditto good fair | 4 0 | ... | ... | ... | 0 9½ | 0 7¼ |
| Pernambuco fair | 1 6 | 2 7¾ | 1 10½ | 2 0 | 0 9¾ | 0 8 |
| Ditto good fair | 1 6½ | 2 8 | 1 11 | 2 0½ | 0 9½ | 0 8½ |
| No. 40 MULE YARN, fair, 2nd quality | 1 10½ | 3 1½ | 2 3½ | 2 0 | 1 0½ | 0 11½ |
| No. 30 WATER TWIST, ditto | 1 10½ | 3 1½ | 2 3½ | 2 0½ | 1 0¾ | 0 11½ |
| 26-in, 66 reed, Printer, 29 yds, 4 lbs 2 oz | 9 0 | 13 3 | 10 0 | 9 0 | 6 0 | 5 7½ |
| 27-in, 72 reed, ditto ditto 5 lbs 2 oz | 11 9 | 16 9 | 12 3 | 10 0 | 6 9 | 6 4½ |
| 39-in, 60 reed, Gold End Shirtings, 37½ yards, 8 lbs 4 oz | 14 9 | 22 6 | 18 0 | 14 3 | 9 0 | 9 6 |
| 40-in, 66 reed, ditto, ditto, 8 lbs 12 oz | 16 6 | 24 6 | 20 0 | 15 6 | 10 3 | 10 3 |
| 40-in, 72 reed, ditto, ditto, 9 lbs 4 oz | 18 6 | 26 0 | 21 0 | 17 0 | 11 6 | 11 6 |
| 39-in, 48 reed, Red End Long Cloth, 36 yards, 9 lbs | 12 9 | 22 6 | 17 6 | 13 9 | 8 9 | 8 6 |

BRADFORD.—A good deal of wool has been moved off. The improved demand has chiefly run upon Lincoln, Yorkshire, and Irish wools, but other classes, including down wools, have also been more inquired for. The prices of last week are fully established, and in many cases a further advance has been obtained. The demand for yarns which has recently come from abroad does not appear to be yielding its full benefit to this market. Our shippers find considerable inquiry for 30's weft and also for twofold 36's and 40's. The home trade continues steadily good, and generally the trade is healthy. The Americans continue to be the principal buyers of our piece goods. The demand for plain goods has improved, but merchants are extremely cautious in their purchases. Prices generally the turn higher.

BLACKBURN.—There has been a fair amount of business done in yarns. The demand has been general in its character, and an advance of about ½d per lb has been realised.

LEICESTER.—There is still an active tone in the hosiery trade. In the stock and fancy departments there is a good business doing, and future prospects are encouraging. The trade for wool continues firm. Yarns meet a moderate inquiry. Some classes of gloves are in tolerable request.

NOTTINGHAM.—The demand for cotton goods is inactive, although some small orders are being executed for Mechlin quillings. For silk goods the demand is slow, and there is no change for the better to report in the inquiry for silk quillings or Mechlins. There is a fair trade doing in black laces, but in narrow edgings there is not much passing. The demand for hosiery goods continues very brisk in all departments. Yarns are very firm.

LEEDS.—In heavy goods plain and fancy witneys have a steady sale, and their is also a fair demand for strong meltons and good tweeds. A few inquiries are made for black unions of medium and low quality, but, upon the whole, such goods are not in much request.

ROCHDALE.—A little dulness exists in the flannel trade. Fancy goods are in fair request, and the manufacturers of such are well employed. Indeed, the manufacturers of flannels generally keep in good work, and stocks in their hands are not large. Prices are firm. Yorkshire goods are rather slow of sale at late rates.

HUDDERSFIELD.—Selections from stocks on hand of better class fancy trouserings and coatings have been made somewhat more freely than of late, and piece-dyed black doeskins and other descriptions of plain goods at medium prices have also been selling in considerable quantities. The shipping demand for low goods has been quiet, and stocks on hand of these goods are still considerable.

## CORN.

### AMERICAN GRAIN AND FLOUR MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The speculative feeling has ruled very strong, and a considerable portion of the arrivals continue to go into the store on speculative account. The export business has been of a very trifling character. The following are the closing quotations :—Flour—Superfine State and Western, $6.15 to $6.65; extra State, $7 to $7.25; shipping roundhoop Ohio, $8.40 to $8.65; extra Western, common to good, $7.20 to $9.85; double extra Western and St Louis, $10 to $13.50; Southern, supers, $8.50 to $9.65; Southern, fancy and extra, $9.75 to $13.25; Canada, common to choice extra, $7.10 to $10; rye flour, fine and superfine, $5.50 to $6; corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine, $5 to $5.50 per barrel. Wheat—Chicago spring, $1.14 to $1.50; Milwaukee Club, $1.45 to $1.49; red winter, $1.90 to $2.5; amber Michigan, &c., $2.10 to $2.12 per bushel. Corn—Western mixed, 88c to

91c; Western yellow, 92c; Southern white, $1.10 to $1.12 per bushel.

EXPORTS of GRAIN, &c., from NEW YORK from Aug. 1 to Aug. 15.

| | | 1865. | | 1864. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Flour | bbls | 57,278 | ..... | 116,459 |
| Wheat | bush | 114,362 | ..... | 791,632 |
| Corn | | 377,367 | ..... | 169,069 |

FREIGHTS.

| | To London. | | | To Liverpool. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | s d | | s d | s d | | s d |
| Flour per bbl | 1 9 | to | 0 0 | 1 0 | to | 0 0 |
| Wheat per bush | 0 6 | | 0 0 | 0 4 | | 0 0 |
| Corn | 0 5½ | | 0 0 | 0 3½ | | 0 0 |

## LONDON MARKETS.

### STATE OF THE CORN TRADE FOR THE WEEK.

MARK LANE, FRIDAY EVENING.

Coastwise and by land carriage, the arrivals of English wheat up to our market this week have been very moderate. Those of the new crop, however, have appeared in improved condition. On the whole, the demand for selected qualities has ruled steady at, in some instances, an advance in the quotations of 1s per quarter. Inferior kinds have moved off slowly at late rates. All foreign wheats have been held firmly, but the business doing in them has been much restricted. The supply of new English barley has been mostly cleared off at from 32s to 36s per quarter. Foreign parcels have ruled firm in price. The malt trade has continued steady at full quotations. The import of oats from abroad having been large, the oat trade has been less active, and prices have given way 6d per quarter. The few samples of beans and peas on offer have been disposed of at extreme rates. New white boiling peas have sold at 40s to 42s, and grey 37s to 38s per quarter. We have no change to notice in the value of any kind of flour. The trade has become very inactive.

In the local markets, the transactions in all kinds of produce have been very moderate. Prices, however, have ruled firm.

The return of fine weather has enabled our farmers to secure an immense quantity of wheat in fair condition. In the forward counties, very little grain is now exposed in the fields. Wheat and barley are certainly average crops.

The continental markets have been steady for wheat, at very full prices. In spring corn, a good business has been doing at steady currencies. The exports of produce from America have not increased.

The following report has reached us in reference to the crops in America:—"The crop of the north-west is uninjured, and with a week or ten days more of good harvest weather, this country will turn out the largest crop of choice wheat that it has ever produced, Not so heavy, perhaps, to the acre, take it all through, as in 1860, but vastly more breadth of soil has been sown. In Minnesota, the yield per acre will quite equal 1860. Nothing was ever seen like it in that section. The crop of Wisconsin and Iowa is more than half harvested. In Minnesota, the farmers will be through harvest by the 20th, with good weather. The weather is now splendid, and harvesting going on finely, so that with a week or ten days more of good weather we shall have a great crop of choice quality of spring wheat, and up to this time the crop is not damaged by rain or water. The rye crop is large and of fine quality. Barley fair, some stained. Oats, great crop. Corn doing finely, could not be better."

In Scotland, harvest work is progressing steadily. The various markets have been rather scantily supplied with grain, in which very little business has been transacted. Prices, however, have continued firm.

The Irish markets have been steady for most articles, at about previous rates. A fair quantity of wheat and other grain has been carried.

Very few complaints have reached us respecting the potato disease. As a whole, the crop of potatoes is the largest and best ever grown.

A moderate supply of English wheat was on sale at Mark lane to-day. The trade ruled quiet, but good and fine old wheats changed hands at full prices. New wheats were difficult of sale, and sold as low as 36s per quarter. The foreign wheat trade was very quiet, with a slight downward tendency as regards the value of secondary descriptions of produce. Barley supported previous rates, but with only a moderate demand. Oats, which were in good supply, moved off freely, on rather higher terms. Beans were firm in price. For flour there was a fair sale, at late rates.

In reference to the trade in floating cargoes, Mr George Dornbusch reports as follows:—Arrivals at ports of call since last Friday, 23 cargoes, viz., 9 wheat, 4 maize, 2 barley, 2 rye, 1 beans, 2 milletseed, 1 linseed, and 2 oilcake. Wheat—23 cargoes sold, at prices varying according to position of vessel, arrived, on passage, or to be shipped. Arrived—Berdianski, at 43s 3d to 42s 7½d; Odessa Ghirka, 42s 3d to 42s 6d; Taganrog Ghirka, 41s to 41s 9d. On passage—Odessa Ghirka, at 42s to 43s; Taganrog Ghirka, 41s to 41s 3d. Shipped or to be shipped—Taganrog Ghirka, at 41s 9d to 42s 6d; Sandomirka, 44s; Polish, 42s. Maize—24 cargoes sold: arrived, at 29s 3d to 29s 9d; on passage, shipped or to be shipped from Odessa, Ibrail, and Galatz, at 28s to 31s. Barley—3 cargoes sold, on passage, and to be shipped, at 21s 6d to 22s per 480 lbs.

The London averages announced this day are:—

| | qrs | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 1999 | at 47 | 6 |
| Barley | 270 | 34 | 8 |
| Oats | 29 | 13 | 9 |

SHIP ARRIVALS THIS WEEK.

| | Wheat. qrs | | Barley. qrs | | Malt. qrs | | Oats. qrs | | Flour. sacks |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| English & Scotch | 1650 | ..... | 180 | ..... | 2490 | ..... | 90 | ..... | 1160 |
| Irish | ... | ..... | ... | ..... | ... | ..... | 100 | ..... | ... |
| Foreign | 10890 | ..... | 3620 | ..... | ... | ..... | 23950 | ... | 80 / 6100 brls |

### PRICES CURRENT OF CORN, &c.

| | s | s |
|---|---|---|
| WHEAT—English, Old white | 53 | 56 |
| red | 48 | 50 |
| English, white, new | 46 | 52 |
| red, new | 42 | 46 |
| Danzig and Koenigsberg, high mixed | 52 | 52 |
| — — new | 47 | 50 |
| Rostock and Wismar, new & old | 46 | 50 |
| Stettin, Stralsund, and Wolgast | 46 | 50 |
| Marks and Mecklenburg | 45 | 48 |
| Danish, Holstein, & Brunswick | ... | ... |
| Rhenish and Brabant | ... | ... |
| St Petersburg, soft...per 496 lbs | 44 | 47 |
| American and Canadian, red | 51 | 53 |
| Odessa and Sea of Azoff, soft, per 496 lbs | 42 | 44 |
| Egyptian, Saidi...per 480 lbs | ... | ... |
| BARLEY—English and Scotch, malting, new | 33 | 40 |
| English and Scotch distilling | ... | ... |
| — — grinding | ... | ... |
| Saale malting | ... | ... |
| Danish distilling | 27 | 28 |
| — grinding | 27 | 28 |
| Odessa and Danube, per 400 lbs | 22 | 23 |
| BEANS—English | 37 | 44 |
| Dutch, Hanoverian, and French | 34 | 37 |
| Egyptian & Sicilian, per 480 lbs | ... | ... |
| PEAS—English, white boilers, new | 42 | 44 |
| — grey, dun, and maple | 36 | 38 |
| — blue | 48 | 52 |
| Foreign, white boilers, old | 37 | 38 |
| — feeding | 36 | 37 |

| | s | s |
|---|---|---|
| OATS—English, Poland & potato | 24 | 27 |
| — white, feed | 22 | 24 |
| — black | 21 | 24 |
| Scotch, Hopetown and potato | 25 | 28 |
| — Angus and Sandy | 24 | 26 |
| — common | 23 | 25 |
| Irish, potato | 22 | 25 |
| — White, feed | 20 | 22 |
| — Black | 20 | 22 |
| — Light Galway | ... | ... |
| Danish | 19 | 23 |
| Swedish | 20 | 23 |
| Russian | 18 | 23 |
| Dutch and Hanoverian | 20 | 24 |
| RYE—English | 31 | 33 |
| TARES—English, winter...per qr | ... | ... |
| Foreign, large, spring | 50 | 65 |
| INDIAN CORN, per 480 lbs—American, white | ... | ... |
| — yellow and mixed | ... | ... |
| Galatz, Odessa, and Ibraila, yellow | 32 | 33 |
| FLOUR, per 280 lbs—Town made delivered to the baker | 38 | 40 |
| Country marks | 34 | 35 |
| French and Belgian | 33 | 36 |
| American and Canadian fancy brands per 196 lbs | 26 | 28 |
| American superfine to extra superfine | 25 | 27 |
| American common to fine | 24 | 25 |
| — heated and sour | ... | ... |
| OATMEAL—Scotch, fine, per ton | £11 | 14 |
| — — round | 10 | 13 |

## COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

### TRANSACTIONS OF THE WEEK.

FOR REPORT OF THIS DAY'S MARKETS SEE "POSTSCRIPT."

MINCING LANE, FRIDAY MORNING.

SUGAR.—A more active demand prevails, the market showing an upward tendency, and prices frequently rule 6d higher than on Friday last. The stock now amounts to 106,000 tons, against 99,200 tons in 1864 at the corresponding period. There has been an increase in the home deliveries of 20,700 tons, and for export of 11,240 tons, on those of last year. The refiners have bought West India freely, the sales to yesterday reaching 4,800 casks. Barbadoes by auction went at 29s to 36s; Jamaica, 30s to 34s 6d per cwt. Low sugars continue in demand.

*Mauritius.*—The large quantity brought forward by auction on Tuesday partly sold at full prices: crystallised, 34s to 37s 6d; grainy, 33s 6d to 37s; low to good brown, 27s 6d to 30s 6d. Considerable business has also been done privately.

*Bengal.*—900 bags low brown date sort have sold at 28s per cwt.

*Penang.*—2,700 bags sold at 29s 6d to 33s 6d.

*Siam.*—2,181 bags offered by auction chiefly sold: yellow to strong white, 11s 8d duty, 36s to 38s 6d; 10s 6d duty, brown and yellow, 31s 6d to 35s 6d. Very low brown withdrawn at 27s per cwt.

*Manilla.*—9,000 bags unclayed have sold at 27s 6d to 28s 3d, and 100 tons clayed, of old import, at 30s per cwt.

*Other Foreign.*—A floating cargo of Cuba has sold for the United Kingdom at 23s. One of Havana, No. 13, at 26s 6d.

*Refined.*—The market is very firm, at 6d to 1s per cwt recovery.

RUM.—The Government recently took 59,000 gallons at 1s 8d proof. A good demand now prevails, and the market is firm. The week's sales include 148 puncheons Mauritius at 1s 7d, and 550 casks ditto at 1s 7½d per proof gallon.

COCOA.—694 bags Grenada offered by auction chiefly sold at 52s to 61s 6d, with fine at 62s 6d up to 71s. 256 Trinidad realised former prices: middling to fine, 75s to 111s per per cwt.

TEA.—There have not been any public sales this week, and the market is steady by private contract.

RICE.—A large business has been done in soft grain descriptions at rather higher prices, ranging from 9s 10½d to 10s 7½d for Necrancie Arracan. Some fine new Rangoon sold at 12s to 12s 3d. A parcel of middling old white hard grain Bengal at 14s 3d. 2,465 bags white Bengal offered by auction were taken in above the market value. Two floating cargoes of Necrancie Arracan have sold for exportation at 10s 6d and 11s; one of Bassein at 11s. One of Rangoon at 12s per cwt for the United Kingdom.

IMPORTS and DELIVERIES of RICE to August 26, with STOCKS on hand.

| | | 1865. | | 1864. | | 1863 | | 1862. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Imports | tons | 24230 | ... | 34400 | ... | 30800 | ... | 71650 |
| Deliveries | | 46400 | ... | 51200 | ... | 53750 | ... | 39750 |
| Stock | | 19050 | ... | 29100 | ... | 41150 | ... | 61800 |

COFFEE.—The large quantity brought upon the market has had very little influence upon prices, which are occasionally 6d to 1s per cwt lower than on Friday last. 3,077 casks 493 barrels and bags plantation Ceylon nearly all sold: pale, 75s to 78s; middling rather mixed to good coloury, 78s 6d to 86s, up to 90s for fine. 2,819 bags native only partly sold: good ordinary mixed, 65s 6d; fine ordinary, 67s 6d to 68s. 105 cases withdrawn. 1,608 cases 1,357 bags East India sold at the relative value, from 79s 6d to 85s; pale, 70s to 76s 6d. A small quantity of good ordinary Singapore at 68s. Part of a floating cargo of Bahia has sold for a near port at 51s 6d. The stock has increased to 12,800

tons, but the export deliveries exceed those of last year by 25 per cent.

SPICES.—At auction, 13 cases brown nutmegs sold steadily: bold, 3s 7d; good, 2s 6d to 2s 7d; middling, 1s 8d; low small, 11d. A few lots of pimento went rather dearer: from 2⅜d to 2⅝d. A good deal of business is reported privately at 2⅞d. 250 bales Zanzibar cloves sold at 3¼d to 3⅜d; 50 cases Penang cloves, 1s 0½d to 1s 1½d; fine, 1s 2½d. 1,118 bags black pepper met with buyers: Singapore, 3d to 3⅛d; West Coast Penang, 2⅞d to 3d. A few sales have been effected in white pepper privately, at 5½d per lb. Cassia lignea has been in good demand by private contract, at higher rates. 700 bags African ginger were taken in at 36s. 368 barrels Jamaica sold at steady prices: ordinary to fine, 3*l* 4s to 8*l* 15s. 1,651 bags Bengal were taken in at 27s 6d to 28s. 898 cases Cochin sold steadily at 64s to 94s per cwt.

SAGO FLOUR.—630 bags were taken in, at 13s 9d per cwt.

SALTPETRE.—East India continues dull. A parcel of Bengal, refraction 8½ to 8, has sold privately at 23s per cwt.

IMPORTS and DELIVERIES of SALTPETRE to August 26, with STOCKS on hand.

| | 1865 | 1864 | 1863 | 1862 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Imports .....tons | 5150 | 10130 | 11600 | 12400 |
| Deliveries..... | 7270 | 8750 | 9550 | 11050 |
| Stock..... | 5280 | 8540 | 5875 | 4480 |

Delivered last week, 250 tons.

COCHINEAL.—573 bags Honduras offered by auction sold at steady rates to 1d advance, including silvers at 3s 1d to 3s 2d per lb.

OTHER DRYSALTERY GOODS.—A sale of Gambier has been made at 19s 3d. Bengal safflower steady: 60 bales by auction went at 3*l* 15s to 6*l* 5s per cwt for ordinary to good quality.

METALS.—There has been some tendency to improvement in the market. Straits tin has sold freely at 88*l* to 89*l*, and 89*l* 10s paid to arrive. Spelter quotations have been irregular. Several contracts made during the week at 21*l* 12s 6d to 22*l* 2s 6d on the spot, and 21*l* 12s 6d September delivery. The last sale of Scotch pig iron was at 55s 9d per ton cash, mixed numbers. Copper is nominally unaltered for British manufactured, but some business has been done in foreign.

JUTE.—The market is not active although firm. On Wednesday there were only 4,008 bales offered, which chiefly sold at previous quotations, ranging from 11*l* 10s to 22*l* 15s per ton.

MANILLA HEMP continues firm. A parcel of fair roping has sold privately at 34*l* 10s per ton.

OIL.—Linseed has advanced to 33s. Rape, still active, with large sales for forward delivery. Foreign: brown, 45s 6d. Palm has advanced: fine, 38s to 38s 6d. Cocoa-nut, firm. Cochin, 45s 6d. Ceylon, quiet, at 43s per cwt; for the best sperm cannot be obtained under 100*l*. Pale seal, has sold freely at 40*l*, now 41*l* demanded; cod, 48*l*: pale Southern, 44*l* per ton.

LINSEED.—The market is steady, but the business doing is small, owing to the inactive demand for both cake and oil; Calcutta is quoted at 56s 6d to 57s; Mirzapore, 58s to 58s 6d; Bombay, 58s 6d per cwt; Calcutta, for arrival, is quoted at 57s 6d to 58s; and Azov cargoes at 58s 6d per qr.

TALLOW.—The market for foreign is firm, with prices 9d to 1s per cwt higher. 1st sort new Petersburg Y.C., 46s; January to March, 47s per cwt.

PARTICULARS OF TALLOW.—Monday, August 28, 1865.

| | 1862. casks. | 1863. casks. | 1864. casks. | 1865. casks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stock this day ..... | 35,337 | 41,622 | 43,276 | 31,819 |
| Delivered last week..... | 1,358 | 1,344 | 1,459 | 1,971 |
| Ditto from 1st June..... | 18,670 | 12,210 | 13,267 | 19,842 |
| Arrival last week..... | 113 | 1,132 | 1,652 | 3,838 |
| Ditto from 1st June ..... | 13,099 | 16,129 | 11,522 | 19,178 |
| Price of Y.C..... | 48s 0d | 43s 6d | 42s 6d | 44s 9d |
| Price of Town..... | 50s 0d | 43s 9d | 43s 9d | 47s 3d |

## POSTSCRIPT. FRIDAY EVENING.

SUGAR.—The market has been firm. 746 casks West India, 2,010 bags Mauritius, and 248 bags Natal offered by auction went at full prices, and quotations are fully 6d dearer for the week. A floating cargo of Cuba has sold at 23s per cwt for the United Kingdom. Week's sale of West India, 6,054 casks.

COFFEE.—705 casks Ceylon, 55 casks 773 cases 196 bags East India, in the sales went off at steady prices.

SPICES.—60 cases Tellicherry white pepper sold at 8¾d to 1s 0½d; 388 bags Singapore white at 5⅛d to 5¼d; 3,350 bags Singapore black two-thirds sold at 3d to 3⅛d; a few lots low at 2⅞d to 3d. 1,332 bags Trang at 3d to 3⅛d. 23 cases Penang cloves at 1s 1d per lb. 100 cases Cochin ginger at 65s to 100s per cwt.

RICE.—A parcel of fine new Rangoon sold at 12s 6d per cwt.

SHELLAC.—Button sorts advanced 3s to 5s per cwt.

OIL.—307 casks palm sold at 24s to 38s per cwt.

TALLOW.—Y. C. advanced to 48s 9d. 444 casks Australian beef by auction sold at 42s to 44s per cwt.

## ADDITIONAL NOTICES.

REFINED SUGAR.—The home market for refined sugar has been more animated this week, at an advance of 6d on dry and 1s on unstoved goods—lowest price of titlers, 42s. A large business has been done in Holland for forward delivery at higher prices.

DRY FRUIT.—The first cargoes of Valentia new raisins have arrived, and prices, after opening at 42s, receded to 39s to 40s, at which prices but little business is doing. The quality is unsatisfactory, and hasty packing is very evident. Currants are stagnant in face of the arrival of new next week.

ENGLISH WOOL.—Rather more demand for English wool: prices remain the same.

COLONIAL WOOL.—Superior and good wool rather firmer; faulty without change

FLAX.—Market firm, and a good business doing.

HEMP.—Market very quiet and but little business doing.

SILK.—A moderate business doing and no change in prices.

TOBACCO.—The market has assumed a more active appearance, and a fair average extent of business transacted in most descriptions. Some of the recent arrivals of Virginia from New York have been sampled, and turned out of fine quality.

LEATHER AND HIDES.—The leather trade has not experienced any change this week; a steady inquiry continues for most articles, but the supplies are generally fully equal to the demand. At Leadenhall, on Tuesday, there was a limited attendance of buyers; the articles most wanted were very thin butts, good crop hides, 45 lbs and 50 lbs, light shaved hides, horse hides, and prime kips. No alteration can be quoted in prices.

METALS.—There is an improved tone observable in our market, although the state of actual business is little changed. Copper has found buyers of all cheap parcels offered. Iron is in steady request, without change in quotations. Tin has rallied 10s to 20s per ton in Straits and Banca, with a moderate extent of business doing. Spelter and lead remain stationary. Tin plates in good demand.

TALLOW.—Official market letter issued this evening:—

| | s | d |
|---|---|---|
| Town tallow ..... | 48 | 9 |
| Fat by ditto ..... | 2 | 4 |
| Yellow Russia ..... | 47 | 6 |
| Melted stuff ..... | 34 | 6 |
| Rough ditto ..... | 19 | 0 |
| Greaves ..... | 19 | 0 |
| Good dregs..... | 6 | 0 |

## METROPOLITAN CATTLE MARKET.

MONDAY, Aug. 28.—The total imports of foreign stock into London, last week, amounted to 24,636 head. In the corresponding week in 1864 we received 15,361; in 1863, 16,797; in 1862, 11,579; in 1861, 10,988; in 1860, 13,707; and in 1859, 12,659 head.

To-day's market was heavily supplied with foreign stock. With the exception of a few of the sheep, there was no improvement in quality, compared with Monday last. Sales progressed slowly, on rather easier terms. The supply of English beasts was again limited, and in very middling condition. Nevertheless, all breeds moved off slowly, and, in some instances, the quotations had a drooping tendency. The best Scots, crosses, &c., sold at 5s 4d per 8 lbs. More than half the supply was composed of foreigners. The show of sheep was on the increase; but nearly all breeds were in middling condition. Good and prime Downs, half-breds, Lincolns, Leicesters, &c., changed hands steadily, at full quotations. Otherwise, the mutton trade was heavy, and the currencies ruled in favour of buyers. The top figure was 6s 8d per 8 lbs. The lamb season is now nearly over; but the few lambs in the pens realised 6s to 7s per 8 lbs. We have to report a good demand for calves at 2d per 8 lbs more money. Prices ranged from 4s 4d to 5s 4d per 8 lbs. There was a fair demand for pigs, and prices had an upward tendency.

SUPPLIES.

| | Aug. 29, 1864. | Aug. 28, 1865. |
|---|---|---|
| Beasts..... | 6890 | 4790 |
| Sheep and lambs..... | 29270 | 27470 |
| Calves ..... | 134 | 279 |
| Pigs ..... | 460 | 530 |

THURSDAY, Aug. 31.—The supply of beasts on sale at our market to-day was only moderate, whilst the quality of the stock was very middling. Good and fine breeds consequently changed hands at the extreme rates of Monday, viz., from 5s to 5s 6d per 8 lbs; otherwise, the beef trade ruled quiet at Monday's currency. The market was moderately supplied with sheep, the trade for which was firm at full prices. The general top figure was 6s 8d per 8 lbs. The few lambs on offer sold at about late rates. The trade for veal was steady at full quotations. Pork ruled firm, and prime small porkers were rather dearer than on Monday.

Per 8 lbs to sink the offal.

| | s | d | | s | d | | s | d | | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Coarse and inferior beasts | 3 | 0 | to | 4 | 0 | Prime Southdown sheep | 6 | 4 | to | 6 | 8 |
| Second quality ditto ..... | 4 | 2 | | 4 | 10 | Large coarse calves ..... | 4 | 4 | | 4 | 10 |
| Prime large oxen ..... | 5 | 0 | | 5 | 2 | Prime small ditto ..... | 5 | 0 | | 5 | 4 |
| Prime Scots, &c..... | 5 | 4 | | 5 | 6 | Large hogs ..... | 4 | 0 | | 4 | 6 |
| Coarse and inferior sheep | 4 | 6 | | 5 | 0 | Small porkers..... | 4 | 8 | | 5 | 2 |
| Second quality ditto ..... | 5 | 2 | | 5 | 8 | Suckling calves.....each | 18 | 0 | | 23 | 0 |
| Prime coarse-woolled do.. | 5 | 10 | | 6 | 2 | Quarter old store pigs... | 25 | 0 | | 30 | 0 |

Lambs 6s 0d to 7s 0d.

Head of stock on sale.

Total Supply—Beasts, 1,030; cows, 130; sheep and lambs, 8,120; calves, 520; pigs, 390.

Foreign Supply—Beasts, 610; cows, —; sheep and lambs, 4,400; calves 303; pigs, —

## NEWGATE AND LEADENHALL.

Per 8 lbs by the carcase.

| | s | d | | s | d | | s | d | | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Inferior beef ..... | 2 | 8 | to | 3 | 6 | Inferior mutton ..... | 4 | 0 | to | 4 | 8 |
| Middling ditto ..... | 3 | 8 | | 4 | 0 | Middling ditto ..... | 4 | 10 | | 5 | 4 |
| Prime large ditto ..... | 4 | 2 | | 4 | 4 | Prime ditto ..... | 5 | 6 | | 5 | 10 |
| Prime small ditto ..... | 4 | 6 | | 4 | 8 | Large pork ..... | 3 | 8 | | 4 | 4 |
| Veal ..... | 4 | 0 | | 5 | 0 | Small pork ..... | 4 | 6 | | 5 | 2 |

Lambs, 0s 0d to 0s 0d.

## POTATO MARKETS.

BOROUGH AND SPITALFIELDS, Friday, Sept. 1.—The supplies of potatoes have increased, and the trade rules heavy, on rather easier terms. Regents, 60s to 80s; Shaws, 50s to 70s per ton.

## HOP MARKET.

BOROUGH, Friday, Sept. 1.—Picking continues to make satisfactory progress, and in most plantations there is a full average yield. The quality of the produce is excellent. Our market, consequently, is dull, with a downward tendency in prices.

## COAL MARKET.

FRIDAY, Sept. 1.—Wallsend: East Hartlepool 19s 9d—Byron 18s 9d—Cassop 19s 3d—Harton 18s 6d—South Hartlepool 19s—Bate's West Hartley 16s 9d—Holywell Main 16s. Ships at market, 28; sold, 8; gas contracts, 19—27; unsold, 1; ships at sea, 40.

## LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

### WOOL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

FRIDAY, Sept. 1.—The demand continues fair, and there is no change in prices of all the more current descriptions in foreign. As there still exists a great deal of uncertainty about the harvest, buyers restrict their purchases more or less to present wants, otherwise transactions would be of larger extent.

## The Gazette.

TUESDAY, Aug. 29.

### BANKRUPTCIES ANNULLED.

G. J. St John Bashford, East India chambers, Leadenhall street, ship-broker—A. Bastow, Bradford, worsted manufacturer—C. J. Sharood, Birchmore place, Cardington street, Hampstead road, clerk.

### BANKRUPTS.

J. Abbott, late of Upper Lewisham—H. Aldridge, Bridge terrace, Paddington, builder—W. Bonython, late of Paddington green, house agent—G. Bromhead, late of Nutford place, Belgrave square, baker—J. Calaz, Bickley row, Rotherhithe, tailor—T. Chapman, late of Finsbury market, second-hand bookseller—T. Croft, Woodford—T. Eades, New road, Rotherhithe, floorcloth printer—F. M. Edge, late of Hanover street, South Belgravia—T. Farrow, late of Poland street, cordwainer—J. Griffith, Gravesend—J. J. Hardey, Victoria street, Westminster, Parliamentary agent—S. W. Hardinge, late of Cavendish square, tobacco merchant—J. Harris, late of Park road, Brompton, and George street, Mansion house, stockbroker—W. Haydon, Southampton, stonemason—R. V. Houssart, Elm terrace, Hackney, clerk—G. Howard, late of Granville place, Hornsey road, bootmaker—R. J. K. Innes, late of Doddington grove, Kennington, general dealer—S. T. Isaac, late of East India road, ship's steward—E. Jones, late of Little Cambridge street, Hackney road, wholesale boot manufacturer—C. W. Kitto, East India avenue, Leadenhall street, East India agent—M. Knox, late of Chingford, cattle dealer—A. M'Dougall, Horton road, Hackney, clerk—J. Marshall, late of Muswell hill, baker—A. J. Martin, Stratford, agent for the sale of beer—C. Mearing, late of Union street, Somers town, manufacturing chemist—T. Morris, Wormwood street, builder—A. F. Neumann, late of Coleshill street, Eaton square, and Fenchurch street—J. Orford, late of Grosvenor street, Brixton, mason—R. F. Prangley, Southampton, auctioneer—C. Pratt, Henley-on-Thames, cordwainer—C. Preston, Great Tower street, attorney at law—J. R. Preston, Brompton square—A. Rodriguez, late of Woodville terrace, Stoke Newington, wine merchant—G. B. Sharp, Tilehurst—T. P. Smith, late of Upper Norwood and Hatton garden, wholesale ironmonger—A. Stevens, late of Holywell lane, Shoreditch, boot dealer—E. Stevens, late of Islington terrace, Park road, Barnsbury, baker—J. Stoffel, Alfred terrace, Bayswater, decorator—B. Stratton, Charter house lane, licensed victualler—J. Tilley, late of Globe stairs, Rotherhithe, licensed victualler—J. Warper, late of Hern, corn dealer—E. Wilshere and L. Wray, Manor rise, Brixton, ladies' boot warehouse—W. Boyle, Hulme, provision dealer—J. F. Brookfield, late of Manchester, general dealer—J. Catford, Bampton, saddler—A. Cannen, Capernwray, corn miller—J. R. Gilgan, Liverpool, joiner—J. C. Clayton, Syston, baker—W. Clarke, Bradford—J. Comfort, late of Manchester, hair merchant—G. Critchley, Cheltenham, working smith—W. Crook, Liverpool—J. Davies, Dihewid—S. Edwards, Newport, innkeeper—J. Gibson, South Shields, grocer—J. Grocott, Stoke-upon-Trent, tailor—R. Hare, Barton-upon-Humber, grocer—W. Hazell, late of Bicester, cooper—W. Hamblett, jun., Lowton, blacksmith—R. Hessay, Quorndon, beer house keeper—T. Jeffrey, Liverpool, boarding house keeper—H. J. Jenkinson, Stafford, baker—E. S. Jones, Newport, clothier—W. Jones, Neath, blacksmith—J. Kelsall, Ashton-under-Lyne, commission agent—J. Kelley, Liverpool, butcher—T. Knight, Kempsford, baker—W. Lidgey, Redruth, glazier—W. Manley, Waterloo—J. Martin, Crosthwaite, joiner—H. Miller, Wadsley—R. Moss, Liverpool, provision merchant—M. Moody, Heaton Norris, manager—W. Oliver, South Shields, shipwright—J. Penson, Liverpool, grocer—J. Phipps, Alcester, marine store dealer—W. Prentice, Skillington, blacksmith—R. Rogers, Westbourne, miller—H. Rollason, sen., Birmingham, gilt jeweller—B. and J. Routledge, Carlisle, watchmakers—R. Sharples, Tyldesley, shoemaker—J. Simpson and J. Easingwold, Rugeley, printers—G. Smith, Bicester, butcher—J. Summerscales, Failsworth, butcher—J. Watcham, Washbrook, painter—J. Webster, Pudsey, tailor—T. Wheatley, East Redford—E. Williams, Cwmburla, beerhouse keeper—J. Williams, Liverpool, joiner—T. Winder, Liverpool, fringe manufacturer—W. Woolley, Haughton, carter—T Moss, Pemberton, horse tenter.

## *GAZETTE OF LAST NIGHT.*

### BANKRUPTS.

C. Beall, Maidenhead, ironmonger—A. J. Sayer, Wimbledon, plasterer—H. Cox, Essex, commission agent—C. H. Garthwaite, Chatham, hair dresser—G. Nelson, Bayswater, house decorator—J. Thurland, Highbury vale, commercial traveller—W. Peskett, Lambeth road, butcher—G. Ginger, New Barnett, builder—E. Villiers, Soho, jeweller—T. Groom, Pimlico, cab proprietor—F. E. Miller, Caledonian road, clerk—O. L. McCrea, St Marks road, Nottinghill—J. Ralph, Greenwich, fishmonger—R. Jarvis, Marylebone, carpenter—G. Parser, Leighton Buzzard, plumber—Wm. T. Austen, Wardour street, cabinet maker—T. W. Russell, Holloway—R. Cross, Yaxley, Hunts, agent—W. Pawley, Bromley, farmer—W. Chilvers, Teddington, tailor—C. Collins, Fulham, zinc worker—V. Cattaneo, King street, commission agent—W. F. Jobbins, Bermonsey, oilman—C. B. Robinson, Crawford st., upholsterer—W. Clarke, Bread street hill, box maker—T. Brown, jun., Houghton, horse trainer—G. H. Jameson, Hackney, clerk—J. B. Bromley, Ipswich, innkeeper—J. Garrington, Darlington, stamper—A. Tranter, Shropshire, builder—M. S. Margaschis, Birmingham, jeweller—J. C. Bradford, Birmingham, baker—W. M. Ingle, Belper, attorney—P. H. Crampton, Weston-super-Mare—H. W. Ferris, Tiverton, butcher—J. Jago, Liskeard, accountant—W. Call and T. Call, Bradford, engineers—T. D. Appleby, Leeds, cheese factor—M. Owen, Liverpool, cart owner—J. Tomlinson, Liverpool, provision dealer—F Jones, Brynrefail, grocer—J. Evans, Rhyl, builder—G. W. Robinson, Liverpool, commercial traveller—C. Hulse, Manchester, grocer—S. Counsell, Blackburn, builder—C. Ponton, Birmingham, tailor—G. Trimming, Hants—W. Tandy, Hastings, milkman—E. Ubsdell, Southsea, coffee-house keeper—J. Quick, Plympton St. Mary, baker—C. Gill, Rotherham, beer-house keeper—O. Warren, Peterborough, dealer—D. Smith, New Fletton, innkeeper—R. Taylor, Gribthorpe, stationer—W. Steward, Mucking, market gardener—E. G. Stockwin, Sheffield, photographer—J. Morve, Bulkington, carrier—J. Cooper, Nuneaton—E. Simmons, Bath, lodging-house keeper—J. Snook, Bath, cabinet maker—J. Almond, Hallaton, saddler—J. Wilde, Birkenhead, hatter—J. Voak, Brighton, bootmaker—W. Perkins, Bingham, innkeeper.

## Official Railway Traffic Returns.

| Amount expended per last Report. | Average cost per mile. | Dividend per cent. Year 1863. | Dividend per cent. First half 1864. | Dividend per cent. Second half 1864. | Name of Railways | Week ending. | Receipts: Passengers, parcels, &c. | Receipts: Merchandise minerals, cattle, &c. | Receipts: Total Receipts. | Same week 1864 | Traffic per mile per week. | Miles open in 1863 | Miles open in 1864 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| £ | £ | £ s d | £ s d | £ s d | | 1864 | £ s d | £ s d | £ s d | £ | £ | | |
| 1,600,697 | 12,431 | 4 6 0 | 1 16 0 | 2 0 0 | Belfast and Northern Counties ... | Aug. 25 | 1410 15 2 | 942 10 8 | 2353 5 10 | 2208 | 23 | 99½ | 99½ |
| 490,000 | 18,214 | 9 10 0 | 4 15 0 | 4 15 0 | Blyth and Tyne ... ... ... | 19 | 798 0 0 | 1598 0 0 | 2494 0 0 | 2396 | 89 | 28 | 28 |
| 4,063,650 | 32,368 | 4 10 0 | 2 5 0 | 2 15 0 | Bristol and Exeter... .. .. | 27 | 5339 8 6 | 2463 13 0 | 7803 1 6 | 7669 | 64 | 121½ | 122 |
| 10,476,750 | 27,219 | 5 12 0 | 3 5 0 | 3 12 6 | Caledonian ... .. .. .. | 27 | 11160 14 9 | 17279 13 4 | 28440 8 1 | 27692 | 69 | 407½ | 408½ |
| 1,918,894 | 10,372 | ... | ... | ... | Detroit and Milwaukee ... ... | 3 | ..... | ..... | 7486 0 0 | 4321 | 39 | 189 | 189 |
| 1,100,000 | 17,460 | 4 0 0 | 2 0 0 | 2 0 0 | Dublin and Drogheda ... .. | 27 | 1558 10 3 | 537 5 9 | 2095 16 0 | 1784 | 27 | 75 | 75 |
| 22,000,000 | 20,000 | 5 0 0 | 2 10 0 | 2 10 0 | East Indian ... ... ... ... | July 2 | ..... | ..... | 25139 0 0 | 23443 | 22 | 1105 | 1088 |
| 16,174,683 | 14,821 | ... | ... | ... | Grand Trunk of Canada ... ... | Aug. 5 | ..... | ..... | 26110 0 0 | 20557 | 18 | 1327 | 1335 |
| 22,369,600 | 33,740 | 1 17 6 | 0 12 6 | 1 5 0 | Great Eastern ... ... ... | 27 | 20709 14 10 | 12734 6 2 | 33444 1 0 | 31604 | 44 | 721½ | 762 |
| 11,000,000 | 20,000 | 5 0 0 | 2 10 0 | 2 10 0 | Great Indian Peninsula ... .. | June 26 | ..... | ..... | 15743 0 0 | 6766 | 26 | 590 | 552 |
| 16,903,880 | 41,841 | 6 10 0 | 2 15 0 | 4 7 6 | Great Northern ... ... ... | Aug. 27 | ..... | ..... | 38189 0 0 | 34668 | 94 | 404 | 405 |
| 1,768,671 | 17,086 | 6 0 0 | 2 10 0 | ... | Great North of Scotland ... .. | 19 | ..... | ..... | 3695 0 0 | 3056 | 36 | 100 | 100 |
| 5,694,150 | 14,712 | 4 7 6 | 2 5 0 | 2 5 0 | Great Southern & Western (Irish) | 26 | 8825 9 11 | 3543 18 8 | 12067 8 7 | 9533 | 31 | 387½ | 387½ |
| 45,000,000 | 37,344 | 2 10 0 | 1 10 0 | 1 12 6 | Great Western ... ... ... | 27 | 41162 17 8 | 35306 11 9 | 76469 9 5 | 75295 | 59 | 1290 | 1296 |
| 5,074,004 | 14,707 | 0 15 0 | ... | 1 0 0 | Great Western of Canada ... | 18 | ..... | ..... | 13136 0 0 | 10573 | 38 | 345 | 345 |
| 20,420,917 | 50,697 | 4 10 0 | 2 17 6 | 3 0 0 | Lancashire and Yorkshire... ... | 27 | 23909 0 0 | 23396 0 0 | 47305 0 0 | 45247 | 117 | 403 | 403 |
| 51,751,920 | 40,653 | 5 2 6 | 2 17 6 | 3 10 0 | London & North-Western, &c. ... | 27 | 64398 0 0 | 60205 0 0 | 124603 0 0 | 119699 | 97 | 1273½ | 1285½ |
| 2,118,261 | 377,088 | 3 15 0 | 1 16 3 | 2 1 3 | London and Blackwall .. .. | 27 | 1961 0 0 | 245 0 0 | 2 06 0 0 | 2029 | 383 | 5½ | 5½ |
| 12,978,735 | 48,432 | 5 0 0 | 2 10 0 | 3 0 0 | London, Brighton & South Coast | 26 | 20027 0 0 | 4431 0 0 | 24458 0 0 | 22732 | 89 | 272 | 267½ |
| 15,264,466 | 31,152 | 5 0 0 | 2 5 0 | 2 15 0 | London and South-Western .. | 27 | ..... | ..... | 28266 0 0 | 27798 | 47 | 490½ | 494½ |
| 4,443,602 | 61,717 | ... | ... | ... | London, Chatham, and Dover Metropolitan Ex. & Branches | 20 | 12679 0 0 | 1640 0 0 | 14328 0 0 | 13116 | 97 | 127½ | 127 |
| 5,451,886 | 463,410 | ... | ... | ... | | | | | | | | | |
| 794,244 | 17,650 | 6 0 0 | 3 0 0 | 3 0 0 | London, Tilbury, and Southend... | 20 | 2055 0 0 | 382 0 0 | 2437 0 0 | 2663 | 54 | 45 | 45 |
| 13,330,141 | 54,962 | 0 15 0 | 1 7 6 | 1 5 0 | Manches., Sheffld, & Lincolnshire | 27 | 7071 0 0 | 13438 0 0 | 20509 0 0 | 18686 | 83 | 246 | 249½ |
| 588,716 | 21,025 | 8 10 0 | 5 0 0 | 5 10 0 | Maryport and Carlisle ... ... | 13 | 421 0 0 | 1194 0 0 | 1615 0 0 | 1642 | 58 | 28 | 28 |
| 2,369,447 | 592,362 | 5 0 0 | 2 15 0 | 3 10 0 | Metropolitan ... ... ... | 27 | ..... | ..... | 2501 12 8 | 2117 | 667 | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 24,470,555 | 36,909 | 6 7 6 | 3 10 0 | 3 17 6 | Midland ... .. ... .. | 27 | ..... | ..... | 51226 0 0 | 50444 | 77 | 672½ | 644 |
| 3,625,670 | 13,834 | 4 10 0 | 2 0 0 | 1 0 0 | Midland Gt Western (Irish) .. | 25 | 3001 13 7 | 2305 11 7 | 5307 5 2 | 4702 | 20 | 260½ | 260½ |
| 1,248,530 | 28,376 | 5 15 0 | 3 5 0 | 3 5 0 | Monmouthshire ... ... ... | 19 | 446 0 0 | 2551 0 0 | 2999 0 0 | 2708 | 68 | 44 | 44 |
| 15,969,662 | 25,967 | 1 10 0 | 1 0 0 | 1 2 6 | North British ... ... ... | 27 | 13125 0 0 | 14797 0 0 | 27922 0 0 | 26456 | 40 | 698½ | 696½ |
| 51,516,060 | 28,923 | 4 17 6 | 2 15 0 | 3 2 6 | North-Eastern—Berwick ... | 26 | ..... | ..... | 74551 0 0 | 71904 | 69 | 1194½ | 1075 |
| | | 4 0 0 | 2 7 6 | 2 17 6 | Do. York ... ... ... | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2 8 9 | 1 11 3 | 1 18 9 | Do. Leeds... ... ... | | | | | | | | |
| | | 6 12 6 | 3 10 0 | 4 0 0 | Do. Carlisle ... ... | | | | | | | | |
| | | 7 15 0 | 4 0 0 | 4 10 0 | Do. Stockton and Darlington | | | | | | | | |
| 2,558,650 | 262,184 | 6 10 0 | 3 0 0 | 3 0 0 | North London .. .. .. | 27 | ..... | ..... | 3442 19 0 | 3294 | 382 | 9 | 9 |
| 5,536,080 | 21,795 | 3 15 0 | 2 0 0 | 2 5 0 | North Staffordshire ... ... | 27 | ..... | ..... | 8300 0 0 | 8291 | 32 | 258 | 258 |
| 3,526,976 | 25,558 | 0 18 9 | 0 12 6 | 0 17 6 | Scottish North-Eastern ... .. | 19 | ..... | ..... | 6640 0 0 | 6380 | 46 | 138 | 139 |
| 17,572,300 | 55,981 | 5 3 4 | 2 2 0 | 2 17 6 | South-Eastern .. .. .. | 19 | 22792 5 0 | 6165 0 0 | 28957 0 0 | 28397 | 94 | 306 | 310 |
| 2,809,000 | 35,590 | 1 7 9 | 0 16 3 | 1 12 6 | South Devon .. ... .. | 27 | 4049 2 5 | 1139 16 1 | 5188 18 6 | 4712 | 53 | 98 | 73½ |
| 1,534,198 | 26,916 | 9 10 0 | 5 0 0 | 5 0 0 | Taff Vale .. .. .. | 20 | ..... | ..... | 5703 0 0 | 5527 | 98 | 57 | 57 |
| 1,375,947 | 19,041 | 5 0 0 | 2 5 0 | 2 5 0 | Ulster... ... ... .. . | 20 | 1539 0 0 | 1121 0 0 | 2660 0 0 | 2334 | 25 | 105½ | 106½ |
| 1,205,161 | 16,993 | 1 0 0 | 0 5 0 | 0 10 0 | Waterford and Limerick ... ... | 18 | 1079 0 0 | 791 0 0 | 1870 0 0 | 1536 | 24 | 77 | 77 |

# COMMERCIAL TIMES

## Weekly Price Current.

☞ The prices in the following list are carefully revised every Friday afternoon by an eminent house in each department.

LONDON, FRIDAY EVENING.

Add 5 per cent. to duties on pepper and tobacco, and ½ per cent. on wines.

| | s | d | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Ashes** duty free | s | d | s | d |
| First sort Pot, U.S. p cwt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Montreal | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| First sort Pearl, U.S. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Montreal | 31 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Cocoa** duty 1d per lb | | | | |
| West India ......per cwt | 52 | 0 | 115 | 0 |
| Guayaquil | 70 | 0 | 80 | 0 |
| Brazil | 37 | 0 | 60 | 0 |
| **Coffee** duty 3d per lb | | | | |
| Jamaica, good middling to fine ......per cwt | 85 | 0 | 105 | 0 |
| fine ord to mid | 74 | 0 | 84 | 0 |
| Mocha, ungarbled | 60 | 0 | 84 | 0 |
| garbled, com. to good | 85 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| garbled, fine | 102 | 0 | 110 | 0 |
| Ceylon, native, ord to fine | 65 | 0 | 73 | 0 |
| ordinary | 60 | 0 | 64 | 0 |
| plantation, ordinary to fine ord | 70 | 0 | 76 | 0 |
| fine fine ord. to mid | 77 | 0 | 82 | 6 |
| good mid. to fine | 88 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| Java | 60 | -0 | 92 | 0 |
| Singapore, ord to goodord | 53 | 0 | 72 | 0 |
| Sumatra and Padang | 53 | 0 | 72 | 0 |
| Madras and Tellicherry | 64 | 0 | 100 | 0 |
| Malabar and Mysore | 68 | 0 | 104 | 0 |
| St Domingo | 56 | 0 | 73 | 0 |
| Brazil, washed | 70 | 0 | 80 | 0 |
| good and fine ord | 63 | 0 | 69 | 0 |
| common to real ord | 50 | 0 | 62 | 6 |
| Costa Rica | 65 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| Havana and Cuba | 64 | 0 | 92 | 0 |
| Porto Rico & La Guayra | 65 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| **Drugs and Dyes** duty free | | | | |
| Aloes, Barbadoes...p cwt | 60 | 0 | 300 | 0 |
| Argol, Bologna | 90 | 0 | 95 | 0 |
| Bark, Peruvian, pale p lb | 1 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Quercitron......per cwt | 6 | 6 | 9 | 0 |
| Camphor, unrefined | 92 | 6 | 95 | 0 |
| Castor oil, good pale p lb | 0 | 5¾ | 0 | 6 |
| Saffron | 31 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Cochineal | | | | |
| Teneriffe ......per lb | 2 | 11 | 3 | 10 |
| Mexican | 2 | 10 | 3 | 8 |
| Lac Dye—good to fine. | 1 | 11 | 1 | 11½ |
| Turmeric | | | | |
| Bengal ......per cwt | 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Madras | 18 | 6 | 22 | 0 |
| China | 27 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Terra Japonica, Cutch | 24 | 6 | 25 | 6 |
| Gambier | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Dyewoods** duty free | £ | s | £ | s |
| Brazil Wood ...per ton | 60 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| Fustic, Cuba | 8 | 10 | 9 | 10 |
| Jamaica | 5 | 10 | 6 | 10 |
| Logwood, Campeachy | 9 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Jamaica | 3 | 10 | 3 | 15 |
| Red Saunders | 4 | 12 | 5 | 0 |
| Sapan Wood | 7 | 10 | 15 | 5 |
| **Eggs**—French ......120 | 4s | 6d | 6s | 6d |
| **Fruit**—Almonds | s | d | s | d |
| Jordan, duty free, new | 125 | 0 | 130 | 0 |
| Barbary sweet | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bitter | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Currants, duty 7s per cwt | | | | |
| Patras, new | 20 | 0 | 26 | 0 |
| Vostizza, new | 27 | 0 | 36 | 0 |
| Island, new | 23 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Gulf, new | 23 | 0 | 35 | 0 |
| Figs, duty 7s per cwt | | | | |
| Turkey ... per cwt d p | 34 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| Prunes, duty 7s per cwt | | | | |
| French, bottled | 70 | 0 | 130 | 0 |
| German | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Prunes, duty 7s new d p | 20 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| Raisins, duty 7s per cwt | | | | |
| Valencia, new | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Muscatel | 5 | 0 | 116 | 0 |
| Smyrna, red & Chesme | 29 | 0 | 33 | 0 |
| Sultana | 38 | 0 | 42 | 0 |
| Oranges | s | d | s | d |
| St Michael, 1st quality, large box | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Do. 2nd quality | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Valencia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lisbon & St Ubes, ½ ch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sicily ......per box | 7 | 0 | 9 | 6 |
| Lemons | | | | |
| Messina ......per case | 23 | 0 | 25 | 0 |
| Barcelona nuts...per bag | 33 | 6 | 34 | 0 |
| Spanish nuts ......p br | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Brazil nuts | 34 | 0 | 35 | 0 |
| Coker nuts ......per 100 | 16 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| **Flax** duty free | £ | s | £ | s |
| Riga K ......per ton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| — W F P K | 68 | 0 | 72 | 0 |
| St Petersburg, 12-head | 38 | 0 | 41 | 0 |
| — 9-head | 34 | 0 | 35 | 0 |
| Egyptian, govt dressed | 50 | 0 | 58 | 0 |
| — native ditto | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Hemp** duty free | | | | |
| St Ptrsbg, clean, per ton | 29 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| outshot | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| half-clean | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Riga, Rhine | 34 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manilla | 28 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| East Indian Sunn | 14 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| China grass | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jute | 10 | 10 | 28 | 0 |
| rejections | 9 | 5 | 10 | 0 |
| cuttings | 6 | 5 | 6 | 10 |
| Coir—Yarn, good & fine | 30 | 0 | 72 | 0 |
| ord. to fair | 30 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| fibre | 19 | 0 | 30 | 0 |
| rope | 20 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| junk | | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | s | d | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **HIDES**—Ox and Cow, p lb | s | d | s | d |
| R. A. and M. Vid. dry | 0 | 5½ | 0 | 8½ |
| Do & R. Grande, saltd | 0 | 3½ | 0 | 5½ |
| Brazil, dry | 0 | 5½ | 0 | 6½ |
| drysalted | 0 | 4½ | 0 | 5½ |
| Drysalted Mauritius | 0 | 4½ | 0 | 4½ |
| Rio, dry Rio Grande | 0 | 6 | 0 | 8½ |
| West Coast hides | 0 | 6 | 0 | 7 |
| Cape, salted | 0 | 3½ | 0 | 5 |
| Australian | 0 | 2½ | 0 | 3½ |
| New York | 0 | 3½ | 0 | 3½ |
| East India | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0½ |
| Kips, Russia | 0 | 9 | 1 | 0½ |
| S America Horse, p hide | 5 | 6 | 11 | 0 |
| **Indigo** duty free | | | | |
| Bengal ......per lb | 1 | 8 | 9 | 2 |
| Oude | 2 | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| Madras | 1 | 3 | 6 | 10 |
| Kurpah | 1 | 6 | 5 | 11 |
| Manilla | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| **Leather** per lb | | | | |
| Crop hides...... 30 to 45 lb | 0 | 11 | 1 | 4½ |
| do ...... 50 65 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 8 |
| English Butts 16 24 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| do 28 36 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 7 |
| Foreign Butts 16 25 | 0 | 11½ | 1 | 10 |
| do 26 36 | 0 | 11½ | 2 | 2 |
| Calf Skins...... 28 35 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 4 |
| do 40 60 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 4 |
| do 80 100 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 10 |
| Dressing Hides | 0 | 11½ | 1 | 8 |
| Shaved do | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| Horse Hides, English | 0 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| do Spanish, per hide | 6 | 0 | 17 | 0 |
| Kips, Petersburg, per lb | 1 | 2 | 1 | 9 |
| do East India | 0 | 7 | 1 | 11 |
| **Metals**—Copper per ton | £ | s | £ | s |
| Sheating, bolts, &c. | 91 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bottoms | 96 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Old | 79 | 0 | 80 | 0 |
| Tough cake | 86 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Best select | 88 | 0 | 89 | 0 |
| Iron, per ton | £ | s | £ | s |
| Bars, &c., British | 8 | 0 | 8 | 5 |
| Nail rods | 8 | 10 | 9 | 0 |
| Hoops | 9 | 10 | 10 | 5 |
| Sheets | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Pig, No. 1, Wales | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Bars | 7 | 5 | 7 | 10 |
| Rails | 7 | 0 | 7 | 5 |
| Pig, No 1, Clyde | 2 | 14 | 2 | 16 |
| Swedish | 10 | 15 | 11 | 0 |
| Lead, per ton—Eng. pig | 19 | 0 | 19 | 10 |
| sheet | 20 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| red lead | 21 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| white do | 27 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| patent shot | 22 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Spanish pig | 18 | 10 | 18 | 15 |
| Steel, Swedish in kegs | 14 | 15 | 15 | 0 |
| in faggots | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Spelter, for per ton | 22 | 0 | 22 | 5 |
| Tin | | | | |
| English blocks, p ton | 93 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| bars in barrels | 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Refined | 97 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Banca | 91 | 0 | 92 | 0 |
| Straits | 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tin Plates, per box | s | d | s | d |
| Charcoal, I C | 27 | 0 | 28 | 6 |
| Coke, I C | 23 | 6 | 24 | 0 |
| **Molasses** duty 3s 6d. | | | | |
| British, W. I. ......per cwt | 15 | 0 | 16 | 6 |
| Foreign | 14 | 6 | 16 | 0 |
| East India | 14 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| **Oils**—Fish | £ | s | £ | s |
| Sperm ...... per tun | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Head matter | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| South Sea | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Seal, pale | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cod | 46 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| East India | 31 | 0 | 32 | 0 |
| Olive, Gallipoli | 54 | 0 | 54 | 10 |
| Sicily | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Palm ...... per ton | 34 | 0 | 38 | 10 |
| Cocoa-nut | 43 | 0 | 45 | 10 |
| Rapeseed, pale (foreign) | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Linseed | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Black Sea ......p qr | 58s | 0d | 0s | 0d |
| St Petersbg Morshank | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Do cake (English) p ton | 10 | 0 | 10 | 7 |
| Do Foreign | 9 | 0 | 10 | 5 |
| Rape do | 5 | 2 | 6 | 10 |
| Petroleum—per tun. | | | | |
| Crude Pennsylvania | 20 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| Crude Canadian | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Refined ...... per gal | 2s | 7d | 2s | 9d |
| **Provisions**—Duty free. | | | | |
| Butter—Waterford p cwt | 122s | 0d | 124s | 0d |
| Carlow | 124 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cork 4ths new | 101 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Limerick | 112 | 0 | 114 | 0 |
| Friesland fresh | 112 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| American new | 116 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jersey | 96 | 0 | 110 | 0 |
| Bacon, singed—Waterf. | 71 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Hamburg | 61 | 0 | 62 | 0 |
| Hams—York | 80 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| Irish | 76 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| Lard—Waterford & Limerick bladder | 72 | 0 | 74 | 0 |
| Cork and Belfast do | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Firkin and keg Irish | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| American & Canadian | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cask do do | 50 | 0 | 54 | 0 |
| Pork—Amer. & Can. p.b | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Beef—Amer. & Can. p tc | 98 | 0 | 112 | 0 |
| Cheese—Edam | 60 | 0 | 62 | 0 |
| Gouda | 48 | 0 | 54 | 0 |
| Canter | 18 | 0 | 22 | 0 |
| American | 60 | 0 | 68 | 0 |
| **Rice** duty free | | | | |
| Carolina ......per cwt | 35 | 0 | 46 | 0 |
| Bengal, yellow & white | 9 | 0 | 16 | 6 |
| Madras | 9 | 0 | 12 | 0 |
| Java and Manilla | 10 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| **Sago** duty 4½d per cwt | | | | |
| Pearl ......per cwt | 17 | 6 | 28 | 0 |

| | s | d | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **Saltpetre.** | s | d | s | d |
| Bengal ......per cwt | 22 | 6 | 24 | 0 |
| Bombay and Scinde | 19 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| English, refined | 28 | 0 | 29 | 0 |
| Nitrate of Soda | 13 | 0 | 14 | 6 |
| Seeds | | | | |
| Caraway ...... per cwt | 36 | 0 | 38 | 0 |
| Canary ......per qr | 44 | 0 | 48 | 0 |
| Clover, red ......per cwt | 60 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| white | 45 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| Coriander | 22 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| Linseed, foreign per qr | 64 | 0 | 68 | 0 |
| English | 65 | 0 | 74 | 0 |
| Mustard, br ......p bush | 12 | 0 | 15 | 0 |
| white | 12 | 0 | 14 | 0 |
| Rape, per last of 10 qrs | £38 | 0 | 42 | 0 |
| **Silk** duty free | s | d | s | d |
| Surdah ......per lb | 30 | 0 | 52 | 0 |
| Cossimbuzar | 20 | 0 | 29 | 0 |
| Gonatea | 18 | 0 | 30 | 6 |
| Comercolly | 19 | 0 | 30 | 0 |
| Bauleah, &c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| China, Tsatlee | 26 | 0 | 32 | 6 |
| Taysaam | 18 | 6 | 28 | 0 |
| Canton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Thrown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Raws—White Novi | 40 | 0 | 50 | 0 |
| Fossombrone | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bologna | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Royals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trento | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Milan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Organzines | | | | |
| Piedmont, 22-24 | 48 | 0 | 48 | 0 |
| Do 24-28 | 43 | 0 | 48 | 0 |
| Milan & Bergam, 18-22 | 40 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| Do. 22-24 | 40 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| Do. 24-28 | 40 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| Do. 28-32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trams—Milan, 22-24 | 40 | 0 | 42 | 0 |
| Do. 24-28 | 40 | 0 | 42 | 0 |
| Brutias—Short reel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Long do | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Patent do | 40 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| Persians | 17 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| **Spices**, in bond—Pepper, duty 6d | | | | |
| Malabar ......per lb | 0 | 3½ | 0 | 4½ |
| Eastern | 0 | 2¾ | 0 | 3¼ |
| White | 0 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Pimento, duty free | | | | |
| mid and good ...per lb | 0 | 2¼ | 0 | 2⅞ |
| Cinnamon, duty free | | | | |
| Ceylon, 1, 2, 3 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 0 |
| Malabar & Tellichery | 1 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Cassia Lignea, duty free ......per cwt | 82 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| Cloves, duty free | | | | |
| Amboyna and Bencoolen ......per lb | 0 | 4½ | 1 | 4 |
| Bourbon and Zanzibar | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3½ |
| Ginger, duty free | | | | |
| East India com. p cwt | 26 | 0 | 27 | 6 |
| Do. Cochin and Calicut | 58 | 0 | 130 | 0 |
| African | 35 | 0 | 37 | 0 |
| Mace, duty free ...per lb | 0 | 10 | 3 | 4 |
| Nutmegs, duty free...p lb | 0 | 10 | 4 | 2 |
| **Spirits** Rum duty 10s 2d per gal. | | | | |
| Jamaica, per gal., bond | | | | |
| 15 to 25 O P | 2 | 8 | 2 | 10 |
| 30 to 35 — | 3 | 4 | 3 | 8 |
| fine marks | 4 | 6 | 5 | 0 |
| Demerara, proof | 1 | 9 | 1 | 10 |
| Leeward Island — | 1 | 7 | 1 | 8 |
| East India — | 1 | 6 | 1 | 7 |
| Foreign — | 1 | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Brandy, duty 10s 5d p gal | | | | |
| Vintage of 1st brands in hhds 1864 | 5 | 10 | 6 | 0 |
| 1863 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| 1862 | 8 | 2 | 8 | 8 |
| 1860 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 4 |
| Geneva, common | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Fine | 2 | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| Corn spirits, pf duty paid | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Spirits f.o.b. Exportation | 1 | 5 | 1 | 8 |
| Malt spirits, duty paid | 12 | 6 | 13 | 6 |

**Sugar**—Duty—refined, 12s 10d; white clayed, 11s 8d; yellow, 10s 6d; brown, 9s 4d; brown qualities, 8s 2d; cane juice, 6s 7d; molasses, 3s 6d per cwt.

| | s | d | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Britishplantation, yellow | 22 | 6 | 28 | 0 |
| brown | 20 | 0 | 22 | 6 |
| Mauritius, yellow | 22 | 6 | 27 | 6 |
| brown | 18 | 0 | 22 | 6 |
| Bengal, crys., good yellow and white | 25 | 6 | 28 | 6 |
| Benares, grey & white | 22 | 6 | 27 | 6 |
| Date, yellow and grey | 20 | 6 | 24 | 6 |
| ord to fine brown | 16 | 6 | 20 | 6 |
| Penang, grey and white | 25 | 0 | 26 | 6 |
| brown and yellow | 18 | 0 | 24 | 6 |
| Madras, grny yel & white | 22 | 6 | 29 | 0 |
| brown and soft yellow | 17 | 6 | 19 | 0 |
| Jaggery | 16 | 6 | 19 | 0 |
| Siam and China white | 28 | 6 | 27 | 0 |
| brown and yellow | 17 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| Manilla, clayed | 20 | 6 | 21 | 6 |
| muscovado | 18 | 6 | 20 | 0 |
| Java, grey and white | 26 | 0 | 27 | 6 |
| brown and yellow | 18 | 0 | 25 | 6 |
| Havana, white | 27 | 0 | 29 | 0 |
| brown and yellow | 20 | 6 | 27 | 0 |
| Bahia, grey and white | 22 | 6 | 26 | 0 |
| brown | 18 | 6 | 22 | 0 |
| Pernam & Paraiba, white | 23 | 6 | 26 | 6 |
| brown and yellow | 18 | 6 | 23 | 0 |
| For. Mus. low to fine grocy | 23 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| brown | 20 | 0 | 22 | 0 |
| Refined—For consumption | | | | |
| 8 to 10 lb loaves | 48 | 0 | 49 | 0 |
| 12 to 14 lb loaves | 46 | 0 | 47 | 0 |
| Titlers, 22 to 24 lb | 43 | 0 | 44 | 0 |
| Lumps, 45 lb | 42 | 0 | 42 | 6 |
| Wet crushed | 39 | 0 | 39 | 6 |
| Pieces | 30 | 0 | 34 | 0 |
| Bastards | 25 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| Treacle | 16 | 6 | 18 | 0 |

| | s | d | s | d |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **SUGAR**—Ref. continued | s | d | s | d |
| For export, free on board. | | | | |
| Turkey loaves, 1 to 4 lb. | 43 | 0 | 42 | 6 |
| 6 lb loaves | 38 | 0 | 38 | 6 |
| 10 lb do. | 36 | 6 | 37 | 0 |
| 14 lb do. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Titlers, 22 to 28 lb | 34 | 0 | 34 | 6 |
| Lumps, 40 to 45 lb | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Crushed | 32 | 0 | 32 | 6 |
| Bastards | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Treacle | 15 | 6 | 18 | 0 |
| Dutch, refined, f. o. b. in Holland | | | | |
| 6 lb loaves | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10 lb do | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Superfine crushed | 30 | 6 | 31 | 0 |
| No. 1, crushed | 29 | 9 | 30 | 0 |
| No. 2 | 28 | 6 | 28 | 9 |
| Belgian refined, f. o. b. at Antwerp. | | | | |
| 8 to 10 lb loaves | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Crushed, 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| **Tallow**—Duty free | | | | |
| N. Amer. melted, p cwt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| St Petersburg, 1st Y C | 45 | 6 | 45 | 9 |
| **Tar**—Stockholm, p brl | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Archangel | 17 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| **Tea**—duty 6d per lb. | | | | |
| Congou, low | 0 | 7 | 0 | 8½ |
| common | 0 | 9 | 0 | 10 |
| ra. str. to str. bk. lf. | 0 | 11 | 1 | 8 |
| fine and Pekoe kinds | 1 | 1 | 2 | 9 |
| Souchong | 0 | 11 | 2 | 6 |
| Pekoe, flowery | 0 | 9 | 3 | 0 |
| Orange | 0 | 10 | 2 | 6 |
| Plain Caper | 0 | 6 | 0 | 7½ |
| Scented Caper | 0 | 9 | 2 | 0 |
| Oolong | 0 | 11 | 2 | 4 |
| Twankay common | 0 | 5 | 0 | 11 |
| Hyson kind | 0 | 10 | 1 | 2 |
| skin | 0 | 6 | 0 | 9 |
| Young Hyson | 1 | 2 | 2 | 10 |
| Canton | 0 | 7 | 0 | 11 |
| Ping Suey and Moyune | 2 | 2 | 2 | 9 |
| Gunpowder | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6 |
| **Timber**—Duty 1s. Timber & Hewn Wood—Dantzic and Memel fir...per load | 50 | 0 | 75 | 0 |
| Riga fir | 65 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| Swedish fir | 48 | 0 | 53 | 0 |
| Canada red pine | 65 | 0 | 95 | 0 |
| — yellowpine, large | 55 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| — — small | 50 | 0 | 55 | 0 |
| N. Brunswk & Can Bd. pine | 80 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| Quebec oak | 105 | 0 | 110 | 0 |
| Baltic oak | 60 | 0 | 120 | 0 |
| African oak | 140 | 0 | 200 | 0 |
| Indian teake | 230 | 0 | 250 | 0 |
| Wainscot logs 18 ft each | 70 | 0 | 105 | 0 |
| Deals & Sawn & Prepared Wood, dy 2s p load | | | | |
| Norway, Petersbg stand. | £10 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Swedish | 9 | 0 | 11 | 10 |
| Russian | 11 | 10 | 14 | 10 |
| Finland | 8 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Canada 1st pine | 16 | 0 | 18 | 10 |
| — 2nd | 11 | 10 | 13 | 10 |
| American spruce | 8 | 5 | 9 | 0 |
| Dantzic deck, each | 14s | 0 | 28s | 0 |
| Staves duty 1s per load | | | | |
| Baltic, per mille | £150 | 0 | 180 | 0 |
| Quebec, per standard do. | 60 | 0 | 65 | 0 |
| **Tobacco** dy 3s p lb & 5 pct | s | d | s | d |
| Maryland, per lb, bond | 0 | 5 | 0 | 9 |
| Virginia leaf | 0 | 9 | 1 | 2 |
| — stript | 1 | 8 | 1 | 10 |
| Kentucky leaf | 0 | 5 | 1 | 0 |
| — stript | 0 | 11 | 1 | 4 |
| Negrohead... dy 4s or 4s 6d | 1 | 6 | 2 | 6 |
| Columbian lf. dy 3s & 5 pc | 0 | 7½ | 2 | 2 |
| Havana | 1 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| — cigars, bd duty 5s | 6 | 0 | 22 | 0 |
| **Turpentine**—Per cwt. | | | | |
| American Spirits, wth cks | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| French do. | 46 | 6 | 47 | 0 |
| Rough | 9 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| **Wool**—English—Per pack of 240 lbs. | | | | |
| Fleeces So. Down hogs | £20 | 0 | 21 | 0 |
| Half-bred hogs | 23 | 10 | 24 | 0 |
| Kent fleeces | 22 | 10 | 23 | 0 |
| S. Dwn ewes & wthers | 20 | 10 | 21 | 0 |
| Leicester do. | 22 | 10 | 24 | 0 |
| Sorts—Clothing, picklck | 22 | 0 | 23 | 0 |
| Prime and picklock | 20 | 0 | 20 | 10 |
| Choice | 19 | 0 | 19 | 10 |
| Super | 18 | 0 | 18 | 10 |
| Combing—Wethr mat | 23 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| Picklock | 20 | 0 | 21 | 10 |
| Common | 17 | 0 | 18 | 0 |
| Hog matching | 23 | 0 | 24 | 0 |
| Picklock matching | 20 | 0 | 21 | 10 |
| Super do | 17 | 0 | 19 | 0 |
| Colonial— | s | d | s | d |
| Sydney—Lambs | 1 | 4 | 1 | 10 |
| Scoured, &c. | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Unwashed | 0 | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| Locks and pieces | 0 | 10 | 1 | 9 |
| Slipe and skin | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 |
| Port Phillip—Lambs | 1 | 5 | 2 | 4 |
| Scoured, &c. | 1 | 6 | 2 | 4 |
| Unwashed | 0 | 8 | 1 | 6½ |
| Locks and pieces | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8½ |
| S. Australian—Lambs | 1 | 2 | 1 | 8½ |
| Scoured, &c. | 1 | 6 | 1 | 10½ |
| Unwashed | 0 | 8 | 1 | 3½ |
| Locks and pieces | 0 | 11 | 1 | 2½ |
| V. D. Land—Lambs | 1 | 8 | 2 | 8 |
| Scoured, &c. | 1 | 10 | 2 | 0 |
| Unwashed | 0 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Locks and pieces | 1 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| Cape G. Hope—Fleeces | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| Lambs | 1 | 2 | 1 | 7½ |
| Scoured, &c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unwashed | 0 | 8 | 0 | 11 |
| **Wine** duty 1s and 2s 6d per gallon | £ | s | £ | s |
| Port ...... per pipe | 24 | 0 | 80 | 0 |
| Claret ......hhds | 6 | 0 | 70 | 0 |
| Sherry ......butt | 10 | 0 | 180 | 0 |
| Madeira ......pipe | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## STATEMENT

Of Imports, Exports and Home Consumption of the following articles in the 34 weeks ending Aug. 26, 1865, showing the Stock on Aug. 26, compared with the corresponding period of 1864.

FOR THE PORT OF LONDON.

☞ Of those articles duty free, the deliveries for Exportation are included under the head Home Consumption.

### EAST AND WEST INDIAN PRODUCE, &c.

#### SUGAR.

| British Plantation. | Imported. 1864 | Imported. 1865 | Exported. 1864 | Exported. 1865 | Home Consump. 1864 | Home Consump. 1865 | Stock. 1864 | Stock. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons |
| West India... | 73212 | 86869 | 188 | 1994 | 55613 | 78144 | 28400 | 30835 |
| Mauritius ... | 24629 | 16341 | 320 | 2768 | 22323 | 17099 | 14639 | 8241 |
| Bengal & Pg | 3282 | 4770 | 136 | 1831 | 2215 | 7865 | 2575 | 7504 |
| Madras ..... | 5768 | 7464 | 218 | 835 | 7818 | 4072 | 3661 | 7545 |
| Total B.P. | 106891 | 115444 | 862 | 7448 | 87967 | 107180 | 48675 | 54125 |
| Foreign. | | | | | | | | |
| Siam, &c..... | 5336 | 16581 | 922 | 568 | 8788 | 6046 | 16370 | 23394 |
| Cuba & Hav. | 17579 | 11165 | 1412 | 5277 | 9775 | 17716 | 20756 | 16564 |
| Brazil..... | 6240 | 1407 | 68 | 281 | 5994 | 1359 | 3074 | 2049 |
| P. Rico, &c. | 10859 | 8441 | 415 | 1373 | 7810 | 9868 | 10181 | 8898 |
| Beetroot..... | 1439 | 50 | ... | ... | 1312 | 137 | 129 | 8 |
| Total Frgn | 41453 | 37644 | 2817 | 7469 | 33679 | 35146 | 50490 | 51913 |
| Grand Total. | 148344 | 153088 | 3679 | 14917 | 121646 | 142326 | 99165 | 106038 |

#### PRICE OF SUGARS.

The average prices of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, exclusive of the duties.

| | s d |
|---|---|
| From British Possessions in America ..... | No return |
| — — Mauritius ..... | — |
| — — East Indies ..... | — |
| The average price of the above is ..... | — |

| | Imported. 1864 | Imported. 1865 | Exported. 1864 | Exported. 1865 | Home Consump. 1864 | Home Consump. 1865 | Stock. 1864 | Stock. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| MOLASSES | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons | tons |
| West India | 4449 | 2848 | 1541 | 516 | 1737 | 1844 | 2974 | 1876 |
| Foreign ... | 388 | 462 | 1 | 51 | 315 | 393 | 716 | 597 |
| Total ... | 4837 | 2310 | 1542 | 567 | 2052 | 2237 | 3690 | 2473 |
| MELADO... | 240 | 133 | ... | 11 | 349 | 252 | 241 | 153 |

#### RUM.

| | Imported. | | Exported and delivered to Vat. | | Home Consump. | | Stock. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | gals | gals | gals | gals | gals | gals | gals | gals |
| West India.. | 1867455 | 2331090 | 954155 | 1058715 | 1034415 | 1011825 | 2151225 | 2067660 |
| East India... | 220365 | 143460 | 164450 | 221400 | 63900 | 9000 | 168460 | 119700 |
| Foreign ..... | 103815 | 126090 | 230220 | 120555 | 24075 | 1680 | 147420 | 118575 |
| Vatted ..... | 1394505 | 1376190 | Exported. 1187325 | 1244025 | 101790 | 77805 | 522405 | 464040 |
| Total ... | 3586140 | 3976830 | 2536110 | 2644695 | 1166580 | 1100520 | 3009510 | 2769975 |

#### COCOA—Cwts.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| B. Plantation | 27196 | 36348 | 5151 | 5698 | 28699 | 29785 | 19389 | 17816 |
| Foreign ..... | 12525 | 6642 | 2740 | 2067 | 4212 | 4200 | 13762 | 13221 |
| Total ... | 39721 | 42990 | 7891 | 7765 | 32911 | 33985 | 33151 | 31037 |

#### COFFEE—Tons.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| West India.. | 531 | 1146 | 233 | 535 | 290 | 273 | 304 | 550 |
| Ceylon ..... | 18051 | 18402 | 10185 | 11759 | 7997 | 5651 | 5959 | 6125 |
| East India... | 2255 | 3245 | 830 | 2164 | 1107 | 1889 | 2339 | 2330 |
| Mocha ..... | 269 | 289 | 223 | 171 | 444 | 164 | 364 | 194 |
| Brazil..... | 2749 | 3124 | 2488 | 2287 | 246 | 362 | 1283 | 2182 |
| Other Forgn | 819 | 2640 | 161 | 958 | 430 | 850 | 787 | 1416 |
| Total ... | 24674 | 28866 | 14190 | 17874 | 10514 | 9169 | 11196 | 12791 |
| RICE ..... | tons 34421 | tons 24232 | tons ... | tons ... | tons 51274 | tons 46424 | tons 29095 | tons 19038 |

#### PEPPER.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| White..... | tons 248 | tons 179 | tons 35 | tons 63 | tons 314 | tons 295 | tons 478 | tons 284 |
| Black ..... | 3077 | 3131 | 1899 | 2616 | 1564 | 1379 | 2419 | 2634 |
| NUTMEGS. | pkgs 1826 | pkgs 1317 | pkgs ... | pkgs ... | pkgs 1817 | pkgs 1610 | pkgs 3018 | pkgs 2930 |
| Do. Wild.. | 94 | ... | ... | ... | 2 | ... | 605 | 511 |
| CAS. LIG... | 7082 | 11936 | ... | ... | 8585 | 12925 | 6073 | 5477 |
| CINNAMON | 4823 | 6011 | ... | ... | 5656 | 6574 | 2361 | 1710 |
| PIMENTO.. | bags 41070 | bags 18171 | bags ... | bags ... | bags 24223 | bags 12064 | bags 38409 | bags 40043 |

#### RAW MATERIALS, DYESTUFFS, &c.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| COCHNEAL | serons 9515 | serons 8366 | serons ... | serons ... | serons 10767 | serons 10435 | serons 6255 | serons 5021 |
| LAC DYE... | chests 2720 | chests 2904 | chests ... | chests ... | chests 3770 | chests 2330 | chests 4961 | chests 5678 |
| LOGWOOD | tons 9804 | tons 7203 | tons ... | tons ... | tons 9828 | tons 7634 | tons 4824 | tons 3965 |
| FUSTIC..... | 1454 | 2460 | ... | ... | 1535 | 1848 | 230 | 1171 |

#### INDIGO.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| East India... | chests 18366 | chests 14739 | chests ... | chests ... | chests 16441 | chests 16848 | chests 24330 | chests 21561 |
| Spanish..... | serons 5557 | serons 8836 | serons ... | serons ... | serons 4481 | serons 7660 | serons 1983 | serons 2611 |

#### SALTPETRE.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Nitrate of Potass ... | tons 10127 | tons 5148 | tons ... | tons ... | tons 8747 | tons 7267 | tons 8538 | tons 5278 |
| Nitrate of Soda ..... | 2607 | 2980 | ... | ... | 2726 | 2419 | 867 | 1341 |

#### COTTON.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| America ... | bales 606 | bales 23 | ... | ... | bales 581 | bales 42 | bales 25 | bales ... |
| Brazil ..... | 428 | 779 | ... | ... | 508 | 652 | 10 | 184 |
| E. India, &c. | 210438 | 140681 | ... | ... | 192783 | 193628 | 60121 | 47175 |
| Liverpool, all kinds..... | 1419068 | 1497630 | 373699 | 391073 | 1126150 | 1143920 | 266620 | 430060 |
| Total ..... | 1630540 | 1639113 | 373699 | 391073 | 1320032 | 1338242 | 266776 | 477369 |

# The Railway Monitor.

### RAILWAY CALLS FOR AUGUST.

Amount per share.

| | Date due. | Already paid. £ s d | | Call. £ s d | | Number of Shares. | Amount £ |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Great Northern, New Stock | 29 | 6 0 0 | ... | 2 10 0 | ... | ... ... | 125,000 |
| Central Argentine ..... | 12 | 3 0 0 | ... | 1 0 0 | | Not known. | |
| Edinburgh and Glasgow £20 pref. (issued at 125*l*) | 15 | 80 p ct. | ... | 20 p ct. | ... | ... ... | 195,747 |
| Midland, New 9*l*..... | 31 | 2 0 0 | ... | 1 10 0 | ... | 118,925 ... | 178,387 |
| Metropolitan Extension..... | 1 | 2 0 0 | ... | 2 0 0 | ... | 190,000 ... | 380,000 |
| Ottoman (issued at 9*l*) ..... | 1 | 3 0 0 | ... | 3 0 0 | ... | Not known. | |
| Turin and Savona ..... | 1 | 16 0 0 | ... | 2 0 0 | ... | 40,000 ... | 80,000 |
| Total in August ..... | | | | | | | 959,134 |
| Amount called in eight months of 1865..... | | | | | | | 9,899,794 |

## EPITOME OF RAILWAY NEWS.

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS.—The traffic receipts of railways in the United Kingdom amounted for the week ending the 19th of August, on 12,177 miles, to 745,891*l*, and for the corresponding week of last year, on 11,831 miles, to 712,397*l*, showing an increase of 336 miles and of 33,494*l*. The gross receipts on the 14 principal railways amounted, in the aggregate, on 8,759 miles, to 616,339*l*, and for the corresponding week of 1864, on 8,448 miles, to 590,237*l*, showing an increase of 311 miles and an increase of 26,102*l*.

### RAILWAY AND MINING SHARE MARKETS.

LONDON.

MONDAY, Aug. 28.—In the share market to-day, although the transactions were not numerous, English railways closed with a rather general tendency to firmness. Miscellaneous shares were also slightly steadier, and the other descriptions were unaltered in tone. Of the English lines, Great Northern, ditto (A stock), Great Western (Oxford), Midland (Birmingham and Derby), and North Staffordshire were all better, North-Western and South-Eastern $\frac{3}{4}$ better, Caledonian, Lancashire and Yorkshire, Manchester, Sheffield, &c., and North-Eastern (Berwick) all $\frac{1}{2}$ better, and Great Western (original) and Midland (original) $\frac{1}{4}$ better; and South Devon further declined 2. In colonial railways and foreign mines no change occurred. In foreign railways, Bahia improved $\frac{1}{4}$; and Antwerp and Rotterdam declined $\frac{1}{8}$, Lombardo-Venetian a further $\frac{1}{8}$, and Northern of Buenos Ayres (paid up) further $1\frac{1}{2}$. In American, Pennsylvania Railroad (2nd mortgage) advanced 1; and Erie shares (paid up) relapsed 1, Illinois Central shares $\frac{3}{4}$, and United States (5-20) $\frac{1}{8}$.

TUESDAY, Aug 29.—In the share market to-day there was a general appearance of firmness at the close, especially in the English railways and banks, the mines, however, being an exception; the amount of business was, however, very limited. Of the English lines, South Devon recovered 1; Scottish Central advanced 2, Metropolitan $1\frac{1}{8}$, ditto (new) $\frac{1}{8}$, Great Eastern, North British, North-Eastern (Leeds), and ditto (York) $\frac{1}{2}$ each, ditto (Berwick), and Caledonian a further $\frac{1}{2}$ each, Midland and South-Eastern further $\frac{3}{4}$ each, Great Western, Lancashire and Yorkshire, and North-Western a further $\frac{1}{4}$ each, and Great Northern (A stock) further 2; and Blackwall declined 2. In colonial, Great Western of Canada (shares of both descriptions) improved $\frac{1}{8}$ each. In foreign, Northern of Buenos Ayres (paid up) recovered $\frac{1}{2}$, and Lombardo-Venetian $\frac{1}{8}$, and Great Luxembourg improved $\frac{1}{8}$. In American, Erie shares (paid up) recovered 1, Atlantic and Great Western (Pennsylvania, 1st mortgage) advanced 1, and United States (5-20) declined $\frac{1}{8}$.

WEDNESDAY, Aug. 30.—In the share market to-day, being the preparation for the settlement at the end of the month, the transactions were chiefly for the account, and the final quotations were generally higher in English railways, as well as, in many instances, in banks. In the other descriptions there was also a general tendency to firmness. Of the English lines, South-Western and Metropolitan District improved $\frac{1}{8}$ each, ditto (10*l*) and Great Northern 1 each, and Metropolitan (extension) $\frac{1}{8}$; and ditto (original) further improved $1\frac{1}{8}$, ditto (new) $\frac{1}{8}$, Great Northern (A stock), Great Eastern, North British, North-Eastern (York), and South-Eastern $\frac{1}{4}$ each, Lancashire and Yorkshire, North-Western, and Midland $\frac{3}{4}$ each, and Great Western $\frac{1}{4}$. In colonial, Scinde improved $\frac{1}{2}$, Melbourne and Hobson's Bay and Great Western of Canada (bonds of both descriptions) 1 each, and ditto (shares of both descriptions) a further $\frac{1}{8}$ each. In foreign, Dutch-Rhenish improved $\frac{1}{8}$, Great Luxembourg a further $\frac{1}{8}$, and Northern of Buenos Ayres a further 1; Lombardo-Venetian relapsed $\frac{1}{8}$, and Paris and Mediterranean declined $\frac{1}{4}$. In American, United States (5-20) recovered $\frac{1}{4}$, Illinois Central (shares) advanced $\frac{1}{8}$, and Erie shares (paid up) further improved $\frac{1}{4}$.

THURSDAY, Aug. 31.—The share market to-day closed with a generally firm appearance, especially in the home securities, the lower quotations in several instances of the English railways being in consequence of being ex dividend. Of this description, Glasgow and South-Western and North British (Edinburgh, Perth, &c.) advanced 1 each, and ditto (original) and Great Western a further $\frac{1}{4}$ each. In colonial, Great Indian Peninsula and Punjaub improved $\frac{1}{8}$ each, and Great Western of Canada (of both descriptions) a further $\frac{1}{8}$ each. In foreign, Lombardo-Venetian recovered $\frac{1}{8}$. In American, Illinois Central shares further improved $\frac{1}{4}$. In British mines, which were an exception to the general firmness, Great Laxey alone further advanced $\frac{1}{2}$, and East Bassett declined 2, Clifford Amalgamated 1, and Chiverton $\frac{1}{4}$. In foreign mines, Pontgibaud Silver improved $1\frac{1}{8}$, and Linares declined $\frac{1}{8}$.

FRIDAY, Sept. 1.—The transactions in the railway market to-day were not numerous, yet the tone, on the whole, was rather favourable. Great Western, London and North-Western, and Lancashire and Yorkshire stocks were in good demand, and severally advanced $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. Great Western of Canada and Bahia railway shares were firm, while Great Luxembourg exhibited a downward tendency. Indian lines ruled inactive

# The Economist's Railway and Mining Share List

THE LATEST OFFICIAL PRICES ARE GIVEN.

| No. of Shares or Stock. | Amount of Shares. | Amount Paid up. | ORDINARY SHARES AND STOCKS. Name of Company. | London. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Bristol and Exeter | 95 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Caledonian | 134½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Cambrian | 97 |
| 2301 | 50 | 50 | Cork and Bandon | ..... |
| 28448 | 20 | 20 | Cornwall | 5½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Dublin and Belfast Junction | 64 |
| 12000 | 25 | 25 | Dundee, Perth, & Aberdn Junc. | 16½ |
| 14000 | 100 | 20 | East London, Scrip Certificate | 16 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Glasgow and South-Western | 111 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Eastern, Ordinary Stock | 47¾ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. East Anglian Stock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great North of Scotland | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Northern | 130¾ |
| | | | Do. A Stock | 151 |
| | | | Do. B Stock | 127½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Southern & Western (I) | 87 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Western—Original | 67¾ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Stour Valley guar. Stk | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. South Wales | 64 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. West Midland—Oxford | 46 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. do. Newport | 41½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. do. Hereford | 106 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Lancashire and Yorkshire | 119½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and Blackwall | 89 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London, Brighton & South Coast | 104 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London, Chatham, and Dover | 39 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do Metropolitan Ex, A 6 pr ct | 51 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and North-Western | 124½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and South-Western | 97 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Manches., Shef., & Lincolnshire | 57 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Metropolitan | 136¾ |
| 75000 | 10 | 7 | Do New | 10½ |
| 22500 | 100 | 100 | Metrop. Dist. (Prov. Scrip Cer.) | 104½ |
| | 100 | 10 | Do. do | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Midland | 128½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Birmingham and Derby | 99 |
| 20000 | 50 | 50 | Midland Gt. Western (Ireland) | ..... |
| 46000 | 25 | 25 | Do. ½ Shares | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North British | 59½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Edinb., Perth, & Dundee | 25¾ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North Eastern—Berwick | 110 |
| 40937 | 25 | 333s | Do. G. N. E. Purchase | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Leeds | 68½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. York | 103 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Carlisle | ..... |
| 240.0 | 25 | 25 | Do. Stockton and Darlington | 37 |
| 31200 | 25 | 23 | Do. 1858 | ..... |
| 10000 | 25 | 16 | Do. 1860 and 1861 | 26½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North London | 119 |
| 10000 | 10 | 5 | Do. New 1864 | 6½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North Staffordshire | 77 |
| 4500 | 10 | 10 | North and S.-Western Junction | 11½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Scottish Central | 152 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Scottish N. E., Aberdeen Stock | 59 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Scottish Midland Stock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Shropshire Union | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | South Devon | 56½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | South Eastern | 81 |
| 15000 | 20 | 20 | Staines, Wokingham, & Woking | 8½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Taff Vale | 153½ |
| 23270 | 10 | 3 | Do. C | 6½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Vale of Neath | 105 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Waterford and Kilkenny | ..... |
| 15000 | 100 | 100 | West Cornwall | 50 |
| | | | **PREFERENCE SHARES.** | |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Bristol and Exeter | 89 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Caledonian 10l 4½ per cent | ..... |
| 7680 | 4½ | 6½ | Cork and Bandon 5½ per cent | ..... |
| 18084 | 6½ | 6½ | Dundee, Perth, & Aberd. Junc. | 6½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Glasgow & S.-W. guar 5. p cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Eastern, E. C. Ext. No. 1 | 105 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. No. 2 | 105 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 6 per cent. Preference | 121½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Norfolk 5 per ct Ext. 1846 | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5½ do. Preference 1847 | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 do. Wav. Val. 1847 | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Eastern Union 4 p c guar. | 80 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. East Anglican A, 5 p cent | 102½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. B, 6 per cent | 121½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Great Eastern 5 p ct Pref. | 97 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Northern, 5 per cent | 111 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 p c Redeem. at 10 p c pm | 106 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent do | 100 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 pr ct do. at 5 pr ct pm | 106 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Gt South & Wst. (Ireland) 4 p c | 91 |
| 10000 | 50 | 6 | Gt West. (Bks. & Hants Ex) 5 p c | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Preference 4½ per cent | 95 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Irredeemable 4 per cent | 85 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 p c Redm. Preference | 102 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Birmingham guar. Stock | 75 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Birmingham Pref. Stock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Chester guarantee Stock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 8 per cent Pref. Stock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent do | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. S. Wales guar. 4 per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent | 104 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do W.M.—Oxf. 1st gua. Stock | 126 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 2nd guarantee Stock | 120 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Newport 5 per cent pref. redeemable at 5 pr cent pm | 101 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. perpetual 6 p c preference option till 1866 | 122 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. perpetual 6 per cent. with option til 1869 | 117 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Lancashire and Yorkshire, 6 p ct | 131 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent (E. Lancashire | 131 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and Blackwall, 4½ p c St | 92½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and Brighton, 5 per cent guarantee Stock No. 1 | 108 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent do No. 2 | 108 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 6 per cent do | 128½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent do No. 4 | 108 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent 1858 | 99 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent do 1861 | 98 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 7 p cent. Preference Stock | 144½ |

| No. of Shares or Stock. | Amount of Shares. | Amount Paid up. | Name of Company. | London. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stock | 100 | 100 | L. & B. 6 per ct do. (W. E. & C.P.) | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4 per cent 1859 | 85½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London, Chatham, and Dover | 94½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Lon. & N.-W., Cov. & Nun. 5 p c | 110 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Bedford and Cambridge | 89 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Shrewsbury & Welshpool | 88½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London & S.-Western, 7 per cent | 150 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Manch., Shef., and Lincolnshire | 123½ |
| 172300 | 6 | 4½ | Do. 6l | 4¾ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 3½ per cent. | 66 |
| 62830 | 10 | 5 | Do. Redeemable 6 per cent | 5½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Midland Cons. 6 per cent Stock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Con. Bristol & Birm. 6 p c | 131 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent pref. Stock | 99 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Leices. & Hitch. 4 p c Stk | 89 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North British | 110 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. New guarantee 5 per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Edin., Perth, & Dun. 4 p c | 84 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | N.E.—Consolidated pref. 4 pr ct | 91 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent. redeemable | 98½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Berwk., G.N.E. 4 p c pref. | ..... |
| 60872 | 25 | 10 | Do. York, Hull & Selby Purc. | 10½ |
| 18000 | 25 | 25 | Do. Stckto & Darln., A 5 p ct | 27 |
| 34000 | 25 | 25 | Do. B 6 per cent | 32 |
| 8000 | 25 | 25 | Do. C 6 per cent | 32 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. W. Hartlepool Harbour & R | 84 |
| 58500 | 20 | 20 | North Staffordshire | 21½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Scottish N. E. 3½ pr ct pref. Stck | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Aberdeen guar. 6 per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 7 per cent pref. Stock | ..... |
| 20000 | 10s | 10s | South Devon Annuities 10s | 10½ |
| 40000 | 1/6d | 1/6d | Sth-East.—(Reading Ann. 1/6d) | 21½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Fixed 4½ per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | South York. & R. Dun, 4 p c gua. | 90 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Waterford and Kilkenny | 49 |
| | | | **LINES LEASED AT FIXED RENTALS.** | |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Birkenhead | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Buckinghamshire | 93 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Chester and Holyhead | 55½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5½ per cent | 122 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent | 112 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Clydesdale Junction | 101½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | East Lincolnshire, gua. 6 pr cent | 132 |
| 10160 | 25 | 25 | Gloucester and Dean Forest | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Gt Eastern, Newm. &c. 5 pr cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. E. U., Harwich 4 pc shares | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Woodbridge Ext. 4 pr cent | ..... |
| 14000 | 50 | 50 | Hull and Selby | 108 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Lancaster and Carlisle | 214½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and Chatham 4½ pr cent | 90 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and Greenwich | 62 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Preference | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London, Tilbury, and Southend | 103 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Lowestoft, guarantee 4 per cent | 79 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 6 per cent | ..... |
| ... | 5½ | 5½ | Manchester, Buxton, & Matlock | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Midland Bradford | 92 |
| 16862 | 50 | 50 | Northern and Eastern, 5 pr cent | 53 |
| 5391 | 50 | 50 | Do. 6 per cent | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North-Western A perp pref 5 p c | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Notting. & Granth. Rlwy. & Canal. | 92 |
| 14520 | 25 | 25 | Preston and Wyre | 44 |
| 16720 | 12½ | 12½ | Do. ½ Shares, A | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Royston, Hitchin, and Shepreth | 128½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Shrewsbury and Hereford | 128½ |
| 23935 | 10 | 7 | Do. do | 9 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | South Staffordshire | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | South Yorkshire and River Dun | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do 4 per cent guaranteed | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Victoria Station, Pimlico | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Wilts and Somerset | 87 |
| 4450 | 10 | 10 | Wimbledon and Croydon | 8 |
| | | | **DEBENTURE STOCKS.** | |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Eastern | 88 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Northern | 99 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Gt. Wstn—W. Mid.—Oxf. 4½ pc | 101 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Lancashire and Yorkshire | 97 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London, Brighton &c. | 97 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and North-Western | 97½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | London and South-Western | 97 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Midland | 97 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North British, E. P. and D. B. | 109 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | North Eastern | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Scottish North-Eastern | ..... |
| | | | **BRITISH POSSESSIONS.** | |
| ... | 100 | 100 | Atlantic and St Lawrence | 57 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Bombay, Bar., & C. India guar. | 101½ |
| 50000 | 20 | 6 | Do. F. Shares | 6½ |
| 60000 | 20½ | 20½ | Buffalo and Lake Huron | 4½ |
| 15000 | 10 | 10 | Do Preference | 9½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Calcutta & Sth. East., guar. 5 p c | 100 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Cape Town and Dock 5 p c guar. | 72½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Eastern Bengal, guar. 5 pr cent | 102 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | East Indian | 103¾ |
| 65000 | 20 | 15 | Do. J Extension | 15½ |
| 100000 | 20 | 20 | Do. H do | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent debentures | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 pr cent debentures, 1870 | 101½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent. do., 1870 | 101½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5 per cent. do., 1866-71 | 103 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Grand Trunk of Canada | 18¾ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. First Preference Bonds | 65 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. deferred | 55½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Second Preference Bonds | 56 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. do. deferred | 49½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Third Preference Stock | 42½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. do. deferred | 40 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Fourth Preference Stock | 25½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. do. deferred | 25 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Indian Penin. guar. 5 p ct | 104½ |
| 22515 | 20 | 14 | Do. do. | 14½ |
| 37026 | 20 | 4 | Do. New | 4½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Great Sth. of India guar. 5 pr ct | 101 |

| No. of Shares or Stock. | Amount of Shares. | Amount Paid up. | Name of Company. | London. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 117102 | 20½ | 20½ | Great Western of Canada, Shares | 12½ |
| 52598 | 20½ | 18 | Do. New | 10 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 6 per cent Bonds 1873 | 93 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 5½ per cent. 1877-8 | 84 |
| 50000 | 10 | 2 | Indian Branch (Limited) | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Madras guaranteed 5 per cent | 101½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent | 96 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. 4½ per cent | 91 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Scinde guaranteed 5 per cent | 100½ |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Delhi do | 100½ |
| 75000 | 20 | 20 | Do. Punjaub do | ..... |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Punjaub do | 101 |
| Stock | 100 | 100 | Do. Indus Steam Flotilla | ..... |
| | | | **FOREIGN.** | |
| 50000 | 10 | 10 | Antwerp and Rotterdam | 10 |
| 90000 | 20 | 20 | Bahia and San Francisco, Lim., guaranteed 7 per cent | 14½ |
| 42500 | 5 | 5 | Belgian Eastern Junction | 1½ |
| 100000 | 20 | 16 | Dutch Rhenish | 22¾ |
| 500000 | 20 | 20 | Eastern of France | 21 |
| 100000 | 20 | 20 | Great Luxembourg | 15¾ |
| 113312 | 4 | 4 | Do. Obligations | 3½ |
| 26595 | 20 | 20 | Namur & Liege gua. 14l per ann | 9½ |
| 10000 | 20 | 20 | Do. guar. 6 per cent Pref. | 20 |
| 400000 | 16 | 16 | Northern of France | 43 |
| 100000 | 16 | 15 | Do. New Shares issued at 23l. | ..... |
| 75000 | 20 | 20 | Do. 20l 3 per cent Bonds (for. Bon. and Ams. Shares) | ..... |
| 17418 | 20 | 20 | Do. 20l late Charleroi and Erquelines | ..... |
| 11250 | 10 | 10 | Norwegian Trunk Preference | ..... |
| 577500 | 20 | 20 | Paris, Lyons, & Mediterranean | 34½ |
| 300000 | 20 | 20 | Paris and Orleans | 34 |
| 60000 | 20 | 20 | Recife & San Francisco (g. 7 pc) | 12¾ |
| 81600 | 20 | 20 | Riga and Dunaburg | ..... |
| 27000 | 20 | 20 | Royal Danish | 19 |
| 31000 | 20 | 20 | Sambre and Meuse | 6¾ |
| 17000 | 10 | 10 | Do. 5½ per cent Preference | 9½ |
| 100000 | 1/20 | 20 | San Paulo, Limited, guar. 7 p c | 17½ |
| | 1/20 | 20 | Do. do. | ..... |
| 750000 | 20 | 20 | S. Austrian & Lombardo-Venetin | 18¾ |
| 156000 | 20 | 20 | Do. Obligation s | 9¾ |
| 134000 | 20 | 20 | Southern of France | 22½ |
| 26757 | 8¾ | 8¾ | West Flanders | 7¾ |
| 20000 | 10 | 10 | Do. 5 p per cent. Preference | 9¾ |
| 300000 | 20 | 20 | Western and N.-W. of France | 21½ |
| | | | **BRITISH MINES.** | |
| 3000 | ... | 6½ | Chiverton | 8¾ |
| 2900 | ... | 30 | Clifford Amalgamated | 22 |
| 1024 | 10 | 1 | Devon Gt Consols (Tavistock) | 570 |
| 512 | ... | 29½ | East Bassett (Illogan) | 17 |
| 6144 | ... | 2¾ | East Caradon | 12 |
| 6000 | ... | 3½ | East Carn Brea | 6 |
| 4000 | ... | 208s | East Wheal Russell (Tavistock) | 3 |
| 486 | ... | 66 | Grambler & St Aubyn (Gwennap) | 3 |
| 4000 | ... | 14½s | Great South Tolgus | 1½ |
| 5908 | ... | 40 | Great Wheal Vor (Helston) | 35½ |
| 1024 | ... | 170s | Herod's-Foot | 41 |
| 6000 | ... | 110s | Hingston Downs | 4 |
| 6000 | ... | 216d | Lady Bertha | ..... |
| 896 | ... | 13¾ | Margaret (Uny Lelant) | 3 |
| 9000 | ... | 4½ | Marke Valley | 4 |
| 400 | ... | 43½ | New Seton | 40 |
| 6000 | ... | 2½ | North Downs | ..... |
| 6000 | ... | 82s | North Wheal Bassett (Illogan) | 1 |
| 5640 | ... | 53s | North Wheal Crofty | 1½ |
| 6400 | ... | 1½ | Par Consols (St Blazey) | ..... |
| 1200 | 20 | 206s | Providence (Uny Lelant) | 34 |
| 512 | ... | 1½ | South Caradon (St Cleer) | 450 |
| 6000 | ... | 5¾ | South Carn Brea (Illogan) | ..... |
| 496 | ... | 18½ | South Wheal Frances (Illogan) | 12½ |
| 920 | ... | 3½ | Stray Park | 11 |
| 6000 | 10 | 9 | Tin Croft | 18 |
| 6000 | ... | 1½ | West Bassett (Illogan) | 6½ |
| 1024 | ... | 10 | West Caradon (Liskeard) | 10 |
| 400 | ... | 47½ | West Wheal Seton | 175 |
| 512 | ... | 5½ | Wheal Bassett (Illogan) | 77½ |
| 256 | ... | 16 | Wheal Buller (Redruth) | 23 |
| 1024 | ... | 216d | Wheal Kitty (Uny Lelant) | ..... |
| 48000 | ... | 2½ | Wheal Ludcott | ..... |
| 1024 | ... | 8 | Wheal Mary Ann (Menheniot) | 4 |
| 396 | ... | 58½ | Wheal Seton | 197½ |
| 1040 | ... | 5½ | Wheal Trelawney (Liskeard) | 17½ |
| 6000 | ... | 317s | Wheal Union | ..... |
| | | | **FOREIGN MINES.** | |
| 20000 | 20 | 7 | Australian | ..... |
| 75000 | 1 | 1 | Bon Accord Copper, Limited | ..... |
| ... | 5 | 5 | Brazilian Lead and Mining | 1 |
| ... | 10 | 7 | Cape Copper | 10½ |
| ... | 2 | 1 | Capula Silver | ¼ |
| 12000 | 40 | 40 | Cobre Copper | 21 |
| 10000 | 20 | 16 | Copiapo | ..... |
| ... | 1 | ¾ | Don Pedro, N. del Rey | ¾ |
| .. | 1 | 1 | Don Mountain Copper | ..... |
| 25000 | 3 | 2½ | East del Rey | 1½ |
| 25000 | 2 | 2 | Fortuna | 3½ |
| 20000 | 20 | 20 | General | 22 |
| ... | 2 | 1½ | Gt. North. Cop. of S. Australia | ..... |
| ... | 1½ | 1 | Kapunda | ¼ |
| 15000 | 3 | 3 | Linares | 3½ |
| 10000 | 5 | 2 | Lusitanian | 1½ |
| 103815 | 1 | 1 | Mariquita | ¾ |
| ... | 2 | 2 | M. Aureos Braz. Gold Mng. Co. | ¾ |
| ... | 1 | ¾ | N. Rhine Copper S. Australia | ..... |
| ... | 20 | 20 | Pontgibaud | 8½ |
| ... | 5 | 1 | Port Phillip | 1½ |
| ... | 1 | ¾ | Santa Barbara Gold | ¼ |
| 80000 | 1 | 1 | Scottish Australian | ¼ |
| 11000 | 20 | 15 | St John del Rey | 42 |
| 43174 | 30 | 28½ | United Mexican | 3½ |
| ... | 10 | 5 | Vancouver Coal | 4 |
| ... | 1 | 1 | Worthing | ¾ |
| 5000 | 3 | 3 | Yudanamutana of S Australia | 1½ |

## EXCISE.

Quantities of the several Articles charged with Duties of Excise, and Free of Duty; the Quantities Exported; and the Quantities Retained for Home Consumption in the United Kingdom, in the Half Year ended June 30, 1865, compared with the corresponding period of 1864.

| ARTICLES. | Charged with Duty and Free of Duty. | | Exported to Foreign Countries on Drawback and Free of Duty. | | Retained for Consumption in the United Kingdom. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1864 | 1865 | 1864 | 1865 | 1864 | 1865 |
| **England and Wales.** | | | | | | |
| Chicory ..... cwts | 6,224 | 4,344 | ... | ... | 6,224 | 4,344 |
| Hops* ..... lbs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Malt—Charged with duty ..... bushels | 27,208,425 | 26,773,748 | 108,229 | 121,471 | 26,498,779 | 25,873,419 |
| Used in beer exported (estimated) | | | 601,417 | 778,858 | | |
| Free of duty for distillation and exportation | 393,169 | 403,596 | 127,825 | 152,489 | 265,344 | 251,107 |
| Total | 27,601,594 | 27,177,344 | 837,471 | 1,052,818 | 26,764,123 | 26,124,526 |
| Spirits—Charged with duty ..... gals | 4,407,526 | 4,322,750 | 127,017 | 102,734 | 4,280,509 | 4,220,016 |
| Free of duty for exportation | 746,200 | 266,642 | 746,200 | 266,642 | ... | ... |
| Total | 5,153,726 | 4,589,392 | 873,217 | 369,376 | 4,280,509 | 4,220,016 |
| Sugar (home made) ..... cwts | ... | 1,581 | ... | ... | ... | 1,581 |
| **Scotland.** | | | | | | |
| Hops ..... lbs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Malt—Charged with duty ..... bushels | 1,107,543 | 1,299 917 | 9,396 | 11,810 | 1,107,242 | 1,206,777 |
| Used in beer exported (estimated) | | | 80,905 | 81,330 | | |
| Free of duty for distillation and exportation | 2,230,824 | 1,105,598 | 608 | 1,612 | 2,230,216 | 2,103,986 |
| Total | 3,338,367 | 3,405,515 | 90,909 | 94,752 | 3,247,458 | 3,310,763 |
| Spirits—Charged with duty ..... gals | 3,238,745 | 3,327,789 | 112,975 | 209,000 | 3,125,770 | 3,118,789 |
| Free of duty for exportation | 1,789,038 | 1,471,917 | 1,789,038 | 1,471,917 | ... | ... |
| Total | 5,027,783 | 4,799,706 | 1,902,013 | 1,680,917 | 3,125,770 | 3,118,789 |
| **Ireland.** | | | | | | |
| Hops ..... lbs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Malt—Charged with duty ..... bushels | 1,487,086 | 1,411,789 | ... | ... | 1,483,660 | 1,407,148 |
| Used in beer exported (estimated) | | ... | 3,426 | 4,641 | | |
| Free of duty for distillation and exportation | 372,161 | 432,862 | ... | ... | 372,161 | 432,862 |
| Total | 1,859,247 | 1,844,651 | 3,426 | 4,641 | 1,855,821 | 1,840,010 |
| Spirits—Charged with duty ..... gals | 2,295,171 | 2,449,401 | 101 | 53 | 2,295,070 | 2,449,348 |
| Free of duty for exportation | 216,961 | 459,424 | 216,961 | 459,424 | ... | ... |
| Total | 2,512,132 | 2,908,825 | 217,062 | 459,477 | 2,295,070 | 2,449,348 |
| **United Kingdom.** | | | | | | |
| Chicory ..... cwts | 6,224 | 4,344 | ... | ... | 6,224 | 4,344 |
| Hops ..... lbs | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Malt—Charged with duty ..... bushels | 29,803,054 | 29,485,454 | 117,625 | 133,281 | 28,999,681 | 28,487,344 |
| Used in beer exported (estimated) | | | 685,748 | 864,829 | | |
| Free of duty for distillation and exportation | 2,996,154 | 2,942,056 | 128,433 | 154,101 | 2,867,721 | 2,787,955 |
| Total | 32,799,208 | 32,427,510 | 931,806 | 1,152,211 | 31,867,402 | 31,275,299 |
| Spirits—Charged with duty ..... gals | 9,941,442 | 10,099,940 | 240,093 | 311,787 | 9,701,349 | 9,788,153 |
| Free of duty for exportation | 2,752,199 | 2,197,983 | 2,752,119 | 2,197,983 | ... | ... |
| Total | 12,693,641 | 12,297,923 | 2,992,292 | 2,509,770 | 9,701,349 | 9,788,153 |
| Sugar (home made) ..... cwts | ... | 1,581 | ... | ... | ... | 1,581 |

NOTE.—This account shows the quantities of spirits retained for all purposes of home consumption.——* Hop duty repealed 3rd June, 1862.

## EXPORTS OF BRITISH AND IRISH PRODUCE AND MANUFACTURES.

An Account of the Declared Value of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures Exported from the United Kingdom to each Foreign Country and British Possession in the Half-Year ended June 30, 1865, compared with the corresponding period of the ear 1864 .

| Countries to which Exported. | 1864. £ | | 1865. £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| Foreign. | | | |
| Russia, Northern ports .. | 985,623 | ... | 812,905 |
| — Southern ports | 113,855 | ... | 178,563 |
| | 1,099,478 | .. | 991,468 |
| Sweden | 274,495 | ... | 366,132 |
| Norway | 335,777 | ... | 248,041 |
| Denmark (including Iceland, &c.) | 574,443 | ... | 496,384 |
| Schleswig-Holstein and Lauenburg | 33,012 | ... | 62,966 |
| Prussia | 309,419 | ... | 755,995 |
| Mecklenburg Schwerin | 17,338 | ... | 26,102 |
| Hanover | 342,379 | ... | 232,898 |
| Oldenburg and Kniphausen | 10,289 | ... | 21,499 |
| Hanse Towns | 6,173,605 | ... | 6,392,580 |
| Holland | 3,295,684 | ... | 3,198,650 |
| Belgium | 1,194,049 | ... | 1,316,052 |
| France | 3,624,840 | ... | 4,374,619 |
| Portugal, Proper | 1,050,660 | ... | 1,017,032 |
| Azores | 37,850 | ... | 31,753 |
| Madeira | 27,735 | .. | 30,174 |
| Spain | 1,625,277 | ... | 1,061,241 |
| Canary Islands | 69,963 | ... | 69,939 |
| Italy:—Sardinia (inc. the Island) | 927,485 | ... | 792,738 |
| Tuscany | 395,875 | ... | 446,788 |
| Naples | 875,187 | .. | 730,853 |
| Sicily | 420,757 | ... | 407,768 |
| Adriatic Ports of Ancona and the Romagna | 158,640 | ... | 239,423 |
| | 2,777,944 | ... | 2,617,570 |
| Papal Ports on the Mediterranean | 45,148 | ... | 5,950 |
| Austrian Territories:—Venetia | 53,786 | ... | 65,607 |
| Illyria, Croatia, and Dalmatia | 388,900 | ... | 309,099 |
| Greece (exclusive of the Ionian Islands) | 210,708 | ... | 229,858 |
| Ionian Islands | † | ... | 169,589 |
| Turkey, European | 2,513,833 | ... | 1,911,753 |
| Natolia or Asia Minor | 496,314 | ... | 317,226 |
| Wallachia and Moldavia | 96,284 | ... | 109,008 |
| Syria and Palestine | 388,713 | .. | 487,286 |
| El Hedjaz & Ports on the Euphrates or the Persian Gulf | ... | ... | 19,222 |
| Egypt | 3,031,297 | ... | 2,782,160 |
| Tunis | 512 | ... | 10,858 |
| Algeria | 5,546 | ... | 5,390 |
| Morocco | 73,108 | ... | 80,526 |
| Western Africa (Foreign) | 241,857 | .. | 269,136 |
| Cape Verd Islands | 12,068 | ... | 11,161 |
| Eastern Africa | 8,386 | ... | 13,035 |
| Arabia, Native Territories | ... | ... | 305 |
| Persia | 510 | ... | ... |
| Dutch Possessions in India (Java, &c.) | 518,747 | ... | 455,190 |
| Philippine Islands | 430,984 | ... | 524,358 |
| Siam | 11,493 | ... | 15,204 |
| Cochin China, Camboja, and Tonquin | ... | ... | ... |
| China (exclusive of Hong Kong) | 1,435,531 | ... | 1,718,225 |
| Japan | 162,554 | ... | 704,713 |
| Islands in the Pacific | 44,265 | ... | 26,287 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 1,133,678 | ... | 1,132,366 |
| Other Foreign West Indies, including Hayti and St Domingo | 403,521 | ... | 525,231 |
| United States:—Ports on the Atlantic —Northern | 11,435,269 | ... | 5,965,101 |
| Southern | 65,951 | ... | 22,562 |
| Ports on the Pacific | 526,263 | ... | 227,274 |
| | 12,027,483 | ... | 6,214,937 |
| Mexico | 720,615 | ... | 1,173,312 |
| Central America | 102,700 | ... | 19,710 |
| New Granada | 889,870 | ... | 1,220,790 |
| Venezuela | 186,745 | ... | 188,917 |
| Ecuador | 2,171 | ... | 8,526 |
| Peru | 689,712 | ... | 714,629 |
| Bolivia | ... | ... | 350 |
| Chili | 808,906 | ... | 889,421 |
| Brazil | 2,806,536 | ... | 2,645,756 |
| Uruguay | 478,035 | ... | 334,683 |
| Argentine Confederation | 744,806 | ... | 1,026,461 |
| Patagonia | ... | ... | 65 |
| Northern Whale Fishery | 1,191 | ... | ... |
| Total to Foreign Countries | 54,540,750 | ... | 49,647,395 |
| British Possessions:—Heligoland | 15 | ... | 43 |
| Channel Islands | 566,628 | ... | 400,759 |

† See under British Possessions.

| Countries to which Exported. | 1864. £ | | 1865. £ |
|---|---|---|---|
| British Poss. *con.*:—Gibraltar | 598,643 | ... | 604,331 |
| Malta and Gozo | 284,113 | ... | 331,026 |
| Ionian Islands (ceded to the Kingdom of Greece June 1, 1864) | 166,980 | ... | * |
| Western Africa (British) | 122,867 | ... | 178,092 |
| Ascension | 3,210 | ... | 4,078 |
| St Helena | 15,468 | ... | 21,616 |
| Cape of Good Hope | 732,187 | ... | 933,808 |
| Kaffraria | 16,619 | ... | 16,133 |
| Natal | 171,793 | ... | 147,141 |
| Mauritius | 337,757 | ... | 321,706 |
| Aden | 15,002 | ... | 21,315 |
| India:—Bombay and Scinde | 4,014,321 | ... | 3,898,074 |
| Madras | 746,200 | ... | 802,069 |
| Bengal and Pegu | 4,240,224 | ... | 5,346,127 |
| | 9,000,745 | ... | 10,046,270 |
| Singapore and the Eastern Straits | 783,891 | ... | 853,943 |
| Ceylon | 444,320 | ... | 291,367 |
| Hong Kong | 873,027 | ... | 791,932 |
| Australia:—West Australia | 29,755 | ... | 61,206 |
| South Australia | 413,160 | ... | 701,418 |
| Victoria | 2,404,446 | ... | 2,672,475 |
| New South Wales | 1,197,798 | ... | 1,734,350 |
| Queensland | 180,813 | ... | 276,786 |
| Tasmania | 113,227 | ... | 124,799 |
| New Zealand | 784,778 | ... | 753,972 |
| | 5,123,977 | ... | 6,325,006 |
| British North America | 2,385,259 | ... | 1,705,324 |
| Bermudas | 217,293 | ... | 43,633 |
| British West India Islands | 1,184,446 | ... | 994,757 |
| British Guiana | 356,958 | ... | 384,324 |
| Belize (British Honduras) | 94,395 | ... | 70,146 |
| Falkland Islands | 11,243 | ... | 4,493 |
| Total to British Possessions | 23,506,836 | ... | 24,481,243 |
| Total to Foreign Countries & B. Poss. | 78,047,586 | ... | 74,128,638 |

* See under Foreign Countries.

## VESSELS EMPLOYED IN THE FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

An Account of the Number and Tonnage of Vessels, distinguishing their Nationality, which Entered Inwards and Cleared Outwards with Cargoes (including their repeated Voyages) in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1865, compared with the corresponding Periods of Years 1863 and 1864.

| Nationality of Vessels. | Entered. 1863 Ships | 1863 Tonnage | 1864 Ships | 1864 Tonnage | 1865 Ships | 1865 Tonnage |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| British:—United Kingdom and Dependencies | 12207 | 3616078 | 13250 | 4077458 | 13526 | 4278244 |
| Foreign | 10040 | 2067455 | 8755 | 1743037 | 9813 | 1911029 |
| Total | 22247 | 5683533 | 22005 | 5820495 | 23339 | 6189273 |
| Foreign of each Nation:—Russian | 177 | 57581 | 343 | 118559 | 252 | 83347 |
| Swedish | 585 | 90799 | 679 | 106047 | 519 | 83980 |
| Norwegian | 1875 | 396791 | 2072 | 422649 | 1918 | 439448 |
| Danish | 1796 | 161995 | 1477 | 140249 | 1208 | 121745 |
| Prussian | 900 | 220364 | 351 | 90822 | 747 | 188047 |
| Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauenburg | ... | ... | ... | ... | 109 | 10875 |
| Mecklenburg and Oldenburg | 328 | 66725 | 140 | 32741 | 372 | 76233 |
| Hanoverian | 544 | 46819 | 243 | 27110 | 524 | 45730 |
| Hanse Towns | 311 | 157740 | 198 | 102041 | 274 | 135146 |
| Dutch | 824 | 101484 | 784 | 99383 | 856 | 105389 |
| Belgian | 180 | 39135 | 262 | 45382 | 336 | 54632 |
| French | 1630 | 134703 | 1394 | 111999 | 1678 | 145912 |
| Spanish | 164 | 57109 | 180 | 56839 | 189 | 66369 |
| Portuguese | 48 | 8227 | 78 | 17689 | 77 | 15846 |
| Italian—Sardinian | 113 | 30722 | 133 | 35839 | 208 | 59965 |
| Two Sicilies | 18 | 3698 | 43 | 10853 | 71 | 18401 |
| Austrian | 126 | 41897 | 92 | 29986 | 167 | 55142 |
| Greek | 14 | 3555 | 17 | 4470 | 35 | 9912 |
| Other European Countries | 40 | 11263 | 14 | 3845 | 110 | 23573 |
| United States of America | 428 | 433886 | 252 | 283328 | 150 | 163827 |
| Other Countries in America, Africa, or Asia | 9 | 2932 | 8 | 3206 | 18 | 5600 |
| | **Cleared.** | | | | | |
| British:—United Kingdom and Dependencies | 16494 | 4564089 | 16807 | 5044848 | 16584 | 5088756 |
| Foreign | 11589 | 2172248 | 9880 | 1883766 | 10552 | 1977203 |
| Total | 28083 | 6736337 | 26687 | 6928614 | 27136 | 7065959 |
| Foreign of each Nation:—Russian | 202 | 63750 | 299 | 119152 | 240 | 87636 |
| Swedish | 573 | 91636 | 598 | 96368 | 459 | 77486 |
| Norwegian | 1076 | 191584 | 1376 | 232311 | 1100 | 221374 |
| Danish | 1884 | 179248 | 1624 | 153332 | 1297 | 133173 |
| Prussian | 941 | 218026 | 413 | 110966 | 762 | 193143 |
| Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauenburg | ... | ... | ... | ... | 160 | 15342 |
| Mecklenburg and Oldenburg | 484 | 85534 | 299 | 48273 | 454 | 86189 |
| Hanoverian | 1047 | 84608 | 489 | 44620 | 861 | 76195 |
| Hanse Towns | 532 | 212942 | 323 | 129135 | 431 | 181163 |
| Dutch | 940 | 133633 | 776 | 113862 | 934 | 137482 |
| Belgian | 136 | 32648 | 195 | 39297 | 370 | 68493 |
| French | 2750 | 262196 | 2574 | 253759 | 2392 | 240426 |
| Spanish | 169 | 55092 | 152 | 59964 | 169 | 57060 |
| Portuguese | 43 | 8110 | 49 | 9600 | 82 | 17772 |
| Italian—Sardinian | 99 | 30190 | 211 | 67826 | 264 | 90422 |
| Two Sicilies | 52 | 12184 | 68 | 17602 | 73 | 26688 |
| Austrian | 186 | 62431 | 181 | 61989 | 203 | 77468 |
| Greek | 22 | 5874 | 23 | 6296 | 40 | 11205 |
| Other European Countries | 28 | 10268 | 28 | 7724 | 64 | 18234 |
| United States of America | 409 | 419630 | 243 | 238567 | 173 | 171653 |
| Other Countries in America, Africa, or Asia | 14 | 4585 | 19 | 7105 | 27 | 5364 |

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Henry K. Aspinall, Esq., Anchor Brewery, Birkenhead.
Thomas Brassey, Esq., 4 Great George street, Westminster.
Henry Churton, Esq., Boughton, Chester.
Charles Cook, Esq., Argyle Brewery, Birkenhead.
Nathaniel Cook, Esq., Argyle Brewery, Birkenhead.
Joseph Greaves, Esq. (Messrs Jas. Baines and Co.), Liverpool.
George Harrison, Esq., Canada works, Birkenhead.
Edward Mills, Esq., Hamilton square, Birkenhead.

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The North and South Wales Bank, Birkenhead, Liverpool, and Chester.
The London and Westminster Bank, London.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs Duncans, Squarey, Blackmore, Pearson, and Hill, 10 Water street, Liverpool, and Founders' court, Lothbury, London.
Messrs Aspinall and Bird, 3 Union court, Castle street, Liverpool.

BROKERS.

Messrs Thomas Tinley and Sons, Brown's buildings, Liverpool.
Messrs W. and G. Reynolds, 80 Old Broad street, London.

AUDITOR—A. W. Chalmers, Esq., Liverpool.
MANAGER AND SECRETARY—W. H. Cook, Esq.

OFFICES.

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Walmer buildings, 2 Rumford street, Liverpool.

PROSPECTUS.

The Breweries at Birkenhead, known as the Argyle Brewery (Messrs Cook Brothers) and the Anchor Brewery (Mr H. K. Aspinall), have been established for upwards of twenty years, and carried on with great and constantly increasing success; and in connection with the Anchor Brewery there has been established, in addition to an extensive private family business, a large and lucrative export bottling trade at Liverpool.

It is now proposed that these Breweries shall be amalgamated, and carried on in future by this Company. Provisional agreements have been made for the purchase of both concerns from the present proprietors; and it has been arranged that Mr H. K. Aspinall shall undertake the active management of the entire business for a period of three years, whilst the Messrs Cook will give the undertaking the benefit of their advice and assistance as Directors of the Company.

The purchase-money to be paid by the Company for the Anchor and Argyle Breweries (freehold), fixed and moveable plants and utensils in trade, casks, horses, and drays, freehold and leasehold hotels, public houses, and other property required for the purposes of the business, and goodwill (taken at two years' net profits of the breweries) is.....£169,815

(This amount has been fixed by Messrs Mason and Sons, of King William street, London, brewery valuers of the highest standing, whose report is hereto appended.

The book debts, mortgage and trade loans, stock-on-hand of of malt, hops, ale and porter, &c., are estimated at ..... 55,185

This amount will vary to a small extent between the present time and the 1st October next, when it is proposed that the business shall be taken over by the Company, and the exact amount will be ascertained by Messrs Mason and Sons.

The book debts and loans receivable, as certified by Mr Chalmers, are taken over upon terms approved by Messrs Mason and Sons, and which the Directors can recommend; and the stock of malt, hops, and beer, is purchased at cost prices.

Total purchase money .....£225,000

The whole of the liabilities of each brewery will be discharged by the present proprietors.

The books of both concerns have been carefully investigated by Mr A. W. Chalmers, public accountant, Liverpool, upon whose certificate the amount of profits has been determined.

The vendors agree to transfer to the Company the whole of their freehold and leasehold property, with their respective plants (fixed and moveable), and to take payment in debentures bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum, redeemable the one half in 3 years and the other in 5 years.

The vendors will also take in part payment of the remainder of the purchase money, 3,000 shares in the Company as £10 paid, and receive dividend pro rata to the amount paid up by the other shareholders, and interest at 6 per cent. per annum on the proportion in excess of deposits and calls, agreeable to the next clause.

Shareholders who prefer paying up £10 per share on their shares may do so with the consent of the Directors, and will be allowed interest at 6 per cent. per annum on the excess for the time being so paid beyond the sums due for deposits and calls.

It is unnecessary to enlarge upon the advantages which this undertaking offers for the profitable investment of capital. It is sufficient to point out that the Company will at once become possessed on reasonable terms of two well-established lucrative breweries, in full trade, and in complete working order, in one of the most rapidly increasing towns in the United Kingdom, and within one mile of Liverpool.

The results which have heretofore been attained justify the Directors in stating their confident belief that he shareholders will receive an annual dividend of at east 10 per cent. upon the capital invested in this Company; a return which may be materially increased by judicious extensions of the trade as opportunities present themselves.

The remuneration of the ordinary Directors is to be left to the shareholders, but it is provided that the Board may appoint a Managing Director (an office which will be filled in the first instance by Mr H. K. Aspinall) at a salary to be fixed by the Directors.

No promotion money will be paid.

In the event of no allotment being made to an applicant, his deposit will be returned in full.

The deposit paid on application for shares may be forfeited and the allotment cancelled by the Directors in all cases where the further payment on allotment is not duly made in accordance with the terms of the allotment letter.

The Articles of Association and provisional contracts between the vendors and the Company, with a list of the properties, may be inspected, free of charge, at the offices of the solicitors and brokers of the Company.

Prospectuses and forms of application can be obtained from the bankers, brokers, and solicitors of the Company, and at the offices of the Company.

Applications for shares will be received by the Company's bankers.

This form must be delivered entire to the bankers of the Company, and, after payment of deposit, the application will be retained by them.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE BIRKENHEAD AMALGAMATED BREWERY COMPANY (Limited).

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your bankers the sum of £ being a deposit of £1 per share on shares in the above Company, I hereby request that you will allot me that number of shares; and I agree to accept such shares, or any smaller number that may be allotted to me, and to become a member of the Company in respect thereof, subject to the regulations of the Company; and I also agree to pay the further deposit of £2 per share on allotment, in accordance with the terms of the letter of allotment; and I authorise you to enter my name on the register of shareholders for the shares so allotted.

Name in full.....
Residence.....
Profession or Business.....
Date.....

# PURE WATER VERSUS CHOLERA AND OTHER DISEASES.

The London and General Water Purifying Company (Limited), supply on hire or sale in the metropolis and its suburbs, and on sale in the country, their Patent Cistern Filter, which filters and purifies all the water used in the house whether for culinary or drinking purposes at the rate of half a gallon to 4 gallons per minute, requiring no filling or attention from servants. Water tested free of charge. Testing Apparatuses, easily used, sold by the Company. For prices and terms, apply to the Secretary, 15 Strand, W. C., where testimonials from Dr. Letheby and others, and the filters in operation, may be seen.

# SIX PER CENT. SECURED ON FREEHOLD PROPERTY in LONDON.

The Directors of the INNS of COURT HOTEL COMPANY (Limited) are ISSUING the remainder of the Company's SIX PER CENT. MORTGAGE DEBENTURES.

These Bonds secured as a first charge on the entire Hotel property (estimated as worth not under £120,000), are issued for three, five, or seven years, with coupons attached for payment of interest half-yearly, and investors have the option of paying in full, or by three instalments.

The Company cannot borrow more than £80,000.

H. T. L. BEWLEY, Secretary.

Offices of the Company, 63 Lincoln's inn fields,
July, 1865.

# ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

Recovery and restoration of cable and submersion of a second cable between Valentia and Newfoundland.

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given, that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders in the Atlantic Telegraph Company will be held at the London Tavern, Bishopsgate street, within the City of London, on THURSDAY, the 14th day of September, 1865, at half-past ONE o'clock precisely, for the purpose of reporting to the shareholders upon the present position of the undertaking, and the measures recommended by the board for the resuscitation of the Company's existing cable in connection with the manufacture and submersion of a second cable. And it is further intended at the said meeting to rescind a certain resolution adopted at an Extraordinary Meeting of the Company, on Wednesday, the 9th day of August, 1865, under which the right to a preferential dividend of 8 per cent. per annum was conferred upon certain new capital authorised to be issued at the said meeting; and it is intended in lieu of such resolution so to be rescinded to propose for adoption by the shareholders a resolution conferring upon the same capital, or so much thereof as may then and there be determined, a preferential dividend of 12 per cent. per annum; and it is intended to propose that the right to the said 12 per cent. per annum shall either be a first preference, taking preference over all the other preferential stock of the Company, or that (as may be decided upon in the interim) it shall be a second preference, with right of preference to the existing preferential stock of the Company. And it is further intended by the Directors to take power to convert the said preferential capital, or such thereof as may from time to time be fully paid up, into consolidated preferential stock of the Company; and the Directors further give notice that at the said meeting they intend to take such powers, and propose such resolutions, as will enable them to carry out effectually the foregoing proposals.

JAMES STUART WORTLEY, Chairman.
GEORGE SAWARD, Secretary and General Superintendent.
12 St Helen's place, Bishopsgate street within,
London, August 29, 1865.

# KINGDOM OF ITALY. CONTRACT FOR TEAK.

Notice is hereby given, that Tenders will be received, on the 30th inst., at Two o'clock p.m., in the Auction Rooms (Sala degl' Incanti), del Commissariato Generale, in the Royal Dockyard at Naples, for the supply of 1,000 Cubic Metres of First-class Quality MOULMEIN TEAK, for the Royal Italian Navy.

The conditions of contract, measurement, description of quality, and terms for delivery of the wood required may be seen in the said Sala degl' Incanti at Naples, and also at the Italian Consulate in London.

J. B. HEATH, Consul-General for Italy.
No. 31 Old Jewry, London, Sept. 1, 1865.

# MOORE, McQUEEN AND COMPANY (Limited).

Notice is hereby given, that the Directors of this Company have declared an ad interim dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum for the 3 months ending 30th June last, payable at the London and County Bank, Hanover square, on and after the 1st September.—By order,

T. R. EAMES, Secretary.

August 29th, 1865.

# McQUEEN BROTHERS (Limited.)

Registered under the Companies Act of 1862, whereby the liability of each shareholder is strictly limited to the amount of his shares.

Capital, £150,000, in 15,000 shares of £10 each.

First issue, 7,500 shares, of which 1,000 fully paid up will be allotted to the vendors.

Deposit upon application £1 per share and £1 on allotment. No call will exceed £1 per share, nor be made at less than three months' intervals. Subscribers may exercise the option of paying up a further sum either of £3 or £8 per share after allotment. Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum will be paid upon all such sums advanced in anticipation of calls.

A guaranteed minimum dividend of 10 per cent. per annum, commencing the 1st of July, 1865, and payable half-yearly, is secured to the shareholders upon the called-up capital for the first five years of the Company's operations.

DIRECTORS.

Willert Beale, Esq. (Cramer and Co., Limited), 28 Grosvenor street, W.
George Frederick Denny, Esq., 29 Great St Helen's.
Henry Stavely King, Esq., 39 Brook street, Grosvenor square.
William Benjamin McQueen, Esq., 184 Tottenham court road.
} Directors of Moore, McQueen and Co., Limited.
George Peter McQueen, Esq., 25 Berners street.
Hobart Moore, Esq., 25 Berners street.

MANAGERS.

Messrs John Henry McQueen, and Frederick Charles McQueen.

BANKERS.

London and Westminster Bank, Lothbury, E.C., and all its branches.

SOLICITOR.

Clarence Harcourt, Esq., 2 King's Arms yard, Moorgate street, E.C.

BROKERS.

Messrs Frisby, Brothers, 4 Tokenhouse yard, E.C.

AUDITOR.

Edward Sandell, Esq., 4 Skinner's place, Size lane, E.C.

SECRETARY—T. R. Eames, Esq.

Office—St Michael's House, Cornhill, E.C.

Place of Business—184 Tottenham court road, W.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

This Company is established to purchase, carry on, and extend the well-known fine art, copper and steel plate printing business of Messrs McQueen, Brothers, Tottenham court road.

The present undertaking specially recommends itself to the investor by the following features:—

1st. The business to be acquired by the Company has long been, and is at the present time, in thorough, active, and highly profitable working.

2nd. It is not only unencumbered by liabilities, but shows genuine and realisable assets exceeding £21,000.

3rd. It is susceptible of immediate and most remunerative extension.

4th. It has been carried on uninteruptedly from father to son for upwards of 70 years enjoying the highest credit with the trade and the public, both in a commercial and artistic sense.

5th. Its dealings are restricted to publishing firms of the first class, and are consequently certain and non-speculative.

6th Its present economic and most efficient management remains undisturbed.

The purchase money has been based upon the certified report of Mr Sandell, the accountant, and includes guaranteed assets in cash and good bills of £8,230, to meet current trade accounts not exceeding £1,900; and the plant of machinery, paper, steel and copper plates, &c., of the estimated value of £15,000. The amount (£22,000) to be paid for the valuable leasehold premises and goodwill is wholly taken in debentures and shares of the Company, with £10 credited thereon.

The business will be taken over by the Company as from the 1st July, 1865, from which date the guaranteed dividend of 10 per cent. per annum accrues to the shareholders. The estimates, however, from the profits of many years past afford considerably larger dividends than the one actually guaranteed.

The Articles of Association, the Agreement with the Vendors, and the certified Balance sheet can be inspected at the solicitors'.

A Form of Application for shares is attached to each prospectus, which can be obtained at the Company's offices, or place of business, and of the bankers, brokers, solicitor, or auditor to the Company.

# McQUEEN BROTHERS (Limited.)

Notice is hereby given, that the list of applications for shares in this Company will be closed, both for town and country, on Wednesday, September 6th, after which date no applications can be received.—By order,

T. R. EAMES, Secretary.

August 30th, 1865.

## ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, AND AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.

Capital paid up, 600,000*l.*

LETTERS OF CREDIT ON THE BRANCHES at

ADEI AIDE,
MELBOURNE, and
SYDNEY,

are GRANTED on the most favourable terms. Bills on the Australian Colonies negotiated and sent for collection. DEPOSITS received at rates and for periods which may be learned on inquiry at the office.—By order of the Court, HENRY MOULES, Secretary.

73 Cornhill, E.C.

## THE SCINDE, PUNJAUB, AND DELHI BANK CORPORATION (Limited).

Capital, £1,000,000. Paid up, £392,778.

The Corporation grant drafts and negotiate or collect bills payable at Bombay, Calcutta, Kurrachee, Lahore, Umritsur, Madras, and Ceylon. They issue circular notes and letters of credit and undertakes the sale and purchase of Indian and other securities, receipt of pay, dividends, &c.

Deposits received at interest for such periods and at such rates as may be agreed upon, particulars of which may be obtained on application.

T. G. CRAIG, Manager.

Head office, 80 King William street, London, E.C.

## LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK (Limited).

Capital, £1,500,000 in 15,000 shares of £100 each.

BRANCH BANKS AND AGENCIES.

Brazil—Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Santos, Rio Grande do Sul, Maranham.
Portugal—Lisbon, Oporto.

CHAIRMAN—John White Cater, Esq.
DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN—Henry Louis Bischoffsheim, Esq.

Drafts granted on Brazil and Portugal. Bills negotiated or collected.

Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for all parts of the World.

Agencies connected with Brazil and Portugal undertaken.

Deposits received at agreed rates of interest.

JOHN BEATON, Secretary.

2 Old Broad street, London, E.C.

## COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION of INDIA and the EAST.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Capital £1,000,000 (one million sterling), with power to increase to £2,000,000.

Head Office, 64 Moorgate street, London, E.C.

Branches and Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta, Foochow, Hankow, Hong-Kong, Shanghae, Singapore, and Yokohama.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants drafts on its branches and agencies as above. It acts as the agent of parties connected with the East in transmitting funds, and in making investments in Indian and other public securities, effecting also the sale thereof either at home or abroad. It undertakes their safe custody and the receipt of interest or dividends thereon, and receives pay, pensions, and other moneys for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

The Bank also receives money on deposit at rates of interest proportioned to the length of the notice of withdrawal agreed to be given, the terms of which may be ascertained on inquiry.

Office hours 10 to 4 Saturdays 10 to 2.

## BANK OF NEW ZEALAND.

Bankers to the General Government of New Zealand, the Provincial Governments of Auckland, Canterbury Otago, &c., &c.

Capital, £500,000.
Reserve Fund, £115,000.

Branches and Agencies in New Zealand:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Auckland. | Nelson. | Dunstan Creek. |
| Blenheim. | New Plymouth. | Hyde. |
| Christchurch. | Oamaru. | Manuherikia |
| Dunedin. | Picton. | Mount Ida. |
| Hokitika. | Russell. | Queenstown. |
| Invercargill. | Timaru. | Tokomairiro. |
| Kaiapoi. | Wanganui. | Waikouaiti |
| Lyttelton. | Wellington. | Waitahuna. |
| Napier. | Dunstan. | Wetherstone. |
| Newcastle. | | |

This Bank grants Drafts on any of the above-named places and transacts every description of Banking business connected with New Zealand, on the most favourable terms.

The London Office receives deposits at interest for fixed periods, on terms which may be learned on application F. LARKWORTHY, Managing Director.

No. 50 Old Broad street, London, E.C.

## THE EAST INDIA BANK.

Incorporated with unlimited liability, under Act XIX. of 1857, of the Legislative Council of India.

Capital £625,000 (all paid up), in 25,000 shares of £25 each.

(With power to increase.)

Head Office—Bombay.

Branch Offices—Calcutta and London.

LONDON BANKERS.

National Bank of Scotland, 21 Finch lane.

The Bank undertakes the agency of parties having business in India, grants drafts, negotiates and collects bills, payable at the above places.

The purchase and sale are effected of Indian Government securities, bank and other shares, as also the receipt of interest and dividends.

It also undertakes the safe custody of securities, bank and other shares, and when required will remit the interest and dividends on the same when they are paid.

Any information regarding terms of business may be ascertained by applying at this office.

R. MACNEIL, Manager.

London office, 12 Leadenhall street.

## NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND

(Established 1825.)

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1831.

An OFFICE of the Bank has been OPENED at No. 21 FINCH LANE, E.C.

W. J. DUNCAN, Manager.
July 8, 1865. JAMES MILLN, Agent.

## UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA,

38 Old Broad street, London, E.C.

Paid-up Capital, £1,250,000. Reserve Fund. £250,000

The Directors of this Bank grant Letters of Credit and Drafts on its Branches, viz.:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sydney | Castlemaine | Wellington |
| Brisbane | Portland | Napier |
| Rockhampton | Adelaide | Nelson |
| Melbourne | Port Adelaide | Lyttelton |
| Geelong | Hobart Town | Christchurch |
| Ballarat | Launceston | Dunedin |
| Sandhurst | Auckland | Invercargill |

They likewise negotiate and send for collection Bills on the Colonies, and undertake all descriptions of Banking business there.

H. W. D. SAUNDERS, Secretary.

## ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Authorised Capital, £2,000,000.
Paid-up Capital, £500,000.
Head Office, No. 4 Lombard street.

Agencies and branches are established at Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Shanghai, and Melbourne.

The Corporation grant drafts and negotiate bills of exchange, payable at the above places, issue letters of credit, and conduct every description of banking business connected with the East. They effect the purchase and sale of Indian securities, the receipt of dividends, &c., and undertake the safe custody of securities. They also receive deposits, bearing interest, for fixed periods. Rates of interest and exchange may be ascertained at the Head Office.

## THE LONDON AND SOUTH AFRICAN BANK,

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1860,
(Paid-up Capital, Half a Million Sterling)

Issues Letters of Credit, free of charge, and Drafts on its Branches at the undermentioned places, viz.:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Port Elizabeth | Fort Beaufort. |
| Graham's Town. | Uitenhage. |
| Cape Town. | D'Urban. |
| Graaff Reinet. | Pietermaritzburg. |
| Colesberg. | King William's Town. |

Advances made against shipments of goods to the Cape Colonies.

Bills negotiated and sent for collection, and all banking business transacted.

Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum (payable half-yearly if desired) allowed on fixed deposits subject to twelve months' notice.

The rates for other periods may be known at the Head Office, No. 10 King William street, London, E.C.

By order of the Court,
WILLIAM MORRIS JAMES, Manager.

## THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA, and JAPAN (Limited),

1 Bank buildings, Lothbury, London.
Capital, £4,000,000.
Paid and to be called up, £1,000,000.

BANKERS.

The Bank of England.
The National Bank. | The Alliance Bank (Limited).

Branches and Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Kandy, Hong Kong, Shanghae, Yokohama, Singapore, Point de Galle, Manilla, Foo-chow, Ningpo, Hankow, and Kiu-Kiang.

Deposits received at ten days' notice, on the usual terms and for fixed periods, at rates subject to special agreement.

Drafts issued and Bills negotiated payable in India, China, &c.

Circular Notes and Letters of Credit, payable throughout Europe, are also issued, for the convenience of travellers per overland route.

The purchase and sale of Indian and other securities, and the sale custody of the same, undertaken. Dividends, pay, pensions, interest, or other moneys realised, and the registry of Indian Government loan notes effected, so that the interest may be paid in England. Every other description of Banking and Agency business in connection with India, China, &c., conducted on the most favourable terms.

J. OUSELEY, General Manager.

## EASTERN EXCHANGE BANK (Limited).

Head office—14 Cook street, Liverpool.
BRANCH—ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Capital subscribed | 800,000 |
| Paid and called up | 200,000 |

(With power to increase to two millions sterling).

This bank issues Drafts and Letters of Credit on its branch at Alexandria, and on its agents at Cairo, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Singapore, China, Colombo (Ceylon), New South Wales, Queensland, Tasmania, Victoria, South Australia, New Zealand, Cape Colonies, British Columbia, Vancouver's Island, San Francisco, and Brazil.

Bills negotiated and sent for collection.

Credits, for the purchase of produce, granted on terms which may be known on application.

Advances made against shipments of goods consigned to places where the Bank has Agents.

Current deposit accounts opened free of charge.

Deposits at interest received for fixed periods, or subject to a specified notice of withdrawal, at rates which may be ascertained at the office.

The bank effects the purchase and sale of Egyptian and Indian securities on favourable terms.

JOHN HENRY ETHERIDGE, General Manager.

## THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA—Incorporated by Royal Charter;

Paid-up Capital, One Million Sterling—GRANTS LETTERS of CREDIT on its Branches in Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick; on its Branch in Victoria, Vancouver's Island; and its Agents in New York and San Francisco, payable on presentation, free of charge.

Also purchases or forwards for collection Bills on America and Coupons for dividends on American Stocks, and undertakes the purchase and sale of stock and other money business in the British provinces and the United States.—By order of the Court,

C. M'NAB, Secretary.

7 St Helen's place, London.

## CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK of INDIA, LONDON, and CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid-up Capital, £750,000. Reserve Fund, £250,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Colombo | Penang | Hong Kong | Yokohama |
| Calcutta | Kandy | Singapore | Shanghai | Mauritius |
| Madras | Galle | | Hankow | |

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at the places above mentioned, issues Letters of Credit and Circular Notes for the use of Travellers by the Overland route, terms for which can be ascertained at the Head office in London.

The Bank will effect the purchase or sale of Indian Securities, undertakes the safe custody of same, and the receipt of Interest, Dividends, Pay, Pensions, and other Moneys for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

The Bank receives Money on Deposits, on which Interest will be allowed according to the length of time deposited. Particulars as to rates can be ascertained at the Head office, 52 Threadneedle street, London.

Office hours from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.; Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

No. 52 Threadneedle street, London, E.C.

## THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION are prepared to issue Drafts at

Sight on the Bank of California, San Francisco, the terms for which may ascertained at their office.

Threadneedle street, 27th of July, 1865.

## ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 30th Aug., 1851.
Paid-up capital, £1,500,000; reserved fund, £444,000.

The Corporation grant Drafts, and negotiate or collect Bills payable at,

BANKS, BRANCH BANKS, AND AGENCIES,

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay. | Madras. | Singapore. |
| Calcutta. | Mauritius. | Sydney, |
| Ceylon. | Melbourne. | Yokohama. |
| Hongkong. | Shanghai. | |

on terms which may be ascertained at their office. They also issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers by the Overland Route. They undertake the agency of parties connected with India, the purchase and sale of Indian Securities, the safe custody of Indian Government Paper, the receipt of Interest, Dividends, Pay, Pensions, &c., and the effecting of Remittances between the above-named dependencies.

They also receive Deposits of £100 and upwards, repayable on a notice of 10 days, and allow interest thereon at 1 per cent. below the Bank of England minimum rate of discount, rising and falling therewith, but not rising above 5 per cent. Deposits subject to longer notices of repayment bear higher rates, which may be ascertained at their office.

Office hours 10 to 3. Saturdays, 10 to 2.

Threadneedle street. London. 1865.

## BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Established 1817.

Incorporated by Act of the Colonial Legislature in 1850, and confirmed by Her Majesty in Council.

Capital, £1,000,000. Reserve Fund £333,336.

HEAD OFFICE—SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

The Board of Directors grant Letters of Credit, payable on demand, and Bills of Exchange at Three and Thirty Days' sight, on the undermentioned Establishments of the Corporation.

BRANCHES.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Maitland. | Tamworth. | Orange. |
| Newcastle. | Deniliquin. | Penrith. |
| Albury. | Windsor. | Goulbourn. |
| Bathurst. | Adelong & Gundagai Agency. | Wagga Wagga. |
| Mudgee. | | |

VICTORIA.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Melbourne | Sandhurst. | Chiltern Agency |
| Geelong. | Beechworth. | Inglewood. |
| Kyneton. | Ararat. | Creswick. |
| Castlemaine. | Maldon. | Linton. |
| Ballarat. | Wangarratta. | Echuca. |

QUEENSLAND.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Brisbane. | Rockhampton. | Bowen |
| Ipswich. | Toowoomba. | (Port Denison). |

NEW ZEALAND.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Auckland. | Christchurch. | Wanganui. |
| Wellington. | Dunedin. | Nelson. |
| Lyttelton. | Invercargill. | |

And also on the Commercial Bank of Van Diemen's Land at Hobart Town and Launceston.

The Directors also negotiate approved Bills of Exchange, and send them for collection, drawn on any of the Australian and New Zealand Colonies.

The Royal Bank of Scotland, Sanckey's Banking Company, the Manchester and Liverpool District Bank, the North and South Wales Bank, Birmingham Joint Stock Bank (Limited), and the National Bank in Ireland, are authorised to grant Credits on this Bank at the several establishments in Australia and New Zealand, and will negotiate bills drawn on these Colonies.—By order of the London Board,

JOHN CURRIE, Secretary.

37 Cannon street, City.

## LONDON AND MEDITERRANEAN BANK (Limited),

9 King's Arms yard, Moorgate street, London E.C.
Branch Offices—Alexandria, Egypt, and 9 Rue des Arcades, Marseilles.
Capital £2,000,000, in 100,000 shares of £20 each.

This Company undertakes every description of Banking and Agency Business, at Marseilles and Alexandria.

Money received on Deposit at 5 per cent., for periods of not less than three months, and for other periods at rates to be arranged.—By order of the Board,

W. E. FOWLER, Manager.

## DELHI AND LONDON BANK (Limited).

Head Office—76 King William street.
Branches in Calcutta, Bombay, Delhi, Allahabad, Lucknow, Mussoorie, Jubbulpore, and Darjeeling.
Capital £1,000,000, in 20,000 shares of £50 each.
5,000 shares of £50 each are now being issued.
BANKERS—The Union Bank of London.

Deposits received at ten days' notice at one per cent. below Bank of England rates; also at fixed rates of interest, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal.

Bills and Letters of Credit are issued on the several branches in India, and approved Bills are purchased or sent out for collection.

The purchase and sale of English, Indian, and other securities are undertaken, also their safe custody. Pay, pensions, and dividends drawn, and every description of banking business transacted.

J. C. PARRY, General Manager.

## THE IMPERIAL OTTOMAN BANK,

CONSTANTINOPLE.
(Capital £2,700,000, paid-up £1,350,000)
Branches at Smyrna Beyrout, and Salonica, and Agencies at Galatz, Bucharest, Larnaca (Cyprus), Paris, and London.

The London Agency receives money on deposit for fixed periods at rates to be agreed upon. It grants credits on Constantinople, Smyrna, Beyrout, Salonica, Galatz, Bucharest, and Larnaca; purchases or collects bills drawn on those places, and undertakes the negotiation of all Turkish Government Securities and the collection of the coupons.

The London Agency will also execute orders through the Branches of the Imperial Ottoman Bank at Salonica and Smyrna for the purchase of produce, such as Cotton, Wool, Silk, Madder roots, Valonea, Opium, Grain, &c.

Terms may be ascertained on application at the offices of the London Agency, No. 4 Bank buildings, Lothbury.

R. A. BRENAN, Manager.

## COMMERCIAL BANKING

COMPANY of SYDNEY, NEW SOUTH WALES.
Incorporated by Act of the Colonial Legislature.
London Office, No. 33 Cornhill.
LONDON BOARD.
John Gilchrist, Esq. | Frederick Parbury, Esq.
Edwin Brett, Esq.

Letters of Credit and Bills of Exchange are drawn by the London office on Sydney, and the following branches in New South Wales, viz., Albury, Armidale Bathurst, Burrangong, Carcoar, Cooma, Goulburn Kiama, Maitland, Morpeth, Muswellbrook, Orange, Parramatta, Queanbeyan, Wellington, and Yass; and also on Brisbane (Moreton Bay), Dalby, Gayndah, and Maryborough (Wide Bay), in the Colony of Queensland.

Drafts on the Australian Colonies are negotiated or collected, and every description of banking business with Australia transacted on the most favourable terms through the above-named establishments of the Bank in New South Wales, and its agents in Victoria, South Australia, and Tasmania.

EDWIN BRETT, Manager.
No. 33 Cornhill, London, E.C.

## THE JOINT STOCK DISCOUNT

COMPANY (Limited), 6 and 7 Nicholas lane, Lombard street, London, E.C.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS.
PAID UP, £794,000. RESERVE FUND, £30,000.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Repayable on demand ..... | 3 | per cent. | per annum. |
| Ditto at 7 days' notice ... | 3½ | — | — |
| Ditto 14 days' notice... | 3¾ | — | — |

Special rates for money deposited for long periods.
August 31, 1865.

## THE LONDON FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION (Limited).

| CAPITAL. | £ |
|---|---|
| Subscribed..... | 2,000,000 |
| Paid up ..... | 600,000 |
| Reserve fund..... | 85,625 |

DIRECTORS.
JOHN HACKBLOCK, Esq., Chairman.

| | |
|---|---|
| John Borradaile, Esq. | William Rennie, Esq. |
| James Fraser, Esq. | Michel E. Rodocanachi, Esq. |
| J. E. C. Koch, Esq. | William Turquand, Esq. |
| Henry Pauli, Esq., M.P. | John Walker, Esq. |

BANKERS.
Bank of England, The City Bank.
The Imperial Bank.
MANAGER—Augustus Wildy, Esq.
SECRETARY—John Henry Koch, Esq.

This Association negotiates Public Loans, and conducts Monetary and Financial operations.

It undertakes the sale and purchase of Railway Shares, Debentures, and other securities, and makes advances thereon.

Money received at interest, FOR FIXED PERIODS, on liberal terms.

Debentures of the Association, bearing interest at 5 per cent., payable half-yearly, are issued for periods of three, five, or seven years. Forms of application to be had at Office.

All letters and communications to be addressed "To the Secretary."—By order,

JOHN H. KOCH, Secretary.
South Sea house, Threadneedle street, London.

## THE CONSOLIDATED DISCOUNT

COMPANY (Limited),
4 Abchurch lane, London.
BANKERS.
The London and Westminster Bank.
The Bank of England.

Deposits of Ten Pounds and upwards received.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Interest allowed on deposit at call ..... | 3 | pr cent | |
| — — 7 days' notice | 3½ | — | |
| — — 14 days' notice | 3¾ | — | |

If for for fixed periods, special arrangements will be made. SAMUEL BAKER, Managing Director.

## DEBENTURES AT 5. 5½, AND 6 PER CENT

CEYLON COMPANY (LIMITED).
Subscribed Capital, £700,000.
DIRECTORS.
CHAIRMAN—Lawford Acland, Esq.

| | |
|---|---|
| Major-General Henry Pelham Burn. | Duncan James Kay, Esq. |
| Harry George Gordon, Esq. | Stephen P. Kennard, Esq. |
| George Ireland, Esq. | P. F. Robertson, Esq., M.P |
| | Robert Smith, Esq. |

MANAGER—C. J. Braine, Esq.

The Directors are prepared to ISSUE DEBENTURES for one, three, and five years, at 5, 5½, and 6 per cent. respectively.

They are also prepared to invest money on mortgage Ceylon and Mauritius, either with or without the arantee of the Company, as may be arranged.

Applications for particulars to be made at the office the Company, No. 7 East India Avenue, Leadenhall street, London, E.C.—By order,

JOHN ANDERSON, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. DEBENTURES.

## THE TRUST AND LOAN

COMPANY of UPPER CANADA.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
ESTABLISHED 1851.
Capital £1,000,000.
Paid up, £250,000. Uncalled, £750,000.
Reserve fund, £61,000.
DIRECTORS.
The Right Hon. Edward Pleydell Bouverie, M.P., President.
William Chapman, Esq., Deputy Chairman.

| | |
|---|---|
| James Hutchinson, Esq. | William G. Thomson, Esq. |
| Charles Morrison, Esq. | T. M. Weguelin, Esq., M.P |

BANKERS—Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co.

This Company is now issuing debentures for 3, 4, or 5 years, bearing 6 per cent., and for longer periods, 5 per cent. interest, payable at Messrs Glyn, Mills, Currie, and Co., on 1st January and 1st July. Applications to be made to the Secretary. F. FEARON, Secretary.
65 Moorgate street, London.

## THE IMPERIAL MERCANTILE CREDIT ASSOCIATION (Limited).

Capital subscribed, £5,000,000. Paid up, £500,000.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
CHAIRMAN—John Chapman, Esq.

| | |
|---|---|
| Xenophon Balli, Esq. | Capt J. Gilbert Johnston |
| E. J. Coleman, Esq. | G. G. Macpherson, Esq. |
| Mr Alderman Dakin | W. Scholefield, Esq., M.P. |
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| P. D. Hadow, Esq. | H. D. Seymour, Esq., M.P. |
| J. O. Hanson, Esq. | Joseph Thornton, Esq. |
| G. F. Holroyd, Esq. | Alfred Wilson, Esq. |
| J. G. Homère Esq. | M. Zariff, Esq. |

MANAGERS.
Henry J. Barker, Esq., and T. Fraser Sandeman, Esq.
SOLICITORS.
Messrs Ashurst, Morris, and Co.; and Messrs Edwards and Co.

This Association makes Advances on Approved Securities.

Negotiates Loans, and undertakes General Financial Business.

Deposits received for periods of One Year and upwards, at a fixed rate of interest; and for shorter periods, or subject to a specified notice of withdrawal, on terms regulated by the fluctuations of the general Money Market.

W. C. WINTERBOTTOM, Secretary.
27 Lombard street, E.C.

## THE GENERAL CREDIT AND FINANCE COMPANY of LONDON (Limited).

Capital, nominal, £10,000,000.
First and second issue, subscribed, £5,000,000.
Paid-up, £1,000,000.
Reserve, £125,000.
DIRECTORS.
CHAIRMAN—Samuel Laing, Esq., M.P. (late Finance Minister of India).
W. P. Andrew, Esq. (Chairman Scinde, Punjaub, and Delhi Railways).
Samuel Beale, Esq., Warfield grove, Reading.
E. Blount, Esq. (E. Blount and Co., Bankers, Paris).
T. Brassey, Esq., Jun., 4 Great George st., Westminster.
Alexander Devaux, Esq. (Messrs C. Devaux and Co.).
Sir S. A. Donaldson, late Colonial Secretary of New South Wales.
J. T. Mackenzie, Esq., Deputy-Chairman of Eastern Bengal Railway.
John Bramley Moore, Esq., Liverpool.
Samuel Leo Schuster, Esq. (Messrs Schuster, Son, & Co.).
Charles Turner, Esq., M.P., Liverpool.
George Worms, Esq. (Messrs G. and A. Worms).
GENERAL MANAGER—James Macdonald, Esq.
BANKERS.
The London and Westminster Bank.
The Union Bank of London.

The Company receives deposits for short periods at the ordinary rates, and for longer periods according to agreement.

Makes advances on approved securities, negotiates loans, &c.

R. J. BUTLER, Secretary.
27 Austin Friars, E.C.

SIX PER CENT. GUARANTEED PREFERENCE STOCK.
(Both Principal and Interest Guaranteed.)

## THE SCOTTISH AUSTRALIAN INVESTMENT COMPANY (Limited).

Established in 1840.

The Directors of this Company are now prepared to receive Applications for further Allotments of this STOCK at par, which will be inscribed on the books of the Company in the names of allottees free of stamp duty or other charge.

The Stock is to be paid for by instalments: the dividend will begin to accrue from the days when the instalments are paid. Interest at five per cent. per annum will be allowed on instalments paid in advance of their due dates.

The Ordinary Stock of the Company is £300,000, fully paid-up. The dividends paid on that stock since the commencement have averaged ten per cent. per annum.

Forms of Application and all further particulars may be obtained from Sir R. W. Carden and Co., Stock Brokers, Royal Exchange buildings; at the European Bank, 33 King William street, London; or from the Secretary of the Company.—By order of the Directors,

C. GRAINGER, Secretary.

Offices: 1 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street, London, E.C., 1st August, 1865.

## SOUTH DEVON SLAB AND SLATE COMPANY (Limited).

Dividend of 7½ per cent. declared 9th August, and reliable prospects of greatly increasing dividends.

Fifty shares to be sold at a great sacrifice owing to the death of late holder. No further call intended, £4 6s being paid out of £5. Apply to Mr Newcomb, 8 Sutherland street, Pimlico, S.W.

## CONVERSION AND UNIFICATION of the TURKISH INTERNAL DEBTS.

Bonds are received at the offices of the undersigned from 11 to 2 o'clock (except on Saturdays) for examination, verification and Conversion into Stock of the 5 per Cent. General Debt of the Ottoman Empire, at the following rates of exchange:—

For 100 Medjidies of Consolidés there will be delivered £110 sterling of the Bonds of the General Debt.
For 100 M. of Tahvilati Mumtaze, £130 General Debt.
For 11,000 Piastres of Ou Senetiks, £100 General Debt.

At these rates the Conversion will remain open till 14th November, after which Bonds will be convertible only for six weeks and at a reduction of 10 per cent.

Full details at the offices.

For the General Credit and Finance Company of London, 27 Austinfriars, Agents for the Contractors,

JAMES MACDONALD, General Manager.

## CEYLON GOVERNMENT 6 PER CENT. LOAN, £1,000,000.

Authorised by an Ordnance passed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, No. 19 of 1862, intituled "An Ordnance for raising One million sterling on Debentures for the construction of a Railway from Colombo to Kandy."

Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies having directed the undersigned to negotiate, on behalf of the Government of Ceylon, the loan authorised by the Ordnance above cited, they hereby give notice that they will be prepared to receive Tenders until 1 o'clock P.M., on the 14th proximo, for Debentures to the extent of £100,000, being the second instalment thereof.

The Debenture Bonds, with interest coupons attached, payable to bearer, will be issued in sums of £500, £300, £200, and £100.

The principal will be repaid by means of a "Sinking Fund," in November, 1872, and interest, commencing from the 15th instant, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, will be paid on the 15th of May and 15th November in each year.

The principal and interest are secured on the general revenues of the Colony, and will be made payable in London at the Offices of the Agents for the Loan.

Applications in accordance with the annexed form, endorsed "Tender for Ceylon Loan," will be received by the undersigned till 1 P.M. on Thursday, the 14th September next, and then opened at their offices, in the presence of such of the applicants as may be pleased to attend.

The highest tenders will be accepted, provided the rates offered are not below the minimum, which will be placed in a sealed paper on the table before the tenders are opened.

Tenders at a price including a fraction of a shilling, other than sixpence, will not be accepted; and in the event of an equality of tenders beyond the amount to be disposed of, a pro rata distribution on such tenders will be made.

Five per cent. of the purchase money must be paid into the Bank of England on the 15th, and the balance on or before the 25th of September, 1865.

Debenture Bonds will be issued to the purchasers on production of the bank receipts for the money.

Forms of Tender, with full particulars of the financial condition of the Colony, may be had on application to the undersigned Agents for the Loan.

PENROSE G. JULYAN, } Crown Agents
W. C. SARGEAUNT, } for the Colonies.

Offices of the Crown Agents for the Colonies,
Spring gardens, London, 29th August, 1865.

FORM OF TENDER.

To the Crown Agents for the Colonies,
Spring gardens, London.

Gentlemen,—I hereby tender for the following portion of the Ceylon Government 6 per Cent. Loan, authorised by Ordnance No. 19 of 1862, subject to the conditions contained in your advertisement of the 29th August, 1865, viz.:—

Debentures to the extent of £ for which I undertake to pay at the rate of in money for every £100 in Debentures.

Name.....
Profession or Occupation.....
Address.....
Date .....

# New Books.

**LAURIE'S TABLES OF SIMPLE** INTEREST for EVERY DAY in the YEAR, at 5, 4½, 4, 3½, 3, and 2½ per cent., from £1 to £1,000. Twenty-ninth Edition. 8vo. 21s.

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By JOHN OGILVIE, LL.D.
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Messrs Vacher and Sons beg to announce that the New and Enlarged Edition of the DIGEST OF STAMP DUTIES is just published, including the amended Duties of the last Session of Parliament.

Sixth Edition. Seven shillings.
London, 29 Parliament street, August, 1865.

NEW EDITION.—POST FREE.

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Explaining the only effectual mode of supplying Artificial Teeth without pain, to answer in every particular the purpose of natural masticators.

These Teeth are supplied on the principle of capillary attraction and suction, thus dispensing entirely with springs, and are supplied at moderate charges.

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City Establishment:—36 Ludgate hill.
(Four doors from the railway bridge).
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Messrs GABRIEL guarantee every case they undertake.

**IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.—** JOSEPH GILLOTT, METALLIC PEN MAKER to the QUEEN, begs to inform the commercial world, scholastic institutions, and the public generally, that by a novel application of his unrivalled machinery for making steel pens, he has introduced a new series of his useful productions, which, for the excellence of temper quality of material, and, above all, cheapness in price, must ensure universal approbation and defy competition

Each pen bears the impress of his name as a guarantee of quality; they are put up in boxes containing one gross each, with lable outside, and the fac-simile of his signature.

At the request of numerous persons engaged in tuition, J. G. has introduced his warranted school and public pens, which are especially adapted to their use, being of different degrees of flexibility, and with fine, medium, and broad points, suitable for the various kinds of writing taught in schools.

Sold retail by all stationers and booksellers. Merchants and wholesale dealers can be supplied at the works, Graham street, Birmingham; at 91 John street, New York; and at 37 Gracechurch street, London.

**NEW THEATRE ROYAL ADELPHI,** Sole Proprietor and Manager, Mr B. Webster.

Re-open for the Season. First Appearance of Mr Jefferson in a new Drama written expressly for him by Dion Boucicault, Esq., called RIP VAN WINKLE, or, THE SLEEP OF TWENTY YEARS.

On Monday, and during the week, GOOD FOR NOTHING. Mrs Mellon, and Mr Felix Rogers. At 8, RIP VAN WINKLE; or, The Sleep of Twenty Years. Rip, Mr Jefferson, supported by Messrs P. Bedford, R. Phillips, Billington, Felix Rogers, Ashley, Eburne, C. J. Smith: Mrs Billington and Miss H. Simms. And the WIDOW'S VICTIMS. Mr Felix Rogers, and Miss Jenny Willmore. Commence at 7.

**ROYAL POLYTECHNIC.** Patron, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

The marvellous birds, Mdlle. Emilie Van der Meersh, from Paris, every morning and evening, at half-past 3 and half-past 8—Wonderful Proteus, and Professor Pepper, with Burton's Mecca and Medina, at 2.30 and 7.38—Musical entertainment, at 4 and 9—King's lectures—Railway models and other scientific entertainments. Admission 1s. Open 12 to 5, and 7 to 10.

MERSEY DOCK ESTATE.
LOANS OF MONEY.

**THE MERSEY DOCKS AND** HARBOUR BOARD hereby give notice, that they are willing to receive LOANS of MONEY on the security of their Bonds, at the rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings per centum per annum interest, for periods of Three, Five, or Seven Years.

Interest Warrants for the whole term, payable half-yearly at the Bankers of the Board in Liverpool, or in London, will be issued with each bond.

Communications to be addressed to George J. Jefferson, Esq., Treasurer, Dock Office, Liverpool.—By order of the Board, JOHN HARRISON, Secretary.

Dock office, Liverpool, July 20, 1865.

**EAST INDIAN RAILWAY** COMPANY.

Chord Line from the Barrakur to Luckeeserai, with a Branch to the Kurhurbalee Coal Fields, about 148 miles.

The East Indian Railway Company will be prepared on the 9th November next to receive Tenders for the construction of the above work.

Plans, sections, drawings, and specification of the work to be erected, together with the general conditions of contract, may be seen at the Company's Offices, on and after the 2nd October next, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock. A copy of the specification, &c., may be had on payment of £5 5s.

Tenders, in sealed envelopes, and marked on the outside, "Tender for the Chord Line," &c., must be delivered to the Secretary, in terms of the specification, on the 9th of November next. The Company is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.—By order of the Board, D. I. NOAD, Secretary.

East Indian Railway House, Alderman's walk,
New Broad street, London, 27th July, 1865.

**EAST INDIAN RAILWAY** COMPANY.

J EXTENSION SHARES, £15 PAID.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a Resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the Proprietors of J Extension Shares in the East Indian Railway Company are requested to pay the fifth and final call of £3 per share, on each of their respective shares, on or before the 10th day of October, 1865, at the Public Drawing Office of the Bank of England.

Notice is hereby further given, that Proprietors whose calls are not paid on or before the day named, will be charged with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the amount called up on each share for the time the said call may remain in arrear, and will incur a loss of interest on the same amount for the period intervening between the 10th October aforesaid, and the date at which the Company is entitled, under the contract, to make the next payment to the Secretary of State for India in Council on account of the capital, and that if default is made in payment of this call, the shares in respect of which default is made, will become liable to forfeiture under the Company's deed of settlement.—By Order of the Board,

D. I. NOAD, Secretary.

East Indian Railway House, Alderman's walk,
New Broad street, 31st August, 1865.

**THOMAS TURTON AND SONS,** Manufacturers of CAST STEEL for cutters, punches, taps and dies, turning tools, chisels, &c. CAST STEEL piston rods, crank pins, connecting rods, straight and crank axles, shafts, and forgings of every description. FILES marked T. Turton. Superior to any other make. (See results of trial in the Times, July 26, 1851.) TOOLS of all kinds, for engineers, railways, contractors, &c., &c. EDGE TOOLS marked Wm. Greaves and Sons. Electro-Boracic steel, warranted to wear out three tools made of cast steel. DOUBLE SHEAR STEEL, BLISTER STEEL, SPRING STEEL, GERMAN STEEL. Springs, buffers, and cast steel tyres for locomotive engines, railway carriages, and waggons. SHEAF WORKS and SPRING WORKS, SHEFFIELD.

London Warehouse, 35 Queen street, City
Paris Warehouse, 10 Rue du Grand, Chantier.
New York Store, 102 John street.

Where the largest stock of steel, files, tools, &c., &c., may be selected from.

**ALLSOPP'S PALE OR BITTER** ALE.—Messrs SAMUEL ALLSOPP and SONS beg to inform the Trade, that they are now registering orders for the March Brewings of their Pale Ale in Casks of 18 Gallons and upwards, at the Brewery Burton-on-Trent; and at the undermentioned Branch Establishments.—

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| LONDON | At 61 King William st, E.C. |
| BRIGHTON | At 6 Marine Parade. |
| LIVERPOOL | At Cook street. |
| MANCHESTER | At Ducie place. |
| LEEDS | At Commercial buildings. |
| BIRMINGHAM | At Upper Temple street. |
| DERBY | At the London road. |
| LEICESTER | At 52 Granby street. |
| WOLVERHAMPTON | At Exchange street. |
| SHEFFIELD | At Exchange buildings. |
| NOTTINGHAM | At Maypole yard |
| CHESTERFIELD | At the Low Pavement. |
| STOKE-UPON-TRENT | At Wharf street. |
| DUDLEY | At Burnt Tree. |
| WORCESTER | At the Cross. |
| BATH | At 5 Edgar buildings. |
| SOUTH WALES | At King street, Bristol |
| DUBLIN | At Crampton quay. |
| CORK | At Cook street. |
| EDINBURGH | At 47 North bridge. At 11 Union street lane. |
| GLASGOW | At St Vincent street. |
| PARIS | At 279 Rue St Honoré |

Messrs ALLSOPP and SONS take the opportunity of announcing to private families that their Ales, so strongly recommended by the medical profession, may be procured in Casks and Bottles, and on Draught, genuine, from all the most respectable wine and beer merchants and licensed victuallers, on "ALLSOPP'S PALE ALE" being especially asked for.

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March 1. 1865, 9 Great Winchester street, E.C.

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DESPATCH BOXES, WRITING and DRESSING CASES, and 500 other articles for home or continental travelling. Illustrated catalogues by post free.

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2nd. It is portable, being packed in rolls, and not liable to damage in carriage.

3rd. It effects a saving of half the timber usually required.

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5th. From its lightness, weighing only about 42 lbs to the square of 100 feet, the cost of carriage is small.

INODOROUS FELT, for damp walls and for damp floors, under carpets and floor cloths; also for lining iron houses, to equalise the temperature.

Price ONE PENNY PER SQUARE FOOT.

CROGGON and CO'S PATENT FELTED SHEATHING for Covering Ships' Bottoms, &c., and

DRY HAIR FELT, for Covering Steam Boilers, Pipes, &c., preventing the radiation of Heat, and saving 25 per cent. of Fuel.

Samples, testimonials, and full instructions on application to CROGGON and CO, 2 Dowgate hill, London and at 2 Goree Piazzas, Liverpool.

SUPPLEMENT TO

# The Economist.

[GRATIS.]

## ACCOUNTS RELATING TO TRADE AND NAVIGATION FOR THE SEVEN MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 1865.

### 1.—Imports and Consumption of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1865, compared with the corresponding Period of 1864.

#### 1st—Articles Free of Duty.

| Articles. | Quantities Imported. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Animals, Living—Oxen, Bulls, & Cows...No. | 64,186 | 92,116 |
| Calves | 23,896 | 27,475 |
| Sheep and Lambs | 189,334 | 322,074 |
| Swine and Hogs | 26,609 | 49,422 |
| Ashes, Pearl and Pot ....cwts | 60,416 | 74,046 |
| Bark for tanners' or dyers' use | 170,526 | 180,508 |
| Peruvian | 12,159 | 8,737 |
| Bones burnt or not, or as animal charcoal, tons | 35,758 | 33,759 |
| Brimstone ....cwts | 447,581 | 510,163 |
| Bristles ....lbs | 773,285 | 846,591 |
| Caoutchouc ....cwts | 33,024 | 44,761 |
| Clocks and Watches—Clocks ....No. | 177,434 | 129,082 |
| Watches | 77,247 | 86,814 |
| Cotton, raw—From United States....cwts | 98.824 | 82,963 |
| Bahamas and Bermuda | 186,858 | 155,833 |
| Mexico | 157,086 | 249,509 |
| Brazil | 218,070 | 268,767 |
| Turkey | 138,558 | 155,826 |
| Egypt | 796,853 | 904,319 |
| British East Indies | 1,889,997 | 1,411,296 |
| China | 483,328 | 256,928 |
| Other countries | 155,050 | 208,621 |
| Total | 4,124,624 | 3,694,062 |
| Cotton manufactures ....£ | 510,619 | 405,889 |
| Cream of Tartar....cwts | 27,899 | 28,156 |
| Dyes & Dyeing Stuffs—Brazil wood.... tons | 1,504 | 2,352 |
| Cochineal....cwts | 9,673 | 9,361 |
| Indigo | 43,469 | 41,788 |
| Logwood .... tons | 21,504 | 15,165 |
| Madder and Madder Root ....cwts | 150,653 | 110,416 |
| Garancine | 29,008 | 13,519 |
| Shumac .... tons | 6,803 | 5,183 |
| Terra Japonica | 5,765 | 5,629 |
| Cutch | 875 | 823 |
| Valonia | 12,758 | 9,954 |
| Elephant's Teeth .... cwts | 5,048 | 4,196 |
| Flax (dressed and undressed), and Tow or | | |
| Codilla of Flax—From Russia | 728,431 | 522,560 |
| Holland | 130,585 | 130,909 |
| Belgium | 104,887 | 122,270 |

| Articles. | Quantities Imported. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Flax (*con.*)—Other countries | 129,850 | 46,941 |
| Total | 1,093,753 | 822,680 |
| Fruit—Lemons and Oranges ....bush | 889,758 | 962,221 |
| Glass ....cwts | 167,458 | 202,642 |
| Goats' Hair or Wool ....lbs | 1,441,328 | 1,613,428 |
| Manufactures of Goats' Hair or Wool....£ | 119,251 | 112,314 |
| Guano ....tons | 53,314 | 128,762 |
| Gum shellac ....cwts | 10,798 | 13,891 |
| Gutta percha | 11,695 | 12,679 |
| Hemp (dressed and undressed) and Tow or | | |
| Codilla of Hemp—From Russia ....cwts | 191,428 | 123,315 |
| Austrian Territories | 111,151 | 79,022 |
| British India | 33,636 | 5,731 |
| Philippine Islands | 98,076 | 145,562 |
| Other countries | 32,802 | 33,542 |
| Total | 467,093 | 387,172 |
| China Grass, Jute, and other vegetable substances of the nature of Hemp | 1,391,372 | 684,367 |
| Hides, untanned—Dry—From Brit. E. Indies | 56,118 | 62,902 |
| Other countries....cwts | 42,360 | 44,979 |
| Total | 98,478 | 107,881 |
| Wet—From Argentine Confederation and Uruguay | 110,284 | 74,452 |
| Brazil | 18,595 | 66,770 |
| Australia | 79,945 | 74,733 |
| Other countries | 59,745 | 94,544 |
| Total | 268,569 | 310,499 |
| Hides, tanned, tawed, curried, or dressed (except Russia Hides)....lbs | 2,498,371 | 3,594 381 |
| Hops ....cwts | 61,298 | 43,393 |
| Leather Manufactures—Boots, shoes, and goloshes, of all kinds ....pairs | 122,299 | 128,208 |
| Boot fronts | 120,036 | 20,880 |
| Gloves | 6,060,030 | 5,079,744 |
| Metals—Copper ore ....tons | 36,272 | 44,163 |
| Copper regulus | 15,699 | 18,745 |
| Copper, unwrought and part wrought | 237,280 | 195,060 |

| Articles. | Quantities Imported. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Metals (*con.*)—Iron, in bars, unwrought, tons | 17,610 | 13,565 |
| Steel, unwrought | 3,481 | 2,017 |
| Lead, pig and sheet | 16,521 | 16,830 |
| Spelter | 17,466 | 15,277 |
| Tin, in blocks, ingots, bars, or slabs, cwts | 28,095 | 40,784 |
| Silver ore....£ | 141,928 | 227,993 |
| Oil—Petroleum—From U.S. of America. tuns | 6,538 | 2,026 |
| British North America | 4 | 15 |
| British India | 326 | 281 |
| Other countries | 1,025 | 1,330 |
| Total | 7,893 | 3,652 |
| Train, blubber, and spermaceti | 4,924 | 5,144 |
| Palm ....cwts | 300,199 | 354,043 |
| Cocoa-nut | 184,071 | 106,734 |
| Olive ....tuns | 8,173 | 15,847 |
| Seed oil, of all kinds | 5,737 | 5,504 |
| Oil of Turpentine ....cwts | 54,113 | 42,103 |
| Oil seed cakes....tons | 45,164 | 51,595 |
| Paper for Printing or Writing....tons | 79,224 | 79,130 |
| Other kinds, except paper hangings | 42,622 | 47,890 |
| Total | 121,846 | 127,020 |
| Potatoes ....cwts | 363,617 | 544,052 |
| Provisions—Bacon and Hams....cwts | 853,485 | 464,268 |
| Beef, salt | 236,109 | 143,850 |
| Pork, salt | 148,908 | 113,520 |
| Butter | 490,357 | 554,405 |
| Cheese | 289,317 | 326,456 |
| Eggs....No. | 207,790,320 | 233,706,240 |
| Lard....cwts | 125,336 | 81,140 |
| Pyrites....tons | 84,258 | 97,317 |
| Quicksilver ....lbs | 2,546,614 | 448,906 |
| Rags and other materials for making Paper —Linen and cotton rags....tons | 10,059 | 7,319 |
| Esparto and other vegetable fibre | 27,856 | 27,341 |
| Other materials for making paper | 431 | 209 |
| Total | 38,326 | 34,869 |

| Articles. | Quantities Imported. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Rice not in the husk .....cwts | 722,413 | 325,031 |
| Rosin | 173,840 | 193,181 |
| Saltpetre | 190,508 | 82,300 |
| Cubic Nitre | 423,417 | 480,488 |
| Seeds—Cotton .....tons | 40,385 | 69,536 |
| Clover | 172,661 | 111,648 |
| Flaxseed and Linseed — From Russia, Northern ports.....qrs | 119,429 | 53,204 |
| Ports in the Black Sea | 86,612 | 139 819 |
| British East Indies | 378,730 | 358,542 |
| Other countries | 78,324 | 59,398 |
| Total | 663,095 | 610,963 |
| Rape | 82,014 | 53,816 |
| Silk—Raw—From China.....lbs | 376,010 | 90,564 |
| British East Indies | 69,559 | 4,260 |
| Egypt (chiefly in transit from India and China) | 1,557,054 | 1,971,732 |
| Other countries | 876,071 | 789,997 |
| Total | 2,878,694 | 2,856,553 |
| Waste, Knubs, and Husks .....cwts | 15,753 | 16,575 |
| Thrown—From France .....lbs | 19,090 | 8,444 |
| China | ... | ... |

| Articles. | Quantities Imported. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Silk—Thrown (*con.*)—Other countries | 4,874 | 4,125 |
| Total | 23,964 | 12,569 |
| Silk Manufactures of Europe—Broad stuffs —From Belgium .....lbs | 71,448 | 94,547 |
| France | 943,368 | 891,726 |
| Other countries | 4,858 | 15,999 |
| Total | 1,019,674 | 1,002,272 |
| Ribbons—Silk or Satin—From France | 267,404 | 344,788 |
| Other countries | 23,373 | 41,424 |
| Total | 290,777 | 386,212 |
| Gauze or crape .....lbs | 650 | 340 |
| Velvet or plush—From Belgium .....lbs | 85,741 | 89,586 |
| Other countries | 8,164 | 10,560 |
| Total | 93,905 | 100,146 |
| Plush for making hats | 53,162 | 53,130 |
| Silk Manufactures of India—Bandannas, corahs, choppas, Tussore cloths, Romals, and Taffaties .....pieces | 39,653 | 41,769 |
| Spices—Cinnamon .....lbs | 368,785 | 493,970 |
| Ginger.....cwts | 16,872 | 24,210 |

| Articles. | Quantities Imported. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Spices (*con.*)—Nutmegs .....lbs | 467,592 | 213,033 |
| Pimento .....cwts | 35,459 | 18,508 |
| Tallow—From Russia.....cwts | 27,870 | 30,115 |
| Australia | 32,857 | 48,657 |
| South America | 65,779 | 131,800 |
| Other countries | 157,075 | 97,047 |
| Total | 283,581 | 307,619 |
| Tar .....lasts | 2,679 | 941 |
| Turpentine, common.....cwts | 16,173 | 20,175 |
| Wool, sheep and lambs'—From Hanse Towns and other parts of Europe .....lbs | 16,004,402 | 11,558,481 |
| British Posessions in South Africa | 9,014,684 | 12,075,152 |
| British East Indies | 5,740,096 | 7,049,204 |
| Australia | 61,144,369 | 72,506,701 |
| Other countries | 9,610,740 | 10,658,610 |
| Total | 101514291 | 113848148 |
| Wool, Alpaca and the Llama tribe | 1,241,192 | 1,323,862 |
| Woollen rags, torn up to be used as wool | 12,946,080 | 11,302,592 |
| Woollen manufactures—Not made up ...£ | 869,232 | 814,559 |
| Shawls, scarfs, and handkerchiefs .....lbs | 108,693 | 76,703 |
| Woollen and worsted yarn | 2,745,122 | 2,197,630 |
| Yeast, dried.....cwts | 65,470 | 67,424 |

2nd—Articles Subject to Duty.

| Articles. | Imported. 1864 | 1865 | Entd. for Home Consump. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cocoa .....lbs | 4,586,181 | 5,446,826 | 2,466,875 | 2,623,716 |
| Coffee—From Ceylon | 36,972,517 | 38,259,126 | 14,348,781 | 11,424,405 |
| Other British possessions | 3,644,952 | 9,125,492 | 3,250,757 | 4,804,152 |
| Brazil | 5,549,388 | 5,974,125 | 68,947 | 40,666 |
| Central America | 1,614,455 | 3,367,119 | 702,590 | 1,101,200 |
| Other countries | 2,655,068 | 4,684,493 | 286,924 | 479,869 |
| Total | 50,436,380 | 61,410,355 | 18,657,999 | 17,850,292 |
| Corn*—Wheat—From Russia.....cwts | 1,603,580 | 3,510,434 | 1,603,580 | 3,510,434 |
| Prussia | 2,746,198 | 2,729,900 | 2,746,198 | 2,729,900 |
| Denmark | 469,425 | 297,112 | 469,425 | 297,112 |
| Schleswig, Holstein, and Lauenburg | 181,896 | 159,211 | 181,896 | 159,211 |
| Mecklenburg | 358,254 | 312,333 | 358,254 | 312,333 |
| Hanse Towns | 384,761 | 267,991 | 384,761 | 267,991 |
| France | 437,394 | 678,791 | 437,394 | 678,791 |
| Turkey and Wallachia and Moldavia | 273,238 | 407,469 | 273,238 | 407,469 |
| Egypt | 366,856 | ... | 366,856 | ... |
| United States | 5,062,724 | 405,307 | 5,062,724 | 405,307 |
| British North America | 405,375 | 101,594 | 405,375 | 101,594 |
| Other countries | 262,583 | 670,607 | 262,583 | 670,607 |
| Total | 12,552,284 | 9,540,749 | 12,552,284 | 9,540,749 |

| Articles. | Imported. 1864 | 1865 | Entd. for Home Consump. 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Barley .....cwts | 2,712,729 | 4,826,996 | 2,712,729 | 4,826,996 |
| Oats | 2,320,147 | 4,168,601 | 2,320,147 | 4,168,601 |
| Peas | 532,435 | 282,205 | 532,435 | 282,205 |
| Beans | 508,380 | 493,605 | 508,380 | 493,605 |
| Indian Corn, or Maize | 1,408,500 | 2,645,872 | 1,408,500 | 2,645,872 |
| Wheatmeal & Flour—From Hanse Towns cwts | 204,433 | 140,041 | 204,433 | 140,041 |
| France | 1,391,363 | 1,409,217 | 1,391,363 | 1,409,217 |
| United States | 1,214,343 | 150,188 | 1,214,343 | 150,188 |
| British North America | 211,828 | 70,464 | 211,828 | 70,464 |
| Other countries | 68,715 | 83,899 | 68,715 | 83,899 |
| Total | 3,090,682 | 1,853,809 | 3,090,682 | 1,853,809 |
| Indian Corn Meal | 2,989 | 4,847 | 2,989 | 4,847 |
| Fruit—Currants.....cwts | 84,011 | 174,739 | 314,571 | 337,521 |
| Raisins | 18,256 | 31,881 | 67,807 | 72,384 |
| Mahogany .....tons | 26,515 | 25,636 | 26,515 | 25,636 |
| Spices—Pepper .....lbs | 3,841,421 | 8,723,215 | 2,522,758 | 2,462,523 |
| Spirits—Rum .....proof gals | 3,597,896 | 3,961,643 | 2,084,130 | 2,031,781 |
| Brandy | 3,683,779 | 1,883,824 | 1,227,485 | 1,379,398 |
| Sugar, unrefined—1st quality (equal to white clayed).....cwts | 113,115 | 42,763 | 40,765 | 48,331 |

* All kinds of imported corn and grain (malt excepted) have been entered at the Custom House, and charged with duty by Weight instead of Measure, since September, 1864.

2nd—Articles paying Duty, &c.—*continued.*

| Articles. | Imported. 1864 | Imported. 1865 | Entd. for Home Consump. 1864 | Entd. for Home Consump. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar, unrefined *(con.)*—2nd quality (not equal to white, but equal to brown clayed)—From B. West Indies and Guiana..cwts | 701,087 | 645,507 | 635,421 | 688,085 |
| British India | 53,727 | 48,164 | 46,436 | 86,091 |
| Mauritius | 447,103 | 451,113 | 410,958 | 488,073 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 906,354 | 800,724 | 692,277 | 964,986 |
| Brazil | 40,577 | 9,753 | 41,165 | 17,716 |
| Java and Philippine Islands | 2 | 2,117 | 12,779 | 2,606 |
| Other countries | 105,042 | 108,903 | 64,099 | 151,408 |
| Total | 2,253,892 | 2,066,281 | 1,903,135 | 2,398,965 |
| 3rd quality (not equal to brown clayed)—From B. West Indies and Guiana--cwts | 330,683 | ... | 410,945 | ... |
| British India | 44,761 | ... | 97,793 | ... |
| Mauritius | 90,793 | ... | 124,021 | ... |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 56,990 | ... | 89,716 | ... |
| Brazil | 325,898 | ... | 408,638 | ... |
| Java and Philippine Islands | 29,328 | ... | 164,879 | ... |
| Other countries | 93,452 | ... | 73,753 | ... |
| Total | 971,905 | ... | 1,369,745 | ... |
| 3rd quality (not equal to brown clayed, but equal to brown muscovado)—From British West Indies and Guiana.... cwts | 744,620 | 1,119,440 | 570,382 | 1,169,663 |
| British India | 15,856 | 47,859 | 23,319 | 79,931 |
| Mauritius | 28,603 | 83,874 | 73,527 | 99,999 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 344,906 | 478,260 | 290,215 | 575,413 |
| Brazil | 246,357 | 317,177 | 256,297 | 329,534 |
| Java and Phillipine Islands | 18,427 | 116,447 | 86,059 | 117,294 |
| Other countries | 125,992 | 119,480 | 139,512 | 182,565 |
| Total | 1,524,761 | 2,282,537 | 1,439,311 | 2,554,399 |
| 4th quality (not equal to brown muscovado)—From British West Indies and Guiana | 152,024 | 350,669 | 84,514 | 302,549 |
| British India | 47,322 | 133,380 | 86,909 | 104,644 |
| Sugar *(con.)*, 4th quality, &c.—From Mauritius..cwts | 37,468 | 52,562 | 61,253 | 69,540 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 32,909 | 105,733 | 26,677 | 112,118 |
| Brazil | 95,859 | 276,264 | 162,815 | 209,742 |
| Java and Phillipine Islands | 47,769 | 334,961 | 75,903 | 127,038 |
| Other countries | 15,477 | 32,942 | 12,779 | 30,402 |
| Total | 428,828 | 1,286,511 | 510,850 | 956,033 |
| Total of sugar, unrefined | 5,292,501 | 5,678,092 | 5,263,806 | 5,957,728 |
| Sugar, refined, and sugar candy ..cwts | 619,224 | 396,200 | 465,912 | 369,368 |
| Molasses | 344,228 | 361,613 | 272,026 | 306,399 |
| Tea ..lbs | 70,642,428 | 71,303,281 | 51,848,283 | 57,134,055 |
| Timber and Wood, &c., sawn or split | 756,706 | 734,323 | 756,706 | 734,323 |
| Staves, not exceeding 72 inches long | 26,937 | 28,085 | 26,937 | 28,085 |
| Timber or Wood, &c., not sawn or split | 530,603 | 698,724 | 530,603 | 698,724 |
| Tobacco:—Stemmed ..lbs | 1,255,360 | 1,979,417 | 7,499,127 | 6,795,957 |
| Unstemmed | 15,954,013 | 24,737,930 | 13,994,975 | 15,126,482 |
| Manufactured, and Snuff | 3,442,098 | 1,442,611 | 440,837 | 475,116 |
| Wine—Of British Possessions in S. Africa..gals | 21,490 | 53,152 | 44,030 | 22,440 |
| Of other British Possessions | 6,074 | 39,676 | 4,497 | 10,746 |
| Foreign—From Hamburg | 145,200 | 182,781 | 151,433 | 143,094 |
| Holland | 263,188 | 275,551 | 239,384 | 240,222 |
| France | 1,596,476 | 1,730,227 | 1,360,464 | 1,494,148 |
| Portugal | 1,961,779 | 2,035,513 | 1,576,191 | 1,547,226 |
| Madeira | 24,908 | 22,588 | 15,849 | 11,406 |
| Spain | 5,248,418 | 3,460,568 | 2,933,730 | 2,939,467 |
| Canaries | 11,978 | 7,088 | 2,759 | 1,294 |
| Italy—Naples and Sicily | 268,308 | 230,608 | 202,721 | 217,526 |
| Other countries | 168,198 | 184,169 | 141,157 | 128,134 |
| Various countries mixed in bond for consumption (without intermixture of sorts) | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Total | 9,716,017 | 8,221,921 | 6,672,215 | 6,755,703 |

II.—An Account of the Exports of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1865, compared with the corresponding Period of 1864.

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Bacon and Hams..cwts | 49,511 | 3,314 |
| Caoutchouc | 9,691 | 16,551 |
| Cheese | 4,092 | 5,644 |
| Cocoa..lbs | 1,336,707 | 1,721,434 |
| Coffee—Of British Possessions ..lbs | 32,580,120 | 37,980,722 |
| Foreign | 8,712,804 | 10,527,886 |
| Total | 41,292,924 | 48,508,608 |
| Corn—Wheat ..qrs | 5,926 | 28,961 |
| Wheatmeal or Flour..cwts | 23,208 | 18,131 |
| Cotton, Raw—To Russia, North'n Ports...cwts | 171,478 | 119,500 |
| Prussia | 7,137 | 18,012 |
| Cotton, Raw *(con.)*—To Hanover..cwts | 37,173 | 13,802 |
| Hanse Towns | 330,760 | 355,230 |
| Holland | 272,278 | 233,696 |
| Other countries | 522,516 | 660,230 |
| Total | 1,341,342 | 1,400,470 |
| Cotton Manufactures ..value £ | 114,301 | 124,120 |
| Dyes and Dyeing Stuffs—Cochineal ... cwts | 8,085 | 8,474 |
| Indigo | 36,447 | 43,950 |
| Fruit—Currants..cwts | 71,010 | 66,352 |
| Raisins | 27,700 | 22,043 |
| Goats' Hair, manufactures of ..... value £ | 35,474 | 32,310 |
| Guano ..tons | 4,459 | 3,400 |
| Gum Shellac ..cwts | 14,422 | 15,991 |
| Hemp (dressed and undressed), and Tow or Codilla of hemp..cwts | 43,222 | 89,381 |
| Jute, &c., of the nature of hemp ..cwts | 143,995 | 230,649 |
| Hides, untanned, dry | 81,678 | 94,171 |
| Wet | 24,116 | 27,843 |
| Hops ..cwts | 4,298 | 1,099 |
| Leather Manufactures—Gloves ..pairs | 8,328 | 21,264 |
| Metals—Copper, unwrought&prt wrght.,cwt | 80,584 | 94,709 |
| Tin, in blocks, ingots, bars, or slabs | 10,873 | 14,789 |
| Oil—Petroleum ..tuns | 3,889 | 748 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Oil—*(con.)*—Palm ....cwts | 113,236 | 128,902 |
| Cocoa-nut .... | 118,200 | 112,580 |
| Olive ....tuns | 625 | 403 |
| Paper, white, for printing or writing...cwts | 8,520 | 12,171 |
| Other kinds, except Hangings .... | 1,802 | 3,323 |
| Quicksilver ....lbs | 1,645,588 | 657,892 |
| Rags & other Materials for making paper..tons | 125 | 664 |
| Rice, not in the husk....cwts | 1,008,857 | 992,415 |
| Saltpetre.... | 19,921 | 14,421 |
| Seed—Flax and Linseed.... ....qrs | 109,616 | 104,737 |
| Rape .... | 42,925 | 41,044 |
| Silk—Raw ....lbs | 1,848,896 | 1,897,133 |
| Waste, knubs, and husks....cwts | 483 | 470 |
| Thrown....lbs | 158,333 | 168,723 |
| Silk Manufactures of Europe—Broad Stuffs | | |
| —Silk or Satin....lbs | 9,930 | 6,835 |
| Gauze, Crape, and Velvet .... | 2,552 | 2,171 |
| Ribbons of all kinds .... | 7,778 | 5,708 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Silk Manufactures of India — Bandannas, Corahs, Choppas, Tussore Cloths, Romals, and Taffaties .... pieces | 23,495 | 16,626 |
| Spices—Cinnamon .... ....lbs | 543,215 | 547,403 |
| Pepper .... | 6,962,103 | 6,938,264 |
| Spirits—Rum ....proof gallons | 1,204,920 | 1,134,642 |
| Brandy .... | 442,341 | 337,351 |
| Unenumerated, not Sweetened.... | ... | ... |
| Mixed in Bond .... | 462,198 | 813,021 |
| Sugar—Unrefined ....cwts | 73,814 | 332,982 |
| Refined and Candy .... | 13,609 | 38,408 |
| Molasses.... | 32,249 | 15,547 |
| Tallow.... | 13,237 | 25,197 |
| Tea....lbs | 16,936,469 | 18,318,799 |
| Teeth, Elephants' ....cwts | 3,002 | 3,041 |
| Tobacco—Stemmed....lbs | 531,903 | 204,581 |
| Unstemmed .... | 7,723,165 | 7,972,755 |
| Manufactured, and Snuff .... | 2,096,220 | 817,008 |
| Wine—Red ....gals | 476,531 | 464,827 |
| White.... | 745,411 | 774,277 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| Wine—*(con.)*—Mixed in bond .... | 15,445 | 22,364 |
| Total .... | 1,237,387 | 1,261,468 |
| Wool, Sheep and Lambs', produce of British Possessions—To Hanse Towns ...lbs | 567,469 | 2,767,399 |
| Belgium .... | 2,957,104 | 7,790,433 |
| France.... | 17,650,868 | 31,131,732 |
| United States .... | 1,424,814 | 587,522 |
| Other countries .... | 758,730 | 1,690,616 |
| Total .... | 23,358,985 | 43,967,702 |
| Foreign—To Hanse Towns .... | 43,084 | 153,464 |
| Belgium .... | 791,594 | 2,055,095 |
| France .... | 423,375 | 1,426,210 |
| United States.... | 1,922,995 | 1,574,701 |
| Other countries .... | 438,992 | 557,118 |
| Total .... | 3,620,040 | 5,766,588 |
| Total Sheep and Lambs' wool .... | 26,979,025 | 49,734,290 |
| Alpaca and the Llama Tribe.... | 2,488 | 615 |

**III.—Exports of British and Irish Produce and Manufactures in the Seven Months ended July 31 1865, compared with the corresponding Period of 1864.**

**1st—Articles entered by Quantities and at Declared Value.**

| Articles. | Quantities. | | Declared Value. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1864 | 1865 | 1864 | 1865 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| Alkali—Soda—To Russia.. ....cwts | 77,378 | 78,866 | 37,806 | 40,550 |
| Prussia .... | 53,235 | 116,490 | 23,923 | 43,868 |
| Hanse Towns.... | 81,792 | 107,528 | 28,402 | 44,540 |
| Holland .... | 87,758 | 105,907 | 28,492 | 41,484 |
| France.... | 94,900 | 112,434 | 35,781 | 43,200 |
| United States.... | 593,709 | 560,570 | 251,218 | 228,807 |
| Other countries.... | 281,678 | 366,612 | 124,896 | 160,413 |
| Total .... | 1,270,450 | 1,448,407 | 530,518 | 602,862 |
| Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores:—Fire Arms (small) .... number | 115,809 | 150,293 | 153,541 | 207,538 |
| Gunpowder ....lbs | 8,833,340 | 9,576,719 | 255,090 | 268,913 |
| Bacon and Hams ....cwts | 40,237 | 16,203 | 151,722 | 69,469 |
| Bags, Empty ....dozens | 495,719 | 627,730 | 394,891 | 427,857 |
| Beef and Pork ....barrels | 16,976 | 11,838 | 36,444 | 25,189 |
| Beer and Ale—To United States ....brls | 7,768 | 4,614 | 33,268 | 21,308 |
| British West Indies and Guiana .... | 14,591 | 15,456 | 55,807 | 58,088 |
| India .... | 101,992 | 144,647 | 298,878 | 430,403 |
| Australia.... | 77,404 | 106,849 | 308,616 | 425,203 |
| Other countries.... | 91,646 | 105,390 | 354,525 | 427,212 |
| Total .... | 293,401 | 376,956 | 1,051,094 | 1,362,214 |
| Books, printed ....cwts | 17,159 | 18,601 | 248,839 | 254,601 |
| Butter .... | 39,339 | 33,564 | 186,696 | 166,384 |
| Candles, Stearine and Composite ....lbs | 1,943,233 | 1,659,685 | 73,587 | 55,560 |
| Carriages—Railway .... | 1,954 | 1,261 | 225,163 | 154,478 |

| Articles. | Quantities. | | Declared Value. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1864 | 1865 | 1864 | 1865 |
| | | | £ | £ |
| Carriages—Other sorts.... | 958 | 1,262 | 80,592 | 123,488 |
| Cheese ....cwts | 21,643 | 12,849 | 87,806 | 52,478 |
| Coals, Cinders, and Culm—To Russia ...tons | 302,220 | 308,071 | 133,378 | 141,654 |
| Sweden .... | 142,655 | 168,956 | 58,343 | 75,696 |
| Denmark.... | 348,017 | 398,686 | 141,580 | 170,055 |
| Prussia .... | 82,658 | 334,769 | 30,177 | 126,182 |
| Hanse Towns .... | 349,619 | 361,093 | 141,733 | 151,121 |
| Holland .... | 143,077 | 135,402 | 58,827 | 62,598 |
| France.... | 825,190 | 928,702 | 347,897 | 416,207 |
| Spain and Canaries .... | 347,358 | 261,180 | 181,840 | 140,563 |
| Italy—Sardinia .... | 191,810 | 160,760 | 85,081 | 69,380 |
| United States.... | 106,797 | 100,461 | 69,667 | 56,284 |
| Brazil .... | 93,539 | 106,023 | 54,531 | 62,048 |
| British India .... | 187,824 | 188,272 | 104,374 | 109,045 |
| Other countries .... | 1,777,292 | 1,725,399 | 887,939 | 887,818 |
| Total .... | 4,898,056 | 5,177,774 | 2,295,377 | 2,468,651 |
| Cordage and Twine ....cwts | 93,800 | 101,046 | 255,569 | 243,053 |
| Cotton Yarn—To Russia.. ....lbs | 1,340,230 | 914,782 | 205,490 | 110,427 |
| Prussia .... | 87,739 | 1,574,993 | 10,574 | 131,614 |
| Hanover .... | 258,369 | 362,367 | 32,132 | 37,021 |
| Hanse Towns .... | 10,513,028 | 11,125,997 | 1,240,720 | 1,256,344 |
| Holland .... | 8,334,700 | 9,287,795 | 886,989 | 907,959 |
| France .... | 439,166 | 786,524 | 84,790 | 151,388 |
| Italy—Sardinia .... | 638,509 | 704,920 | 63,469 | 51,544 |
| Tuscany .... | 400,540 | 1,439,138 | 38,335 | 97,473 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Cotton Yarn—(*con.*)—Italy — Ancona and Romagna ... lbs | 198,126 | 587,416 | 22,343 | 43,665 |
| Naples and Sicily | 2,507,925 | 4,058,005 | 267,232 | 312,937 |
| Austrian Territories | 929,983 | 917,367 | 96,499 | 73,339 |
| Turkey | 4,758,385 | 3,897,603 | 572,831 | 329,367 |
| China and Hong Kong | 1,271,582 | 872,702 | 153,266 | 82,925 |
| British India—Bombay | 2,792,384 | 1,864,656 | 367,735 | 193,754 |
| Madras | 1,218,755 | 1,225,318 | 195,827 | 149,944 |
| Bengal | 5,661,315 | 3,734,734 | 771,974 | 388,925 |
| Singapore | 581,308 | 933,390 | 70,133 | 86,867 |
| Ceylon | 126,100 | 116,392 | 20,200 | 9,818 |
| Other countries | 3,993,960 | 6,496,503 | 475,496 | 596,736 |
| Total | 46,052,104 | 50,900,602 | 5,576,035 | 5,012,047 |
| Cotton Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds, Plain, Printed, or Coloured—To Hanse Towns ... yards | 14,280,232 | 28,449,430 | 417,259 | 684,810 |
| Holland | 12,849,742 | 14,696,129 | 393,328 | 392,693 |
| France | 12,468,607 | 10,265,526 | 315,653 | 302,922 |
| Portugal, Azores, and Madeira | 18,764,213 | 22,276,876 | 517,198 | 465,247 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 8,761,153 | 4,216,482 | 298,088 | 103,999 |
| Tuscany | 5,618,331 | 8,258,262 | 148,952 | 182,587 |
| Naples and Sicily | 12,354,518 | 14,215,111 | 344,248 | 354,394 |
| Austrian Territories | 4,678,254 | 6,907,357 | 116,639 | 148,442 |
| Turkey | 89,322,913 | 69,476,828 | 2,263,176 | 1,652,148 |
| Syria and Palestine | 41,069,696 | 20,814,156 | 857,278 | 473,128 |
| Egypt | 71,205,454 | 50,518,099 | 1,691,118 | 1,045,405 |
| West Coast of Africa | 4,349,705 | 5,734,605 | 100,510 | 121,231 |
| United States | 54,540,558 | 31,808,864 | 1,428,382 | 831,905 |
| Foreign West Indies | 30,322,030 | 25,126,969 | 701,207 | 555,359 |
| Mexico | 17,270,039 | 30,622,382 | 470,698 | 730,153 |
| New Granada | 26,425,374 | 43,755,462 | 611,979 | 896,060 |
| Brazil | 82,683,174 | 65,115,247 | 2,096,318 | 1,518,189 |
| Uruguay | 13,995,085 | 8,118,724 | 348,166 | 176,351 |
| Argentine Confederation | 18,162,964 | 17,027,641 | 428,830 | 383,763 |
| Chili | 20,541,055 | 23,483,353 | 456,889 | 454,477 |
| Peru | 16,368,054 | 15,287,490 | 369,504 | 311,870 |
| China and Hong Kong | 42,084,813 | 68,354,658 | 1,172,415 | 1,516,497 |
| Java | 15,864,799 | 18,045,031 | 418,898 | 394,569 |
| Philippine Islands | 12,450,533 | 17,839,848 | 334,646 | 436,237 |
| Gibraltar | 9,861,154 | 12,539,391 | 260,260 | 290,289 |
| Malta | 6,120,878 | 8,424,161 | 143,140 | 162,208 |
| British North America | 17,767,603 | 8,655,587 | 473,777 | 215,755 |
| West Indies | 19,156,259 | 18,276,517 | 446,490 | 372,267 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 6,089,261 | 6,310,196 | 198,759 | 191,792 |
| British India—Bombay | 94,554,142 | 113,495,635 | 2,287,282 | 2,257,639 |
| Madras | 7,705,093 | 9,545,095 | 226,184 | 208,159 |
| Bengal | 120,956,153 | 208,158,115 | 2,676,151 | 3,979,481 |
| Singapore | 19,007,364 | 28,717,504 | 505,971 | 595,216 |
| Ceylon | 8,046,613 | 5,870,621 | 268,937 | 151,057 |
| Australia | 9,080,643 | 14,615,719 | 296,597 | 452,786 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Cotton Manufac.—(*con.*)—Other countries.yds | 44,653,243 | 59,982,181 | 1,191,000 | 1,428,395 |
| Total of all kinds | 1,009,429,702 | 1,115,005,252 | 25,275,927 | 24,437,480 |
| Total of White or Plain | 635,139,732 | 742,670,037 | 15,513,474 | 15,406,866 |
| Total of Printed, Dyed, Coloured | 374,289,970 | 372,335,215 | 9,762,453 | 9,030,614 |
| Hosiery—Stockings ... doz. pairs | 352,527 | 347,617 | 141,895 | 129,082 |
| Thread for Sewing—To France ... lbs | 48,432 | 47,348 | 10,895 | 9,959 |
| United States | 680,417 | 318,161 | 147,124 | 64,954 |
| Other countries | 1,863,217 | 2,048,350 | 296,836 | 293,014 |
| Total | 2,592,066 | 2,413,859 | 454,855 | 367,927 |
| Total value of Cotton Manufactures | ... | ... | 26,384,995 | 25,428,024 |
| Earthenware and Porcelain—To Hanse Towns ... packages | 5,204 | 6,059 | 31,505 | 35,578 |
| France | 4,613 | 4,725 | 29,599 | 32,787 |
| United States | 46,767 | 34,307 | 269,609 | 207,121 |
| Brazil | 8,270 | 12,531 | 38,218 | 58,211 |
| British North America | 9,775 | 6,842 | 54,472 | 37,934 |
| India | 11,388 | 8,363 | 65,653 | 51,566 |
| Australia | 7,475 | 9,964 | 61,111 | 76,288 |
| Other Countries | 45,931 | 52,337 | 246,295 | 299,568 |
| Total of Earthenware and Porcelain | 139,423 | 135,128 | 796,462 | 799,053 |
| Total of Earthenware | 137,122 | 132,830 | 767,790 | 768,850 |
| Total of Porcelain | 2,301 | 2,298 | 28,672 | 30,203 |
| Fish—Herrings—To Prussia ... brls | 14,162 | 19,095 | 16,242 | 23,348 |
| Hanover | 7,645 | 1,775 | 8,952 | 2,060 |
| Other countries | 64,336 | 47,882 | 73,549 | 54,810 |
| Total | 86,143 | 68,752 | 98,743 | 80,218 |
| Glass—Flint ... cwts | 59,538 | 60,422 | 172,748 | 181,170 |
| Window | 35,634 | 31,015 | 43,108 | 36,550 |
| Common Bottles | 312,163 | 343,964 | 157,048 | 174,118 |
| Plate ... sq. feet | 310,266 | 313,131 | 36,156 | 37,591 |
| Hats of all kinds ... doz | 151,308 | 150,611 | 258,066 | 290 254 |
| Horses—To Hanse Towns ... number | 525 | 635 | 42,397 | 46,857 |
| France | 1,001 | 755 | 29,104 | 21,990 |
| Other countries | 1,171 | 783 | 65,109 | 35,072 |
| Total | 2,697 | 2,173 | 136,610 | 103,919 |
| Jute, Manufactures, not made up ... yards | 7,582,149 | 7,753,279 | 172,845 | 146,402 |
| — Yarn ... lbs | 2,741,099 | 2,284,502 | 61,375 | 40,045 |
| Leather, Tanned, Tawed, or Dressed, Unwrought ... cwts | 22,017 | 19,020 | 215,994 | 187,674 |
| Wrought, Boots and Shoes—To Australia. pairs | 1,574,131 | 2,324,422 | 498,609 | 639,320 |
| Other countries | 1,004,287 | 793,925 | 300,817 | 225,383 |
| Total | 2,578,418 | 3,118 347 | 799,426 | 864,703 |
| Wrought of other Sorts—To Australia ... lbs | 74,383 | 75,907 | 19,555 | 23,386 |
| Other countries | 494,495 | 677,168 | 90,814 | 101,257 |
| Total | 568,878 | 753,075 | 110,369 | 124,643 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Linen Yarn—To Hanse Towns ....lbs | 5,179,158 | 3,518,027 | 458,915 | 274,779 |
| Holland | 2,332,911 | 2,026,934 | 171,012 | 123,621 |
| Belgium | 268,512 | 567,501 | 25,185 | 50,717 |
| France | 450,076 | 1,616,663 | 63,912 | 153,330 |
| Spain and Canaries | 8,379,035 | 6,023,956 | 568,186 | 363,308 |
| Gibraltar | 1,724,128 | 1,712,732 | 99,352 | 88,808 |
| Other countries | 5,847,626 | 3,720,313 | 395,993 | 235,546 |
| Total | 24,181,446 | 19,186,126 | 1,782,555 | 1,290,109 |
| Linen Manufactures—Piece Goods of all kinds—To Russia ....yards | 191,552 | 362,244 | 10,772 | 22,421 |
| Prussia | 213,969 | 447,337 | 13,605 | 23,002 |
| Hanse Towns | 5,015,056 | 5,626,688 | 248,541 | 252,140 |
| Holland | 551,116 | 421,764 | 25,623 | 24,521 |
| France | 2,012,383 | 2,127,596 | 113,395 | 130,042 |
| Portugal, Azores, and Madeira | 945,290 | 1,033,138 | 34,718 | 35,208 |
| Spain and Canaries | 1,337,399 | 1,230,993 | 68,163 | 59,346 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 675,055 | 747,186 | 30,298 | 31,651 |
| Tuscany | 632,907 | 645,934 | 25,917 | 26,665 |
| Naples and Sicily | 1,894,027 | 1,314,996 | 84,087 | 59,203 |
| United States | 54,977,492 | 45,723,848 | 1,780,499 | 1,395,362 |
| Cuba | 7,726,574 | 9,963,351 | 310,009 | 371,090 |
| St Thomas | 1,066,421 | 4,054,054 | 36,881 | 119,752 |
| Hayti | 1,124,321 | 1,739,943 | 43,926 | 53,728 |
| Brazil | 4,630,998 | 6,877,369 | 162,748 | 221,123 |
| Chili | 2,037,770 | 3,258,675 | 58,949 | 95,346 |
| Peru | 1,510,937 | 2,152,466 | 49,173 | 66,571 |
| British West Indies | 3,601,056 | 4,361,494 | 109,694 | 113,993 |
| India | 2,985,020 | 2,448,043 | 129,231 | 108,808 |
| Australia | 3,291,945 | 6,207,157 | 131,414 | 228,825 |
| Other countries | 25,747,124 | 26,958,970 | 933,817 | 967,719 |
| Total of Piece Goods | 122,168,412 | 128,703,246 | 4,401,460 | 4,406,516 |
| Total of White and Plain | 107,034,859 | 109,499,671 | 3,720,789 | 3,620,011 |
| Total of Checked, Printed or Dyed | 6,427,603 | 9,508,711 | 260,834 | 338,567 |
| Total of Cambrics and Lawns | 3,766,769 | 4,439,356 | 130,753 | 162,092 |
| Total of Damask and Diaper | 1,154,815 | 1,053,833 | 71,136 | 65,663 |
| Total of Sail Cloth | 3,784,366 | 4,201,675 | 217,948 | 220,183 |
| Thread—To Hanse Towns ....lbs | 546,861 | 802,574 | 80,168 | 173,375 |
| United States | 1,369,312 | 787,082 | 141,057 | 78,769 |
| Other countries | 581,494 | 580,458 | 69,750 | 74,225 |
| Total | 2,497,667 | 2,170,114 | 290,975 | 326,369 |
| Total value of Linen Manufactures | ... | ... | 4,735,513 | 4,755,619 |
| Metals—Iron, Pig, & Puddled—To Prussia....tons | 9,320 | 26,235 | 28,340 | 73,413 |
| Holland | 30,430 | 48,483 | 96,032 | 147,775 |
| France | 74,655 | 86,123 | 223,645 | 238,319 |
| United States | 63,696 | 19,283 | 199,759 | 56,097 |
| British North America | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Other countries | 103,250 | 111,041 | 313,976 | 314,814 |
| Total | 281,351 | 291,165 | 861,752 | 830,418 |

| Articles | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Metals—*(con.)*—Iron, Bar, Angle, Bolt, and Rod—To Hanse Towns ....ton | 3,750 | 5,437 | 36,161 | 52,616 |
| Holland | 2,398 | 3,852 | 25,155 | 39,033 |
| France | 1,963 | 1,591 | 17,581 | 12,781 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 5,495 | 5,974 | 48,487 | 48,629 |
| Naples and Sicily | 8,861 | 9,951 | 73,391 | 74,705 |
| Turkey | 5,910 | 6,637 | 49,623 | 49,855 |
| United States | 64,105 | 9,404 | 620,625 | 93,530 |
| British North America | 16,626 | 10,163 | 151,362 | 80,468 |
| India | 19,350 | 18,519 | 170,909 | 144,119 |
| Australia | 6,447 | 9,150 | 66,647 | 88,397 |
| Other countries | 40,617 | 54,416 | 374,521 | 461,859 |
| Total | 175,522 | 135,094 | 1,634,462 | 1,145,992 |
| Railroad Iron, of all Sorts—To Russia | 13,490 | 20,153 | 125,011 | 164,897 |
| Sweden | 6,700 | 9,621 | 50,344 | 81,367 |
| Prussia | 1,019 | 2,445 | 8,300 | 17,968 |
| France | 1,296 | 369 | 12,988 | 3,779 |
| Spain and Canaries | 17,464 | 3,515 | 145,812 | 32,077 |
| United States | 93,896 | 23,825 | 716,532 | 179,099 |
| Cuba | 2,869 | 3,388 | 23,613 | 27,583 |
| Brazil | 4,885 | 4,037 | 35,942 | 41,125 |
| Chili | 561 | 4,359 | 5,337 | 40,956 |
| British North America | 7,685 | 3,201 | 62,314 | 26,209 |
| India | 31,626 | 60,638 | 299,268 | 489,662 |
| Australia | 8,387 | 4,260 | 69,293 | 44,411 |
| Other countries | 66,658 | 84,291 | 526,065 | 679,042 |
| Total | 256,536 | 224,102 | 2,080,819 | 1,828,175 |
| Iron Wire (except Telegraphic Wire, which see) | 9,688 | 12,947 | 215,580 | 245,389 |
| Iron Castings—To Russia | 1,653 | 6,020 | 13,615 | 40,144 |
| France | 857 | 1,615 | 8,961 | 10,099 |
| United States | 528 | 103 | 12,138 | 2,465 |
| Brazil | 1,005 | 1,352 | 17,298 | 16,938 |
| British India | 6,370 | 8,170 | 54,665 | 68,322 |
| Australia | 5,122 | 5,126 | 48,716 | 57,786 |
| Other countries | 24,317 | 25,754 | 224,436 | 215,095 |
| Total | 39,852 | 48,140 | 379,829 | 410,849 |
| Iron Hoops, Sheets, and Boiler Plates—To Russia | 1,985 | 1,714 | 27,136 | 20,075 |
| Prussia | 306 | 1,358 | 3,599 | 16,033 |
| Hanse Towns | 1,269 | 1,826 | 14,198 | 20,946 |
| Holland | 3,443 | 2,661 | 43,372 | 33,770 |
| France | 491 | 806 | 6,397 | 12,687 |
| Spain and Canaries | 3,034 | 1,918 | 37,382 | 22,123 |
| United States | 17,136 | 2,829 | 198,414 | 55,411 |
| British North America | 4,270 | 3,523 | 50,135 | 42,257 |
| India | 9,350 | 7,216 | 136,979 | 90,676 |
| Australia | 8,873 | 8,893 | 200,024 | 180,141 |
| Other countries | 23,375 | 23,588 | 329,157 | 326,096 |
| Total | 73,532 | 56,332 | 1,046,793 | 800,215 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Metals—Iron, Wrought, all sorts—Russia, tons | 2,179 | 2,488 | 51,040 | 45,012 |
| Prussia | 402 | 998 | 7,678 | 17,134 |
| Hanse Towns | 1,975 | 2,228 | 36,180 | 40,275 |
| Holland | 3,176 | 2,022 | 67,099 | 36,493 |
| France | 1,372 | 1,516 | 34,040 | 32,994 |
| Spain and Canaries | 1,755 | 1,336 | 36,619 | 31,935 |
| United States | 10,488 | 4,328 | 204,994 | 84,950 |
| British North America | 7,713 | 5,833 | 144,429 | 97,959 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 628 | 625 | 17,813 | 17,083 |
| India | 6,568 | 16,187 | 135,362 | 310,280 |
| Australia | 7,411 | 8,165 | 162,977 | 191,405 |
| Other countries | 18,398 | 22,894 | 395,800 | 463,057 |
| Total | 62,065 | 68,620 | 1,294,031 | 1,368,577 |
| Iron—Old, for remanufacture | 3,410 | 1,096 | 17,953 | 4,790 |
| Steel, unwrought—To France | 1,233 | 1,471 | 47,701 | 49,956 |
| United States | 11,648 | 4,957 | 369,406 | 164,905 |
| Other countries | 5,267 | 5,107 | 172,958 | 167,261 |
| Total | 18,148 | 11,535 | 590,065 | 482,122 |
| Total of Iron and Unwrought Steel | 922,336 | 849,031 | 8,130,866 | 7,016,527 |
| Copper—Unwrought, in Ingots, Cakes, or Slabs—To Holland ....cwts | 6,832 | 12,703 | 35,683 | 54,953 |
| Belgium | 3,955 | 5,856 | 20,753 | 29,392 |
| France | 25,109 | 21,586 | 129,317 | 93,436 |
| British India | 18,072 | 4,412 | 88,097 | 19,343 |
| Other countries | 11,061 | 6,676 | 56,001 | 31,298 |
| Total | 65,029 | 51,233 | 329,851 | 228,422 |
| Wrought or partly Wrought; Sheets and Nails; Bars, Rods, Plates, Bottoms and Pans; and mixed or Yellow Metal for Sheathing—To Hanse Towns....cwts | 8,727 | 18,427 | 40,474 | 80,125 |
| Holland | 11,108 | 12,309 | 49,973 | 52,836 |
| France | 18,688 | 15,539 | 84,958 | 72,336 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 4,988 | 8,496 | 23,913 | 38,140 |
| Turkey | 9,624 | 8,729 | 54,303 | 44,067 |
| Egypt | 33,578 | 28,732 | 187,161 | 146,700 |
| United States | 2,728 | 4,969 | 12,982 | 20,119 |
| British India | 120,309 | 119,558 | 605,942 | 550,697 |
| Other countries | 67,978 | 92,080 | 341,584 | 425,273 |
| Total | 277,728 | 308,839 | 1,401,290 | 1,430,293 |
| Wrought, of other sorts | 8,741 | 17,657 | 56,082 | 114,173 |
| Brass of all sorts | 20,707 | 23,930 | 113,697 | 126,414 |
| Total of Copper and Brass | 372,205 | 401,659 | 1,900,920 | 1,899,302 |
| Lead—Pig, Rolled, Sheet, Piping, Tubing and Lead Shot—To Russia ....tons | 250 | 977 | 5,620 | 20,932 |
| Metals—Lead—(*con.*)—To France ....tons | 276 | 3,655 | 6,209 | 74,879 |
| United States | 8,458 | 1,254 | 180,334 | 25,407 |
| China and Hong Kong | 4,253 | 1,037 | 93,962 | 22,647 |
| British India | 1,879 | 763 | 43,111 | 18,343 |
| Australia | 1,079 | 1,209 | 24,061 | 26,785 |
| Other countries | 4,206 | 3,976 | 96,468 | 89,696 |
| Total | 20,401 | 12,871 | 449,765 | 278,689 |
| Lead Ore, Red and White Lead, and Litharge of Lead | 3,838 | 3,971 | 97,421 | 97,519 |
| Tin, unwrought—To Russia....cwts | 2,074 | 4,862 | 11,671 | 24,090 |
| France | 16,280 | 12,283 | 89,756 | 61,174 |
| Turkey | 2,030 | 2,218 | 10,771 | 10,652 |
| Other countries | 31,145 | 35,280 | 170,079 | 167,826 |
| Total | 51,529 | 54,643 | 282,277 | 263,742 |
| Tin Plates—To France | 23,793 | 41,844 | 29,539 | 49,196 |
| United States | 447,887 | 418,612 | 556,205 | 464,583 |
| British North America | 18,576 | 11,378 | 25,427 | 14,555 |
| Australia | 11,350 | 11,852 | 16,431 | 15,892 |
| Other countries | 184,067 | 221,488 | 242,693 | 272,179 |
| Total | 685,673 | 705,174 | 870,295 | 816,405 |
| Zinc or Spelter, Wrought or Unwrought | 68,341 | 46,094 | 72,764 | 49,353 |
| Oil, Seed—To Prussia ....gals | 22,248 | 658,631 | 3,485 | 83,954 |
| Hanover | 121,066 | 118,600 | 17,685 | 15,211 |
| Hanse Towns | 703,198 | 1,113,222 | 103,401 | 146,327 |
| Holland | 610,738 | 879,991 | 89,211 | 113,231 |
| France | 564,857 | 1,325,923 | 86,745 | 176,720 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 178,930 | 88,009 | 27,365 | 11,813 |
| United States | 325,953 | 12,910 | 45,942 | 1,744 |
| Other countries | 1,759,416 | 1,624,653 | 284,665 | 236,079 |
| Total | 4,286,406 | 5,821,939 | 658,499 | 785,079 |
| Paper for Writing or Printing ....cwts | 65,586 | 58,811 | 237,021 | 209,461 |
| Paper of other kinds (except Hangings) | 28,043 | 22,482 | 66,500 | 49,710 |
| Total of Paper | 93,629 | 81,293 | 303,521 | 259,171 |
| Rags and other Materials for making Paper, tons | 1,469 | 1,803 | 26,017 | 24,196 |
| Salt—To Russia....tons | 55,165 | 37,999 | 28,828 | 18,639 |
| United States | 49,188 | 32,509 | 21,938 | 16,094 |
| British North America | 49,282 | 62,130 | 16,678 | 19,786 |
| India | 114,325 | 32,719 | 51,070 | 14,180 |
| Other countries | 92,471 | 113,362 | 51,487 | 52,808 |
| Total | 360,431 | 278,719 | 170,001 | 121,507 |
| Silk—Thrown—To Holland ....lbs | 96,387 | 85,084 | 108,793 | 108,281 |
| Belgium | 26,073 | 33,289 | 30,688 | 43,770 |
| France | 70,629 | 44,688 | 90,765 | 66,667 |
| Other countries | 91,676 | 57,906 | 97,253 | 65,246 |
| Total | 284,765 | 220,967 | 327,499 | 283 964 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Silk—Twist and Yarn—To Hanse Towns...lbs | 43,597 | 74,210 | 28,206 | 42,211 |
| Holland | 67,209 | 50,687 | 42,556 | 38,958 |
| France | 130,762 | 119,838 | 63,679 | 65,400 |
| Other countries | 23,562 | 24,694 | 17,093 | 17,283 |
| Total | 265,130 | 269,429 | 151,534 | 163,852 |
| Silk Manufactures—Broad Piece Goods, Fancy Silks and Satins, Velvet, and Grey Cloths of Silk only—To France .....yds | 37,000 | 33,249 | 10,394 | 5,849 |
| Egypt | 365,626 | 417,691 | 87,547 | 97,852 |
| United States | 377,980 | 194,593 | 65,703 | 35,422 |
| Australia | 87,903 | 116,763 | 17,558 | 21,124 |
| Other countries | 293,757 | 291,886 | 55,736 | 46,938 |
| Total | 1,162,266 | 1,054,182 | 236,938 | 207,185 |
| Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Shawls of Silk only—To France .....doz | 10,958 | 3,361 | 16,857 | 5,688 |
| Egypt | 22,530 | 28,090 | 50,495 | 66,284 |
| United States | 15,473 | 1,276 | 16,722 | 1,295 |
| Australia | 1,308 | 1,567 | 1,833 | 2,189 |
| Other countries | 60,876 | 45,402 | 79,632 | 62,342 |
| Total | 111,145 | 79,696 | 165,539 | 137,798 |
| Ribbons of Silk only—To France .... lbs | 545 | 402 | 768 | 403 |
| Egypt | 13,731 | 7,208 | 14,365 | 7,802 |
| United States | 22,734 | 12,036 | 27,538 | 15,176 |
| Australia | 10,871 | 11,421 | 16,521 | 15,531 |
| Other countries | 10,997 | 7,585 | 14,919 | 10,537 |
| Total | 58,878 | 38,652 | 74,111 | 49,449 |
| Soap.....cwts | 105,480 | 77,533 | 129,487 | 98,297 |
| Spirits (British)—To France.....gals | 644,559 | 30,002 | 72,453 | 3,517 |
| Portugal, Azores, and Madeira | 1,063,438 | 615,987 | 131,779 | 76,255 |
| Turkey | 247,472 | 11,106 | 26,079 | 1,310 |
| United States | 77,427 | 8,907 | 9,678 | 1,119 |
| Australia | 224,371 | 129,967 | 28,811 | 16,645 |
| Other countries | 705,938 | 466,253 | 84,755 | 55,255 |
| Total | 2,963,205 | 1,262,222 | 353,555 | 154,101 |
| Sugar, Refined .....cwts | 50,363 | 118,506 | 85,920 | 179,723 |
| Wool, Sheep & Lambs'—To Hanse Towns...lbs | 1,303,319 | 1,354,741 | 128,004 | 141,226 |
| Belgium | 503,233 | 1,167,052 | 46,267 | 134,948 |
| France | 2,591,464 | 1,863,462 | 237,159 | 174,872 |
| United States | 716,154 | 33,284 | 37,242 | 3,152 |
| Other countries | 785,463 | 600,180 | 69,047 | 57,497 |
| Total | 5,899,633 | 5,018,719 | 517,719 | 511,695 |
| Woollen and Worsted Yarn—To Russia...lbs | 1,303,841 | 789,112 | 257,358 | 132,150 |
| Hanover | 457,330 | 371,649 | 71,261 | 56,329 |
| Hanse Towns | 11,819,671 | 10,503,747 | 1,818,924 | 1,725,894 |
| Holland | 3,936,249 | 3,379,450 | 750,988 | 608,329 |
| Belgium | 340,922 | 299,756 | 61,498 | 49,632 |
| France | 936,400 | 1,174,223 | 169,412 | 252,469 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Woollen and Worsted Yarn (*con.*)—Other countries ..... lbs | 564,148 | 655,760 | 77,405 | 99,430 |
| Total | 19,358,561 | 17,173,697 | 3,206,846 | 2,924,233 |
| Woollen and Worsted Manufactures—Cloths of all kinds, Duffels, and Kerseymeres, of Wool unmixed, or mixed with other materials—To Hanse Towns.. ..... yards | 269,203 | 138,869 | 51,226 | 36,671 |
| Holland | 212,211 | 179,264 | 40,765 | 38,252 |
| France | 407,110 | 767,807 | 88,991 | 137,459 |
| Portugal, Azores, and Madeira | 181,176 | 205,459 | 39,705 | 37,233 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 260,049 | 151,185 | 28,974 | 18,422 |
| Naples and Sicily | 317,920 | 333,353 | 41,097 | 60,340 |
| United States | 4,950,926 | 1,483,658 | 667,647 | 238,221 |
| Brazil | 578,512 | 1,434,449 | 61,098 | 142,954 |
| Uruguay | 235 879 | 232,725 | 27,659 | 33,046 |
| Argentine Confederation | 470,152 | 902,076 | 58,505 | 108,541 |
| Chili | 468,050 | 300,285 | 58,868 | 40,117 |
| Peru | 654,288 | 476,529 | 100,128 | 85,267 |
| China and Hong Kong | 1,052 217 | 1,015,499 | 175,084 | 172,670 |
| British North America | 1,518,554 | 1,073,863 | 215,068 | 129,020 |
| India | 2,491,755 | 1,754,564 | 365,496 | 267,522 |
| Australia | 498,173 | 749,953 | 94,568 | 152,566 |
| Other countries | 3,411,056 | 2,754,257 | 580,103 | 428,035 |
| Total of Cloths, &c., of all kinds | 17,977,231 | 13,953,795 | 2,694,982 | 2,126,336 |
| Total of Cloths, &c., of Wool only | 12,149,079 | 8,781,997 | 1,975,039 | 1,494,733 |
| Total of Cloths, &c., of wool mixed with other materials | 5,828,152 | 5,171,798 | 719,943 | 631,603 |
| Flannels | 4,431,043 | 2,972,276 | 273,907 | 195,570 |
| Blankets | 4,275,423 | 3,588,020 | 428,418 | 368,603 |
| Blanketing and Baizes | 1,032,467 | 984,920 | 88,972 | 97,574 |
| Carpets and Druggets—To Hanse Towns | 79,784 | 118,853 | 13,060 | 23,485 |
| Holland | 136,823 | 143,451 | 21,831 | 24,796 |
| France | 177,543 | 265,232 | 27,123 | 29,347 |
| Spain and Canaries | 26,905 | 21,119 | 3,755 | 2,560 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 39,824 | 2,028 | 7,966 | 327 |
| United States | 1,459,302 | 715,468 | 259,989 | 117,102 |
| Chili | 43,832 | 57,947 | 7,570 | 9,308 |
| British North America | 211,795 | 124,923 | 25,301 | 14,807 |
| Australia | 210 075 | 328,269 | 24,011 | 38,877 |
| Other countries | 1,114,253 | 853,504 | 140,716 | 112,237 |
| Total | 3,500,136 | 2,630,794 | 531,322 | 372,846 |
| Shawls, Rugs, Coverlets or Wrappers, and Carpet Rugs—To France.....number | 3,964 | 2,350 | 2,972 | 1,596 |
| United States | 186,074 | 48,433 | 58,306 | 13,016 |
| Other countries | 338,321 | 288,952 | 108,527 | 96,102 |
| Total | 528,359 | 339,735 | 169,805 | 110,714 |
| Worsted Stuffs of Wool only, and of Wool mixed with other materials, and Waistcoatings—To Hanover..... ..... yards | 723,362 | 145,855 | 43,370 | 9,436 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Woollen and Worsted Manufactures *(con.)*— | | | | |
| Worsted Stuffs, &c. *(con.)*—To Hanse Towns | 21,260,503 | 17,993,581 | 1,689,381 | 1,545,132 |
| Holland | 5,193,591 | 4,227,945 | 287,057 | 240,824 |
| Belgium | 2,886,589 | 2,724,075 | 162,355 | 161,736 |
| France | 8,700,184 | 11,520,388 | 468,918 | 800,919 |
| Italy—Sardinia | 1,647,792 | 1,570,317 | 74,886 | 72,914 |
| Tuscany | 1,444,790 | 1,153,931 | 65,298 | 58,160 |
| Naples and Sicily | 1,662,743 | 1,830,535 | 90,938 | 88,786 |
| United States | 40,724,622 | 29,824,454 | 1,767,384 | 1,283,617 |
| China and Hong Kong | 7,834,588 | 10,008,406 | 513,791 | 758,534 |
| British North America | 4,357,526 | 2,430,360 | 197,824 | 109,923 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 282,941 | 292,832 | 16,919 | 15,739 |

| Articles. | Quantities. 1864 | Quantities. 1865 | Declared Value. 1864 | Declared Value. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | £ | £ |
| Woollen and Worsted Manufactures *(con.)*— | | | | |
| Worsted Stuffs, &c. *(con)*—To British India | 1,886,698 | 1,007,081 | 116,773 | 65,248 |
| Australia | 2,940,895 | 5,823,773 | 163,077 | 293,110 |
| Other countries | 17,081,971 | 18,249,810 | 872,411 | 1,024,897 |
| Total of Worsteds of all kinds and Waistcoatings | 118,628,795 | 108,803,303 | 6,530,382 | 6,528,975 |
| Total of Worsted Stuffs of Wool only | 23,836,753 | 26,642,280 | 1,458,472 | 1,994,836 |
| Total of Worsted Stuffs of Wool mixed with other materials, and Waistcoatings | 94,792,042 | 82,161,023 | 5,071,910 | 4,534,139 |
| Hosiery, Stockings ... doz pairs | 80,134 | 52,110 | 43,797 | 29,143 |

2nd—Articles entered at Declared Value alone.

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Apparel and Slops—To Egypt | 58,932 | 63,530 |
| British North America | 92,293 | 84,619 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 90,600 | 135,625 |
| India | 38,307 | 40,047 |
| Australia | 615,530 | 723,017 |
| Other countries | 439,886 | 338,875 |
| Total | 1,335,548 | 1,385,713 |
| Arms, Ammunition, and Military Stores | 123,475 | 133,925 |
| Cottons—Lace and Patent Net | 237,967 | 238,127 |
| Hosiery | 121,805 | 93,498 |
| Counterpanes and Small Wares | 153,746 | 161,910 |
| Drugs and Chemical Products—Medicines | 254,369 | 258,686 |
| Unenumerated, used in dyeing and other processes subservient to manufactures and the arts | 226,282 | 243,549 |
| Fish | 94,962 | 92,261 |
| Furniture, Cabinet and Upholstery Wares | 125,654 | 170,520 |
| Haberdashery and Millinery—To France | 51,552 | 78,972 |
| Egypt | 87,204 | 120,627 |
| United States | 675,153 | 400,069 |
| Cuba | 29,623 | 18,490 |
| Argentine Confederation | 29,642 | 29,556 |
| Channel Islands | 251,689 | 131,491 |
| British North America | 311,347 | 226,744 |
| West Indies | 100,285 | 117,054 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 132,533 | 195,634 |
| India | 142,938 | 134,974 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Haberdashery and Millinery *(con.)*— | | |
| Australia | 447,306 | 644,873 |
| Other countries | 563,722 | 482,702 |
| Total | 2,822,994 | 2,581,186 |
| Hardwares and Cutlery—Cutlery—(Knives, Forks, Scissors, Shears, &c.), and Surgical or Anatomical Instruments— | | |
| To Russia | 1,101 | 1,918 |
| Hanse Towns | 4,038 | 4,663 |
| Holland | 650 | 799 |
| France | 6,163 | 10,005 |
| Spain and Canaries | 1,410 | 1,726 |
| United States | 84,637 | 76,944 |
| Cuba | 669 | 978 |
| Brazil | 9,978 | 8,114 |
| Argentine Confederation | 1,103 | 1,520 |
| British North America | 10,924 | 6,082 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 5,411 | 6,182 |
| India | 18,840 | 22,738 |
| Australia | 20,308 | 29,281 |
| Other countries | 51,763 | 49,777 |
| Total | 216,995 | 220,727 |
| Manufactures of Steel, or of Steel and Iron combined (Anvils, Vices, Saws, Files, Edge-tools, Cranks, Slide-bars, &c.), and Tools or Implements of Industry other than Agricultural, not wholly composed of Iron or Steel—To Russia | 36,446 | 29,575 |
| Hanse Towns | 6,389 | 6,700 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Manufactures of Steel, &c. *(con.)*— | | |
| Holland | 13,641 | 10,232 |
| France | 57,423 | 79,242 |
| Spain and Canaries | 7,348 | 6,064 |
| United States | 62,229 | 46,440 |
| Cuba | 753 | 953 |
| Brazil | 485 | 802 |
| Argentine Confederation | 874 | 1,001 |
| British North America | 13,212 | 7,476 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 2,728 | 3,798 |
| India | 15,675 | 26,153 |
| Australia | 22,629 | 41,392 |
| Other countries | 47,995 | 56,187 |
| Total | 287,827 | 316,015 |
| Manufactures of German Silver, of Pewter, and Britannia Metal, of Papier Maché, Lamps, Chandeliers, and Candelebra, and Hardwares not specifically described. —To Russia | 30,248 | 26,610 |
| Hanse Towns | 142,680 | 247,892 |
| Holland | 55,317 | 41,362 |
| France | 54,452 | 57,020 |
| Spain and Canaries | 53,093 | 33,354 |
| United States | 205,092 | 115,455 |
| Cuba | 56,297 | 46,222 |
| Brazil | 66,273 | 117,745 |
| Argentine Confederation | 34,984 | 48,996 |
| British North America | 107,294 | 70,408 |
| Possessions in South Africa | 37,574 | 36,708 |
| India | 165,631 | 177,444 |
| Australia | 207,667 | 250,817 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Hardwares, &c.—Manufactures of German Silver, &c., (*con.*)—Other countries.. | 580,753 | 564,836 |
| Total | 1,797,355 | 1,834,869 |
| Total value of Hardwares and Cutlery... | 2,302,177 | 2,371,611 |
| Jute Manufactures, made up | 20,550 | 18,934 |
| Leather—Saddlery and Harness—To British Possessions in South Africa | 15,124 | 16,966 |
| India | 26,789 | 30,296 |
| Australia | 80,997 | 111,679 |
| Other countries | 52,199 | 51,690 |
| Total | 175,109 | 210,631 |
| Linens—Hosiery and other Goods | 43,078 | 42,734 |
| Total Value of Linen Manufactures | 4,735,513 | 4,775,619 |
| Machinery—Steam Engines—To Russia ... | 65,312 | 57,829 |
| France | 3,368 | 14,134 |
| Spain and Canaries | 41,428 | 58,446 |
| Egypt | 190,491 | 270,582 |
| Brazil | 17,948 | 13,796 |
| British India | 155.829 | 139,148 |
| Australia | 40,395 | 96,058 |
| Other countries | 366,843 | 480,598 |
| Total | 881,614 | 1,130,591 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Machinery (*con.*)—Other Sorts—To Russia | 133,821 | 115,754 |
| Hanse Towns | 130,109 | 154,229 |
| Holland | 109,507 | 120,646 |
| Belgium | 76,203 | 86,656 |
| France | 186,912 | 194,540 |
| Spain and Canaries | 85,006 | 48,863 |
| Egypt | 184,611 | 231,431 |
| British India | 167,960 | 217,548 |
| Australia | 50,783 | 71,512 |
| Other countries | 477,356 | 581,723 |
| Total | 1,602,268 | 1,822,902 |
| Painters' colours | 283,157 | 259,425 |
| Pickles and Sauces | 216,330 | 164,192 |
| Plate, Plated Ware, Jewellery, and Watches | 228,476 | 229,703 |
| Silk Manufactures—Other articles of Silk only—To Hanse Towns | 24,154 | 12,534 |
| France | 29,344 | 35,886 |
| United States | 72,377 | 65,203 |
| Other countries | 96,285 | 91,343 |
| Total | 222,160 | 204,966 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Silk Manufactures (*con.*) — Mixed with other Materials—To Hanse Towns... | 66,206 | 52,778 |
| France | 37,283 | 45,771 |
| United States | 31,788 | 17,014 |
| Other countries | 52,631 | 62,166 |
| Total | 187,908 | 177,729 |
| Total Value of Silk Manufactures | 886,656 | 777,127 |
| Stationery, other than Paper — To British India | 18,588 | 20,145 |
| Australia | 36,250 | 45,906 |
| Other countries | 131,496 | 156,141 |
| Total | 186,334 | 222,192 |
| Telegraphic wire and apparatus | 131,243 | 107,200 |
| Woollens—Hosiery other than Stockings ... | 127,568 | 80,846 |
| Small Wares | 124,590 | 42,943 |
| Total Value of Worsted and Woollen Manufactures | 11,013,743 | 9,953,550 |
| Total declared Value—Enumerated Articles | 88,212,024 | 84,116,129 |
| Unenumerated Articles | 4,229,926 | 4,125,919 |
| All Articles | 92,441,950 | 88,242,048 |

## REAL VALUE OF THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IMPORTED.

An Account of the Computed Real Value of the Principal Articles of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise Imported in the Six Months ended June 30, 1865, compared with the corresponding Period of 1864.

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Coffee, raw—From Ceylon | 1,081,163 | 1,023,562 |
| Other British Possessions | 103,571 | 219,994 |
| Brazil | 140,793 | 134,101 |
| Central America | 252 | 49,317 |
| Other countries | 59,284 | 119,088 |
| Total | 1,385,063 | 1,546,062 |
| Corn—Wheat—From Russia | 517,744 | 1,086,037 |
| Prussia | 1,217,187 | 1,113,353 |
| Denmark | 190,447 | 94,677 |
| Schleswig, Holstein, & Lauenburg | 70,207 | 54,484 |
| Mecklenburg | 165,306 | 126,730 |
| Hanse Towns | 152,373 | 104,299 |
| France | 213,715 | 199,328 |
| Turkey, Wallachia and Moldavia | 100,044 | 140,030 |
| Egypt | 153,317 | ... |
| United States | 1,858,730 | 95,119 |
| British North America | 65,112 | 9,224 |
| Other countries | 107,130 | 258,266 |
| Total | 4,811,312 | 3,281,547 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Corn (*con.*)—Barley | 811,553 | 1,233,715 |
| Oats | 578,173 | 1,031,323 |
| Peas | 146,026 | 86,342 |
| Beans | 172,751 | 171,844 |
| Indian corn or maize | 347,039 | 618,736 |
| Wheatmeal and flour—From Hanse Towns | 110,018 | 79,647 |
| France | 950,869 | 785,344 |
| United States | 661,061 | 63,781 |
| British North America | 61,566 | 7,847 |
| Other countries | 33,616 | 49,656 |
| Total | 1,817,130 | 986,275 |
| Cotton, raw—From United States | 1,245,954 | 534,213 |
| Bahamas and Bermudas | 2,038,809 | 1,320,109 |
| Mexico | 1,836,733 | 1,816,660 |
| Brazil | 2,362,974 | 1,750,714 |
| Turkey | 1,296,529 | 747,676 |
| Egypt | 8,952,379 | 6,193,841 |
| British India | 15,023,536 | 5,880,043 |
| China | 3,570,152 | 957,866 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Cotton (*con.*)—Other countries | 1,531,226 | 1,277,450 |
| Total | 37,858,292 | 20,478,572 |
| Cotton manufactures not made up | 438,078 | 363,896 |
| Cubic nitre (see Saltpetre) | | |
| Flax (dressed and undressed), and Tow or codilla of flax—From Russia | 1,407,361 | 457,726 |
| Holland | 470,649 | 408,421 |
| Belgium | 366,429 | 389,228 |
| Other countries | 330,291 | 84,259 |
| Total | 2,574,730 | 1,339,634 |
| Fruit—Currants | 83,848 | 145,466 |
| Raisins | 22,279 | 44,215 |
| Guano | 530,733 | 1,194,327 |
| Hemp (dressed and undressed) and Tow or codilla of hemp—From Russia | 182,571 | 48,371 |
| Austrian Italy | 294,122 | 145,390 |
| British India | 41,979 | 5,123 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Hemp (dressed and undressed) *(con.)*— | | |
| Philippine Islands | 130,783 | 149,177 |
| Other countries | 46,903 | 33,842 |
| Total | 626,358 | 381,903 |
| China grass, jute, and other vegetable substances of the nature of hemp | 1,514,728 | 363,490 |
| Hides, untanned—Dry—From British India | 195,017 | 189,603 |
| Other countries | 122,074 | 127,041 |
| Total | 317,091 | 316,644 |
| Wet—From Argentine Confederation and Uruguay | 219,172 | 103,600 |
| Brazil | 44,354 | 72,368 |
| Australia | 123,515 | 114,966 |
| Other countries | 105,271 | 152,607 |
| Total | 492,312 | 443,541 |
| Hides—Tanned, tawed, curried, or dressed (except Russia hides) | 169,681 | 205,883 |
| Indigo | 1,089,441 | 974,463 |
| Metals—Copper ore—From Spain | 11,433 | 17,460 |
| Cuba | 79,076 | 80,279 |
| Chili | 201,900 | 189,132 |
| Australia | 33,661 | 31,727 |
| Other countries | 172,817 | 191,907 |
| Total | 498,887 | 510,505 |
| Copper regulus—From Chili | 473,678 | 506,653 |
| Other countries | 67,363 | 44,462 |
| Total | 541,041 | 551,115 |
| Iron in bars, unwrought | 146,737 | 87,940 |
| Lead, pig and sheet | 297,149 | 246,460 |
| Spelter | 338,162 | 271,789 |
| Tin in blocks, ingots, bars, or slabs | 150,818 | 151,627 |
| Oil—Petroleum—From United States | 95,221 | 49,310 |
| British North America | ... | 292 |
| British India | 5,151 | 5,103 |
| Other countries | 19,845 | 23,665 |
| Total | 120,217 | 78,370 |
| Train, blubber, and spermaceti | 236,973 | 183,309 |
| Palm | 391,501 | 478,008 |
| Olive | 408,034 | 606,377 |
| Oil seed cakes | 268,099 | 307,900 |
| Paper for printing or writing | 165,005 | 175,932 |
| Other kinds (except paper hangings) | 49,725 | 61,721 |
| Provisions—Bacon | 1,340,846 | 941,563 |
| Butter | 2,086,936 | 2,453,603 |
| Cheese | 634,425 | 677,791 |
| Rags and other materials for paper making | 299,050 | 237,607 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Rice, not in the husk | 340,231 | 209,755 |
| Saltpetre | 306,254 | 74,975 |
| Cubic nitre | 272,659 | 276,490 |
| Seeds—Flax and linseed—From Russia, Northern ports | 253,174 | 81,967 |
| Russia, Southern ports | 218,026 | 364,453 |
| Prussia | ... | .. |
| British India | 1,033,376 | 848,457 |
| Other countries | 184,580 | 133,147 |
| Total | 1,689,156 | 1,428,024 |
| Silk, raw—From China | 348,286 | 111,559 |
| British India | 52,952 | 4,047 |
| Egypt (in transit from India, &c.) | 1,271,131 | 2,116,268 |
| Other countries | 822,971 | 1,082,200 |
| Total | 2,495,340 | 3,314,074 |
| Thrown—From France | 27,569 | 15,403 |
| China | ... | ... |
| Other countries | 5,887 | 8,164 |
| Total | 33,456 | 23,567 |
| Silk Manufactures of Europe—Broadstuffs—From Belgium | 154,841 | 216,412 |
| France | 2,017,946 | 1,909,669 |
| Other countries | 10,054 | 27,997 |
| Total | 2,182,841 | 2,154,078 |
| Ribbons—Silk or satin—From Belgium | ... | ... |
| France | 559,575 | 757,810 |
| Other countries | 39,811 | 82,951 |
| Total | 599,386 | 840,761 |
| Gauze and Crape | 1,853 | 969 |
| Velvet or Plush—From Belgium | 136,555 | 158,067 |
| Other countries | 12,761 | 12,916 |
| Total | 149,316 | 170,983 |
| Plush for making Hats | 63,871 | 60,872 |
| Spirits—Rum | 259,257 | 278,265 |
| Brandy | 1,036,942 | 447,960 |
| Sugar, unrefined—First quality (equal to white clayed) | 137,483 | 40,736 |
| Second quality (not equal to white, but equal to brown clayed)—From Brit. W. Indies & Guiana | 828,422 | 522,628 |
| British India | 62,805 | 44,792 |
| Mauritius | 701,440 | 497,807 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 917,194 | 561,486 |
| Brazil | 52,198 | 7,316 |
| Java and Philippine Islands | 2 | 2,214 |
| Other countries | 114,929 | 96,350 |
| Total | 2,676,990 | 1,732,593 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Third quality, (not equal to brown clayed) as entered previously to April 16, 1864—From British West Indies and Guiana | 495,993 | ... |
| British India | 56,282 | ... |
| Mauritius | 131,941 | ... |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 87,292 | ... |
| Brazil | 427,867 | ... |
| Java and Philippine Islands | 41,205 | ... |
| Other countries | 128,525 | ... |
| Total | 1,369,105 | ... |
| Third quality (not equal to brown clayed, but equal to brown muscovado) as entered subsequently to April 16, 1864—From British West Indies and Guiana | 765,880 | 884,992 |
| British India | 6,244 | 42,264 |
| Mauritius | 21,764 | 67,280 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 382,782 | 320,655 |
| Brazil | 258,309 | 233,182 |
| Java and Philippine Islands | 20,231 | 88,884 |
| Other countries | 146,302 | 96,146 |
| Total | 1,6[illegible],512 | 1,733,403 |
| Fourth quality (not equal to brown muscovado) as entered subsequently to April 16, 1864—From British West Indies and Guiana | 164,134 | 267,750 |
| British India | 43,788 | 108,038 |
| Mauritius | 30,571 | 26,595 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 33,902 | 64,295 |
| Brazil | 105,111 | 181,020 |
| Java and Philippine Islands | 44,297 | 324,220 |
| Other countries | 20,047 | 22,000 |
| Total | 441,850 | 993,918 |
| Total of sugar, unrefined | 6,226,940 | 4,500,650 |
| Sugar, refined, and sugar candy | 808,428 | 465,704 |
| Molasses—From British West Indies and Guiana | 49,266 | 34,998 |
| Cuba and Porto Rico | 135,395 | 76,283 |
| Other countries | 24,163 | 3,108 |
| Total | 208,824 | 114,389 |
| Tallow—From Russia | 52,307 | 59,886 |
| Prussia and Denmark | ... | ... |
| Australia | 47,821 | 71,939 |
| South America | 113,650 | 195,869 |
| Other countries | 282,727 | 188,807 |
| Total | 496,505 | 516,501 |
| Tea | 4,937,661 | 4,745,783 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Timber & Wood—Deals, battens, boards, or other timber or wood, sawn or split—From Russia | 113,631 | 78,834 |
| Sweden and Norway | 672,790 | 552,917 |
| British North America | 511,879 | 369,712 |
| Other countries | 87,963 | 111,906 |
| Total | 1,386,263 | 1,113,369 |
| Timber or wood, not sawn or split, or otherwise dressed, except hewn, and not otherwise charged with duty—From Sweden and Norway | 261,897 | 208,148 |
| Prussia | 289,119 | 528,102 |
| British North America | 408,086 | 285,570 |
| Other countries | 151,959 | 229,129 |
| Total | 1,111,061 | 1,250,949 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Tobacco—Stemmed | 71,051 | 99,527 |
| Unstemmed | 640,659 | 724,269 |
| Manufactured, and cigars | 360,469 | 295,706 |
| Wine—From British Poss. in South Africa | 1,759 | 5,073 |
| From other British Possessions | 2,597 | 5,372 |
| Foreign—From Hamburg | 13,004 | 15,859 |
| Holland | 99,060 | 103,468 |
| France | 403,162 | 388,542 |
| Portugal | 466,933 | 515,395 |
| Madeira | 8,469 | 6,248 |
| Spain | 1,764,041 | 761,953 |
| Canaries | 1,459 | 1,031 |
| Italy—Naples and Sicily | 27,742 | 33,152 |
| Other countries | 11,842 | 14,503 |
| Total of wine | 2,800,068 | 1,880,596 |

| Articles. | 1864 | 1865 |
|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ |
| Red | 701,304 | 758,511 |
| White | 2,098,764 | 1,122,085 |
| Wool, Sheep and Lambs'—From Hanse Towns and other parts of Europe | 866,800 | 599,481 |
| British Possessions in South Africa | 551,319 | 670,886 |
| British East Indies | 217,379 | 251,255 |
| Australia | 3,329,230 | 4,376,740 |
| Other countries | 395,500 | 376,019 |
| Total | 5,360,228 | 6,274,381 |
| Wool, alpaca and the llama tribe | 129,742 | 137,207 |
| Woollen rags, torn up to be used as wool | 241,264 | 209,392 |
| Woollen manufactures not made up | 640,408 | 670,151 |
| Total real value of enumerated articles | 98,610,176 | 75,508,842 |

An Account of the Computed Real Value of the Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver Bullion and Specie Registered in the Seven Months ended July 31, 1865, compared with the corresponding Period of 1864.

| Countries. | Gold. Imports. 1864 | Gold. Imports. 1865 | Gold. Exports. 1864 | Gold. Exports. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Russia | 17,078 | 9,906 | ... | ... |
| Hanse Towns | 195,375 | 7,415 | 35,848 | 42,998 |
| Holland | 2,174 | 3,782 | 2,999 | 999 |
| Belgium | 3,213 | 101,977 | 30,353 | 185,350 |
| France | 112,696 | 277,072 | 4,821,971 | 2,207,072 |
| Portugal, Azores, & Madeira | 18,184 | 538,307 | 1,144 | 80,943 |
| Spain and Canaries | 9,504 | 20,192 | 1,250,491 | 891,802 |
| Gibraltar | 5,797 | 22,537 | 2,511 | ... |
| Malta | 292 | 2,612 | 97,305 | ... |
| Turkey | 128 | 1,468 | 144 | 303 |
| Egypt | 32,902 | 274,350 | 1,441,805 | 201,127 |
| Mauritius | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| West Coast of Africa | 57,530 | 59,489 | 28,291 | 35,270 |
| British Poss. in South Africa | 2,552 | 47,601 | 111,081 | .. |
| China | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia | 1,913,265 | 1,411,761 | 12 | 14,524 |
| British Columbia | 11,946 | ... | ... | ... |
| Brit. N. American Provinces | 71,921 | 101,204 | 76,984 | 54,556 |
| Mexico, South America (except Brazil), and W. Indies | 3,014,540 | 1,672,536 | 137,846 | 173,537 |
| Brazil | 22,042 | 191,611 | 891,413 | 362,878 |
| United States | 4,760,240 | 2,976,189 | 180,727 | 18,199 |
| Danish West Indies | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Other countries | 45,696 | 76,950 | 973 | 10,654 |
| Total of Gold | 10297075 | 7.796,959 | 9,111,893 | 4.280,212 |

| Countries. | Silver. Imports. 1864 | Silver. Imports. 1865 | Silver. Exports. 1864 | Silver. Exports. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Russia | 596 | 25 | ... | ... |
| Hanse Towns | 214,244 | 5,612 | 104,780 | 468,352 |
| Holland | 132,702 | 2,161 | 207,753 | 1,056,980 |
| Belgium | 804,209 | 27,263 | 175,478 | 300,493 |
| France | 776,215 | 452,581 | 1,126,539 | 377,433 |
| Portugal, Azores, & Madeira | 38,373 | 17,368 | 75 | ... |
| Spain and Canaries | 4,219 | 1,363 | 26,451 | 56 |
| Gibraltar | 12,581 | 21,071 | ... | ... |
| Malta | ... | ... | 13,177 | ... |
| Turkey | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Egypt | 633 | ... | 3,729,219 | 1,180,739 |
| Mauritius | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| West Coast of Africa | 9,689 | 13,582 | 23,380 | 6,829 |
| British Poss. in South Africa | 2,158 | 3,217 | ... | ... |
| China | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia | 162 | ... | 8,373 | 20,535 |
| British Columbia | 107 | ... | ... | ... |
| Brit. N. American Provinces | 8,627 | 9,548 | ... | 5,822 |
| Mexico, South America (except Brazil), and W. Indies | 3,926,419 | 3,074,693 | 34,058 | 5,915 |
| Brazil | 37,451 | 46,116 | 97,139 | 62,378 |
| United States | 88,815 | 56,225 | 4,631 | 51 |
| Danish West Indies | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Other countries | 17,403 | 24,161 | 118,912 | 4,043 |
| Total of Silver | 6,074,603 | 3,754,986 | 5,669,965 | 3,489,626 |

| Countries. | Total of Gold and Silver. Imports. 1864 | Total of Gold and Silver. Imports. 1865 | Total of Gold and Silver. Exports. 1864 | Total of Gold and Silver. Exports. 1865 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Russia | 17,674 | 9,931 | ... | ... |
| Hanse Towns | 409,619 | 13,027 | 140,628 | 511,350 |
| Holland | 134,876 | 5,943 | 210,752 | 1,057,979 |
| Belgium | 807,422 | 129,240 | 205,831 | 485,843 |
| France | 888,911 | 729,653 | 5,948,510 | 2,584,505 |
| Portugal, Azores, & Madeira | 56,557 | 555,675 | 1,219 | 80,943 |
| Spain and Canaries | 13,723 | 21,555 | 1,276,942 | 891,858 |
| Gibraltar | 18,378 | 43,608 | 2,511 | ... |
| Malta | 292 | 2,612 | 110,482 | ... |
| Turkey | 128 | 1,468 | 144 | 303 |
| Egypt | 33,535 | 274,350 | 5,171,019 | 1,381,866 |
| Mauritius | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| West Coast of Africa | 67,219 | 73,071 | 51,671 | 42,099 |
| British Poss. in South Africa | 4,710 | 50,818 | 111,081 | ... |
| China | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Australia | 1,913,427 | 1,411,761 | 8,385 | 35,059 |
| British Columbia | 12,053 | ... | ... | ... |
| Brit. N. American Provinces | 80,548 | 110,752 | 76,984 | 60,378 |
| Mexico, South America (except Brazil), and W. Indies | 6,940,959 | 4,747,229 | 171,904 | 179,452 |
| Brazil | 59,493 | 237,727 | 988,552 | 425,256 |
| United States | 4,849,055 | 3,032,414 | 185,358 | 18,250 |
| Danish West Indies | ... | .. | ... | ... |
| Other countries | 63,099 | 101,111 | 119,885 | 14,697 |
| Total of Gold and Silver | 16371678 | 11551945 | 14781858 | 7,769,838 |

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